

Converting Colors

XYZ(15.1874, 7.3795, 21.0357)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(15.1874, 7.3795, 21.0357)
contains.

XYZ(15.2240, 7.3982, 21.0477)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(15.2240, 7.3982,
21.0477)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F0080
RGB	143, 0, 128
RGB Percent	56%, 0%, 50%
CMY	0.4392, 0.9999, 0.4980
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.10, 0.44
HSL	306°, 100%, 28%
HSV	306°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	15.2240, 7.3982, 21.0477
YIQ	57.3490, 44.1400, 70.1240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

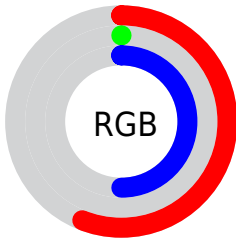
Format	Color
R_{YB}	143, 0, 128
Decimal	9371776
CIE _{Lab}	32.70, 61.64, -31.68
CIE _{LCh}	33, 69.305, 332.798
Yxy	7.3982, 0.3486, 0.1694
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287561856 (0xFF8F0080)
YUV	57.3490, 34.8309, 75.1159
Hunter-Lab	27.1996, 52.3095, -26.8402

Details

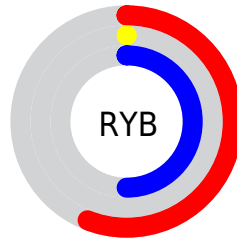
The XYZ color **15.2240, 7.3982, 21.0477** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993399**. A complement of this color would be **9.9091, 19.6798, 3.7289**, and the grayscale version is **3.8876, 4.0901, 4.4541**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.7443, 20.7844, 45.8966**, and **5.3996, 2.6248, 7.4298** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.2240, 7.3982, 21.0472**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.4849, 7.7607, 21.6255**.

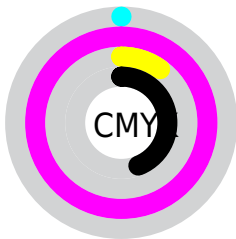
Distribution



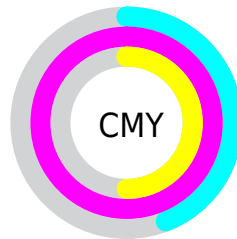
- Red (56%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.2240, 7.3982, 21.0477 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.2240, 7.3982, 21.0477 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.2240, 7.3982,
21.0477

■ 15.2240, 7.3982,
21.0477

218.0796,
170.9326, 270.3213

■ 9.0641, 3.7124,
12.9673

■ 34.8141, 20.7699,
46.0487

■ 4.8405, 1.5140,
7.2756

■ 48.9750, 31.2246,
63.8064

■ 2.1877, 0.2985,
3.5540

■ 66.5336, 44.7043,
85.6270

■ 0.7363, 0.0000,
1.3840

■ 87.8553, 61.5935,
111.9289

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.1292

■ 113.3054, 82.2765,
143.1307

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 143.2492,

107.1378, 179.6511

 178.0522,
136.5617, 221.9084


 15.2240, 7.3982,
21.0477


 15.2240, 7.3982,
21.0477


 15.2240, 7.3982,
21.0472

 15.4849, 7.7607,
21.6255

 15.8546, 8.3384,
22.2468

 16.3879, 9.2411,
22.9299

 17.1048, 10.5087,
23.6815

 18.0226, 12.1756,
24.5074

■ 19.1564, 14.2722,
25.4126

■ 20.5200, 16.8260,
26.4019

■ 22.1260, 19.8620,
27.4793

■ 23.9860, 23.4037,
28.6488

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.5198, 7.3982, 39.1489



15.2240, 7.3982, 21.0477



16.5353, 7.3982, 7.1202

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.2240, 7.3982, 21.0477



6.6972, 7.3982, 0.0000



2.6515, 7.3982, 24.4125

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.2240, 7.3982, 21.0477



9.9091, 19.6798, 3.7289

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.1169, 7.3982, 9.0690



15.2240, 7.3982, 21.0477



3.8934, 7.3982, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.2240, 7.3982, 21.0477



10.7205, 7.3982, 0.0000



2.4780, 7.3982, 1.9447



4.3042, 7.3982, 42.0101

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.2240, 7.3982, 21.0477



15.6057, 7.3982, 2.5345



2.4780, 7.3982, 1.9447



2.3668, 7.3982, 18.5209

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.2243, 7.3986, 21.0478



36.5774, 29.8116, 47.1622



5.1442, 2.0794, 26.1171



8.1673, 6.4220, 10.6585



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.2243, 7.3986, 21.0478



27.2262, 13.2339, 37.4953



12.0717, 6.1376, 4.4468



5.6022, 5.5014, 6.6693



13.4653, 6.5431, 18.6333



0.1333, 0.0644, 0.2020

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.2243, 7.3986, 21.0478



27.2262, 13.2339, 37.4953



11.4947, 20.3140, 12.0785



5.6022, 5.5014, 6.6693



13.4653, 6.5431, 18.6333



0.1333, 0.0644, 0.2020

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.2240, 7.3982, 21.0477 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

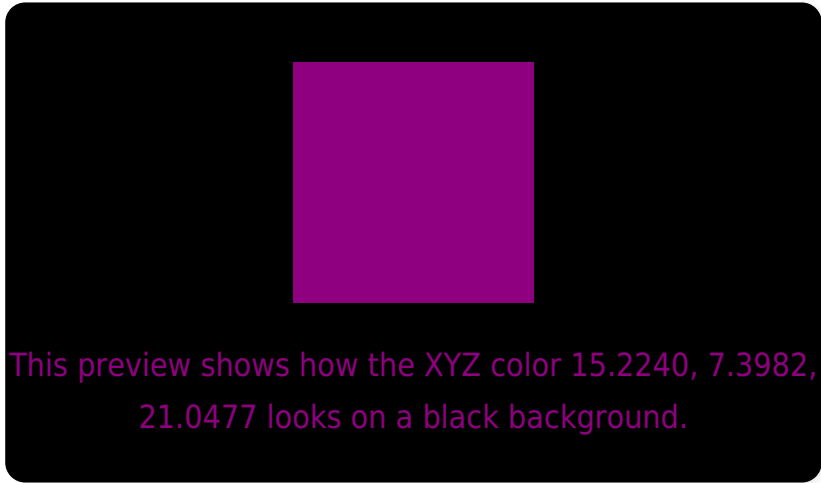
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

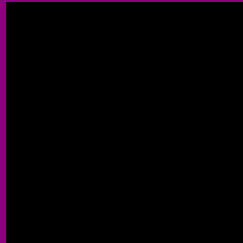
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.2240, 7.3982, 21.0477

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.2240, 7.3982, 21.0477.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.2240, 7.3982,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.2240, 7.3982, 21.0477

Protanopia

9.3547, 7.9881, 36.1708

Deuteranopia

8.1833, 8.0855, 18.8986



Tritanopia

11.9365, 7.7725, 4.2393

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.2240, 7.3982, 21.0477

Protanomaly

8.1004, 5.1611, 29.8474

Deuteranomaly

9.0734, 6.0219, 19.4230

Tritanomaly

12.6119, 7.1012, 8.2954

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.2240, 7.3982, 21.0477

Achromatopsia

3.8890, 4.0915, 4.4557

Achromatomaly

6.2167, 3.9610, 8.6205

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.2240, 7.3982, 21.0477 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 0, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 0, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 0, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 0, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.2240, 7.3982, 21.0477 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 0, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 0, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 0, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 0, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 0, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 0,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.2240, 7.3982, 21.0477 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 0, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143, 0,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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