

Converting Colors

XYZ(15.1795, 16.4277, 17.6619)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(15.1795, 16.4277, 17.6619)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(15.1263, 16.3926,
17.6961)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C7270
RGB	108, 114, 112
RGB Percent	42%, 45%, 44%
CMY	0.5765, 0.5529, 0.5608
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.02, 0.55
HSL	160°, 3%, 44%
HSV	160°, 5%, 45%
XYZ	15.1263, 16.3926, 17.6961
YIQ	111.9780, -2.9340, -1.8940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

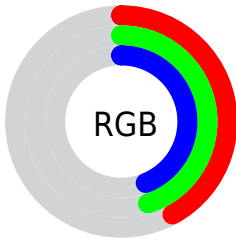
Format	Color
R_{YB}	108, 112, 114
Decimal	7107184
CIE _{Lab}	47.49, -2.69, 0.31
CIE _{LCh}	47, 2.705, 173.355
Yxy	16.3926, 0.3074, 0.3331
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285297264 (0xFF6C7270)
YUV	111.9780, 0.0108, -3.4887
Hunter-Lab	40.4878, -4.1657, 2.4274

Details

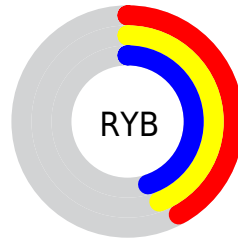
The XYZ color **15.1263, 16.3926, 17.6961** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **15.1171, 15.4288, 16.9339**, and the grayscale version is **15.3956, 16.1974, 17.6389**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.6351, 37.3237, 40.5007**, and **4.7981, 5.2587, 5.6126** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.6223, 15.6417, 16.5440**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.8215, 17.2420, 18.9045**.

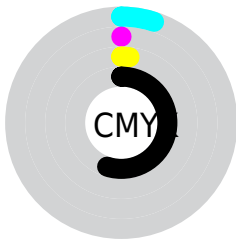
Distribution



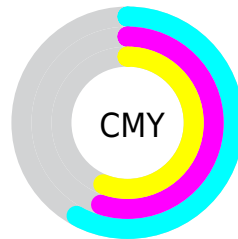
- Red (42%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.1263, 16.3926, 17.6961 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.1263, 16.3926, 17.6961 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.1263, 16.3926,
17.6961

■ 15.1263, 16.3926,
17.6961

217.5027,
231.6474, 251.3308

■ 8.9950, 9.8024,
10.5648

■ 34.6444, 37.2784,
40.3257

■ 4.7950, 5.2681,
5.6646

■ 48.7619, 52.3429,
56.6612

■ 2.1610, 2.4054,
2.5767

■ 66.2722, 71.0008,
76.9018

■ 0.7221, 0.8287,
0.8804

■ 87.5406, 93.6367,
101.4660

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

112.9325,
120.6349, 130.7725

142.8133,

152.3798, 165.2398

177.5482,
189.2558, 205.2864

■ 15.1263, 16.3926,
17.6961

■ 15.1263, 16.3926,
17.6961

■ 13.6223, 15.6417,
16.5440

■ 16.8215, 17.2420,
18.9045

■ 12.3010, 14.9835,
15.4463

■ 18.7132, 18.1912,
20.1690

■ 11.1554, 14.4148,
14.4023

■ 20.8084, 19.2442,
21.4908

■ 10.1774, 13.9315,
13.4110

■ 23.1129, 20.4041,
22.8708

■ 9.3581, 13.5291,
12.4716

■ 25.6327, 21.6738,
24.3096

■ 8.6882, 13.2028,
11.5829

■ 28.3734, 23.0564,
25.8082

■ 8.1570, 12.9469,
10.7438

■ 31.3404, 24.5545,
27.3673

■ 7.7523, 12.7554,
9.9530

■ 34.5388, 26.1708,
28.9877

■ 7.4525, 12.6170,
9.2090

■ 37.9737, 27.9078,
30.6700

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.2129, 16.3926, 17.0707



15.1263, 16.3926, 17.6961



15.1604, 16.3926, 18.3784

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.1263, 16.3926, 17.6961



15.7645, 16.3926, 19.0912



15.8580, 16.3926, 16.8081

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.1263, 16.3926, 17.6961



15.1171, 15.4288, 16.9339

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.0087, 16.3926, 17.3294



15.1263, 16.3926, 17.6961



15.9543, 16.3926, 18.6501

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.1263, 16.3926, 17.6961



15.5273, 16.3926, 19.1954



16.0441, 16.3926, 18.0023



15.6342, 16.3926, 16.5666

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.1263, 16.3926, 17.6961



15.2472, 16.3926, 18.7725



16.0441, 16.3926, 18.0023



15.9190, 16.3926, 16.9558

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.1268, 16.3933, 17.6965



27.5007, 29.2668, 31.7678



15.1675, 16.4395, 16.5614



6.3710, 6.7739, 7.3547



55.7959, 58.7016, 63.9261



6.5000, 6.8385, 7.4471

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.1268, 16.3933, 17.6965



26.3323, 28.6821, 30.9123



15.1384, 16.2363, 18.2564



3.5287, 3.8465, 4.1446



8.1419, 13.9743, 9.8337



40.1459, 69.4470, 46.8153

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.1171, 15.4288, 16.9339



26.3125, 26.7119, 29.3547



15.1047, 15.5766, 16.3981



3.5260, 3.5766, 3.9312



8.1075, 4.1354, 2.3760



40.0234, 20.4547, 9.9211

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.1263, 16.3926, 17.6961 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

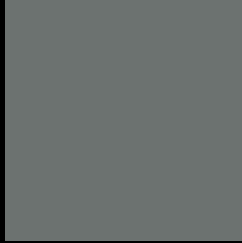
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.1263, 16.3926, 17.6961 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

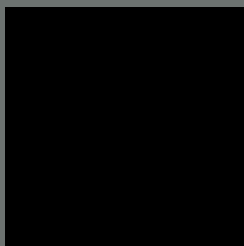
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

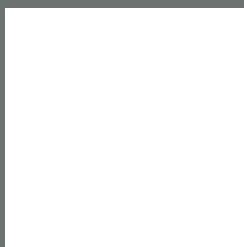
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.1263, 16.3926, 17.6961

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.1263, 16.3926, 17.6961.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.1263, 16.3926,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.1263, 16.3926, 17.6961

Protanopia

15.7336, 16.3809, 17.3715

Deuteranopia

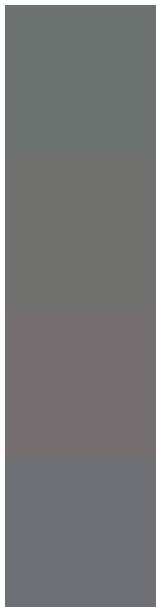
16.6177, 16.3405, 17.9010



Tritanopia

15.7867, 16.5057, 20.4430

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.1263, 16.3926, 17.6961

Protanomaly

15.4565, 16.4027, 17.3903

Deuteranomaly

16.1363, 16.4127, 17.9403

Tritanomaly

15.4818, 16.3695, 19.4832

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.1263, 16.3926, 17.6961

Achromatopsia

15.4009, 16.2029, 17.6450

Achromatomaly

15.3853, 16.3596, 17.6761

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.1263, 16.3926, 17.6961 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(108, 114, 112) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 114, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 114, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 114, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.1263, 16.3926, 17.6961 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 114, 112) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 114, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 114, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 114, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 114, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 114,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.1263, 16.3926, 17.6961 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 114, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
114, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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