

Converting Colors

XYZ(15.2176, 7.0525, 36.5155)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(15.2176, 7.0525, 36.5155)
contains.

XYZ(15.1951, 7.0383, 36.6340)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(15.1951, 7.0383,
36.6340)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7C00A6
RGB	124, 0, 166
RGB Percent	49%, 0%, 65%
CMY	0.5137, 1.0000, 0.3490
CMYK	0.25, 1.00, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	285°, 100%, 33%
HSV	285°, 100%, 65%
XYZ	15.1951, 7.0383, 36.6340
YIQ	56.0000, 20.6180, 77.9140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

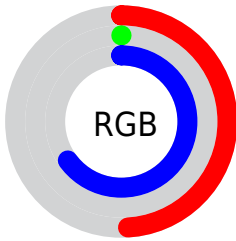
Format	Color
R_{YB}	124, 0, 166
Decimal	8126630
CIE _{Lab}	31.89, 64.93, -56.53
CIE _{LCh}	32, 86.088, 318.957
Yxy	7.0383, 0.2581, 0.1196
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286316710 (0xFF7C00A6)
YUV	56.0000, 54.2300, 59.6360
Hunter-Lab	26.5298, 55.8098, -63.3005

Details

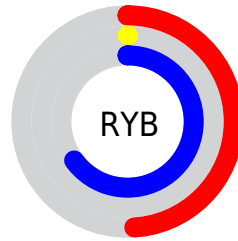
The XYZ color **15.1951, 7.0383, 36.6340** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660099**. A complement of this color would be **14.5914, 27.7649, 4.5903**, and the grayscale version is **3.6903, 3.8825, 4.2280**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.6897, 19.9952, 71.1384**, and **5.3645, 2.4212, 15.8074** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.1951, 7.0383, 36.6341**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.0098, 7.7469, 36.7280**.

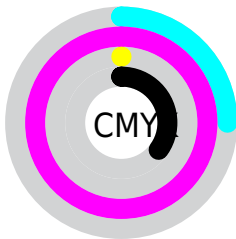
Distribution



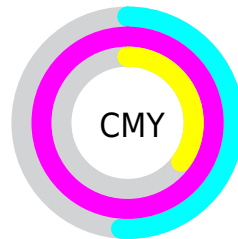
- Red (49%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.1951, 7.0383, 36.6340 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.1951, 7.0383, 36.6340 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.1951, 7.0383,
36.6340

■ 15.1951, 7.0383,
36.6340

217.9091,
167.9816, 346.8441

■ 9.0436, 3.4861,
24.6307

■ 34.7639, 20.0502,
71.1895

■ 4.8270, 1.3905,
15.5856

■ 48.9120, 30.2787,
94.5788

■ 2.1798, 0.2097,
9.0802

■ 66.4563, 43.5014,
122.6005

■ 0.7321, 0.0000,
4.6960

■ 87.7623, 60.1026,
155.6732

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.0144

■ 113.1952, 80.4669,
194.2153


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.5641


■ 143.1204,


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,


104.9785, 238.6455

0.0000


 177.9032,
134.0220, 289.3822


 15.1951, 7.0383,
36.6340


 15.1951, 7.0383,
36.6340


 15.1951, 7.0383,
36.6341

 16.0098, 7.7469,
36.7280

 17.0113, 8.7904,
36.8766

 18.2667, 10.3027,
37.1023

 19.8059, 12.3428,
37.4150

 21.6542, 14.9607,
37.8229

■ 23.8339, 18.2010,
38.3334

■ 26.3652, 22.1033,
38.9533

■ 29.2665, 26.7044,
39.6884

■ 32.5551, 32.0379,
40.5446

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.7933, 7.0383, 60.0285



15.1951, 7.0383, 36.6340



18.7244, 7.0383, 13.2326

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.1951, 7.0383, 36.6340



8.4243, 7.0383, 0.0000



1.4858, 7.0383, 18.3843

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.1951, 7.0383, 36.6340



14.5914, 27.7649, 4.5903

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1.3789, 7.0383, 3.9282



15.1951, 7.0383, 36.6340



4.3227, 7.0383, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.1951, 7.0383, 36.6340



13.8272, 7.0383, 0.0000



2.1548, 7.0383, 0.0000



2.5617, 7.0383, 43.6801

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.1951, 7.0383, 36.6340



18.8297, 7.0383, 4.5049



2.1548, 7.0383, 0.0000



1.3605, 7.0383, 12.0335

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.1955, 7.0386, 36.6342



47.5746, 39.6845, 70.6277



7.7939, 4.5749, 36.5487



10.2149, 8.2107, 15.6986



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.1955, 7.0386, 36.6342



27.3738, 12.6686, 66.4778



19.5743, 9.6465, 21.0008



7.6538, 7.5697, 9.4760



11.8276, 5.4808, 28.4100



0.3308, 0.1555, 0.6932

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.1440, 8.2744, 2.9373



29.2268, 14.9877, 4.9469



13.9982, 27.4173, 6.4511



7.6061, 7.5723, 8.2429



12.5352, 6.4228, 2.3641



0.3250, 0.1643, 0.1628

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.1951, 7.0383, 36.6340 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

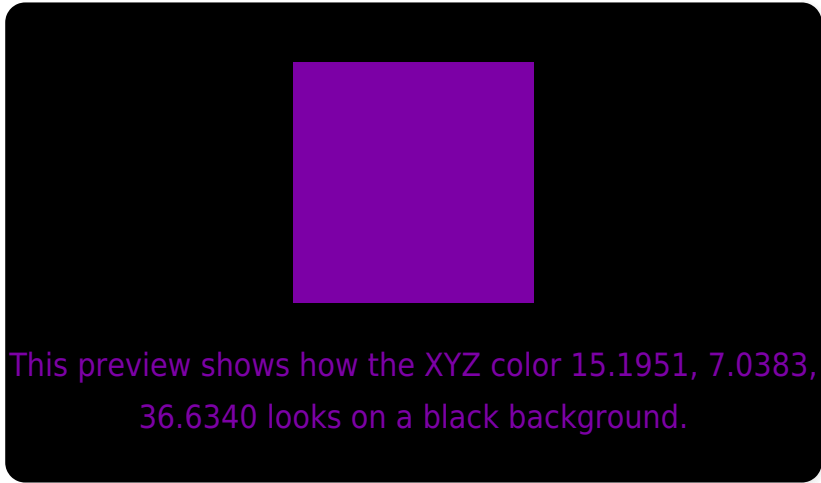
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

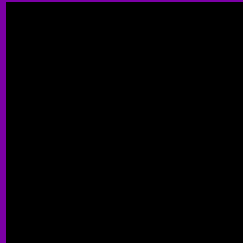
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.1951, 7.0383, 36.6340

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.1951, 7.0383, 36.6340.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.1951, 7.0383, 36.6340.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.1951, 7.0383, 36.6340

Protanopia

8.6876, 7.5008, 33.3377

Deuteranopia

7.4561, 7.5723, 25.1134



Tritanopia

9.3025, 7.4740, 6.7467

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.1951, 7.0383, 36.6340

Protanomaly

8.5722, 5.2450, 34.2788

Deuteranomaly

7.6113, 5.0637, 28.5932

Tritanomaly

10.2822, 6.1832, 14.0161

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.1951, 7.0383, 36.6340

Achromatopsia

3.7589, 3.9546, 4.3066

Achromatomaly

6.1355, 3.8556, 11.4872

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.1951, 7.0383, 36.6340 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 0, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 0, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 0, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 0, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.1951, 7.0383, 36.6340 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 0, 166) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 0, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 0, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 0, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 0, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 0,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.1951, 7.0383, 36.6340 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 0, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124, 0,  
166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor