

# Converting Colors

XYZ(15.2282, 7.8408, 1.1454)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(15.2282, 7.8408, 1.1454)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(15.1905, 7.8210,  
1.1609)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A3000F
RGB	163, 0, 15
RGB Percent	64%, 0%, 6%
CMY	0.3608, 0.9999, 0.9412
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.91, 0.36
HSL	354°, 100%, 32%
HSV	354°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	15.1905, 7.8210, 1.1609
YIQ	50.4470, 92.3330, 39.2210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

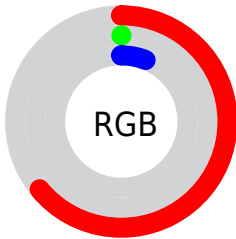
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	163, 0, 15
Decimal	10682383
CIELab	33.61, 57.52, 41.51
CIELCh	34, 70.931, 35.819
Yxy	7.8210, 0.6284, 0.3236
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288872463 (0xFFA3000F)
YUV	50.4470, -17.4754, 98.7090
Hunter-Lab	27.9661, 48.0164, 17.1150

# Details

The XYZ color **15.1905, 7.8210, 1.1609** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **18.4446, 28.3333, 32.5236**, and the grayscale version is **3.0962, 3.2575, 3.5474**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.6957, 21.5271, 6.6015**, and **5.3668, 2.7667, 0.2512** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.1902, 7.8209, 1.1601**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.5261, 8.2595, 1.9910**.

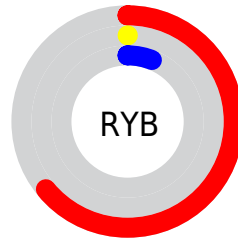
# Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (0%)

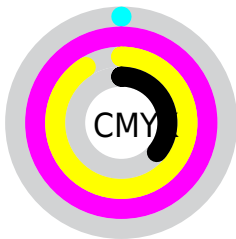
Blue (6%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (6%)

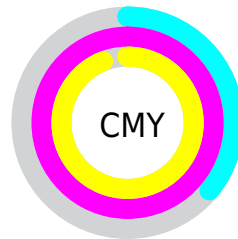


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (91%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (100%)


Yellow (94%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.1905, 7.8210, 1.1609 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.1905, 7.8210, 1.1609 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 15.1905, 7.8210,  
1.1609


 15.1905, 7.8210,  
1.1609


 217.8820,  
174.3212, 107.5679


 9.0404, 3.9806,  
0.0000


 34.7559, 21.6068,  
6.5843


 4.8249, 1.6627,  
0.0000

 48.9020, 32.3210,  
11.9452


 2.1786, 0.3993,  
0.0000

 66.4440, 46.0952,  
19.6304

 0.7314, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 87.7475, 63.3139,  
30.0582


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 113.1776, 84.3615,  
43.6474


 143.0998,


109.6223, 60.8164


 177.8795,  
139.4807, 81.9837


 15.1905, 7.8210,  
1.1609


 15.1905, 7.8210,  
1.1609


 15.1902, 7.8209,  
1.1601

 15.5261, 8.2595,  
1.9910

 16.1037, 9.0399,  
3.3390

 16.9993, 10.2968,  
5.2847

 18.2504, 12.0901,  
7.8872

 19.8893, 14.4710,  
11.1985

■ 21.9446, 17.4846,  
15.2652

■ 24.4422, 21.1718,  
20.1301

■ 27.4058, 25.5698,  
25.8328

■ 30.8577, 30.7132,  
32.4100

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.4893, 7.8210, 6.5433



15.1905, 7.8210, 1.1609



10.8943, 7.8210, 0.0000

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.1905, 7.8210, 1.1609



2.5212, 7.8210, 2.4515



8.2092, 7.8210, 51.7655

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.1905, 7.8210, 1.1609



18.4446, 28.3333, 32.5236

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.7964, 7.8210, 46.1531



15.1905, 7.8210, 1.1609



2.2356, 7.8210, 10.8494

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.1905, 7.8210, 1.1609



3.8904, 7.8210, 0.0299



2.9039, 7.8210, 27.9059



12.6579, 7.8210, 39.8378



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.1905, 7.8210, 1.1609



7.9861, 7.8210, 0.0000



2.9039, 7.8210, 27.9059



6.9072, 7.8210, 51.9415

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.1907, 7.8215, 1.1610



43.4967, 37.5063, 35.5142



18.5903, 8.8204, 35.3728



9.3482, 7.8014, 7.1589



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.1907, 7.8215, 1.1610



27.1720, 13.9937, 1.9053



17.0069, 11.5918, 1.3418



7.0990, 7.0960, 7.5077



11.8138, 6.0816, 0.9441



0.2556, 0.1308, 0.0589



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.1907, 7.8215, 1.1610



27.1720, 13.9937, 1.9053



10.9610, 11.3442, 36.2621



7.0990, 7.0960, 7.5077



11.8138, 6.0816, 0.9441



0.2556, 0.1308, 0.0589



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.1905, 7.8210, 1.1609 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

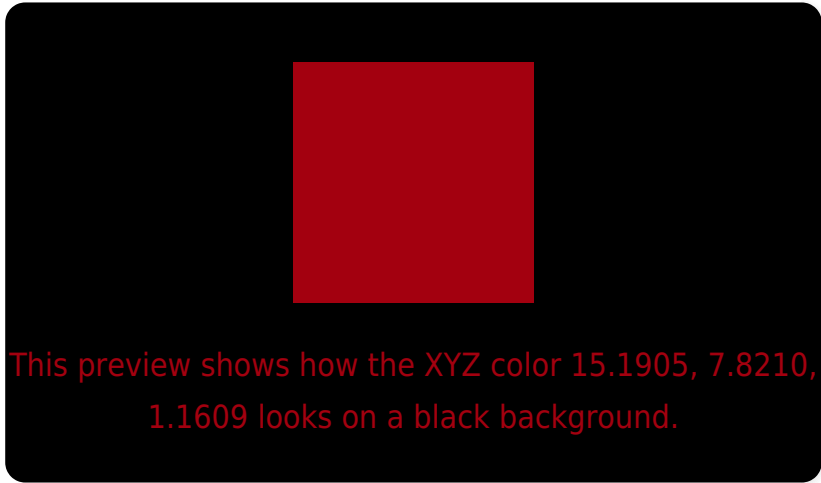
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 15.1905, 7.8210, 1.1609**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.1905, 7.8210, 1.1609.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.1905, 7.8210,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.1905, 7.8210, 1.1609

### Protanopia

7.6527, 8.3986, 2.3801

### Deuteranopia

8.4333, 8.3918, 1.1753



## Tritanopia

15.0711, 8.0230, 0.7543

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.1905, 7.8210, 1.1609

## Protanomaly

8.8641, 6.3735, 1.6272

## Deuteranomaly

9.6254, 6.6521, 0.9203

## Tritanomaly

15.0362, 7.9094, 0.8778

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.1905, 7.8210, 1.1609

## Achromatopsia

3.0317, 3.1896, 3.4735

## Achromatomaly

5.1648, 3.3907, 2.1325

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.1905, 7.8210, 1.1609 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 0, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(163, 0, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 0, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 0, 15) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.1905, 7.8210, 1.1609 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 0, 15) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 0, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 0, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 0, 15); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 0, 15);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 0, 15)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.1905, 7.8210, 1.1609 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 0, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163, 0,  
15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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