

Converting Colors

XYZ(15.3910, 9.7732, 48.0897)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(15.3910, 9.7732, 48.0897)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(15.4321, 9.8114,
48.0941)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D42BB
RGB	93, 66, 187
RGB Percent	36%, 26%, 73%
CMY	0.6353, 0.7412, 0.2667
CMYK	0.50, 0.65, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	253°, 48%, 50%
HSV	253°, 65%, 73%
XYZ	15.4321, 9.8114, 48.0941
YIQ	87.8670, -22.7490, 43.3550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

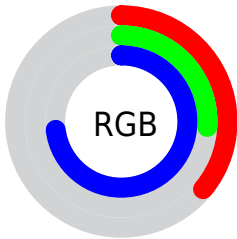
Format	Color
R_{YB}	93, 66, 187
Decimal	6111931
CIE _{Lab}	37.50, 42.16, -60.07
CIE _{LCh}	38, 73.388, 305.063
Yxy	9.8114, 0.2104, 0.1338
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284302011 (0xFF5D42BB)
YUV	87.8670, 48.8726, 4.5016
Hunter-Lab	31.3232, 33.1268, -69.1087

Details

The XYZ color **15.4321, 9.8114, 48.0941** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663399**. A complement of this color would be **33.2499, 43.4072, 11.7802**, and the grayscale version is **9.1478, 9.6242, 10.4807**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.1522, 25.5065, 88.6585**, and **4.9732, 2.4204, 22.3954** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.1795, 7.2849, 47.7254**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.3221, 13.1965, 48.5954**.

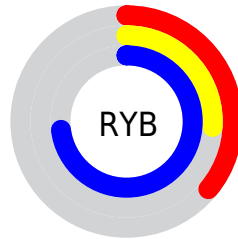
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (26%)

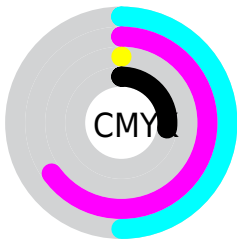
Blue (73%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (26%)

Blue (73%)

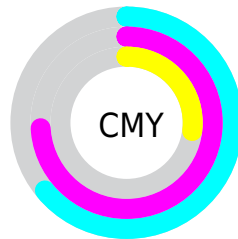


Cyan (50%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.4321, 9.8114, 48.0941 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.4321, 9.8114, 48.0941 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.4321, 9.8114,
48.0941

■ 15.4321, 9.8114,
48.0941

219.3038,
189.3207, 395.6845

■ 9.2115, 5.2741,
33.5409

■ 35.1749, 25.4402,
88.7115

■ 4.9376, 2.4090,
22.2666

■ 49.4278, 37.3004,
115.6128

■ 2.2451, 0.8305,
13.8528

■ 67.0889, 52.3704,
147.4671

■ 0.7663, 0.0000,
7.8807

■ 88.5235, 71.0345,
184.6932

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
3.9321

■ 114.0969, 93.6773,
227.7094

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.5881

144.1745,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

120.6829, 276.9343

0.2823

179.1217,
152.4359, 332.7865

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 15.4321, 9.8114,
48.0941

■ 15.4321, 9.8114,
48.0941

■ 13.1795, 7.2849,
47.7254

■ 18.3221, 13.1965,
48.5954

■ 11.5105, 5.5355,
47.4757

■ 21.8941, 17.5099,
49.2397

■ 10.3644, 4.4664,
47.3297

■ 26.1900, 22.8148,
50.0372

■ 9.9138, 4.0746,
47.2779

■ 31.2482, 29.1686,
50.9970

■ 37.1039, 36.6243,
52.1275

■ 43.7905, 45.2312,
53.4364

■ 51.3390, 55.0358,
54.9310

■ 59.7791, 66.0818,
56.6183

■ 69.1389, 78.4108,
58.5047

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.1335, 9.8114, 61.5256



15.4321, 9.8114, 48.0941



19.9522, 9.8114, 25.4424

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.4321, 9.8114, 48.0941



13.6053, 9.8114, 0.0000



2.9713, 9.8114, 13.0950

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.4321, 9.8114, 48.0941



33.2499, 43.4072, 11.7802

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.3579, 9.8114, 3.1355



15.4321, 9.8114, 48.0941



8.5616, 9.8114, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.4321, 9.8114, 48.0941



18.6758, 9.8114, 1.7099



5.0889, 9.8114, 0.3208



3.7715, 9.8114, 33.0456

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.4321, 9.8114, 48.0941



21.3049, 9.8114, 13.0308



5.0889, 9.8114, 0.3208



2.9705, 9.8114, 8.6355

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.4326, 9.8117, 48.0944



61.4461, 59.1989, 92.3894



23.9235, 30.1603, 51.5745



12.8770, 12.2044, 20.2196



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.4326, 9.8117, 48.0944



22.1192, 11.4570, 85.2470



24.0013, 14.2290, 48.4954



9.2104, 9.3253, 11.9867



6.8830, 2.8344, 32.5772



0.3276, 0.1409, 1.2788

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.7865, 16.9991, 35.0192



48.4249, 25.6685, 57.0936



24.0407, 38.6596, 11.3492



9.8363, 9.6588, 11.5272



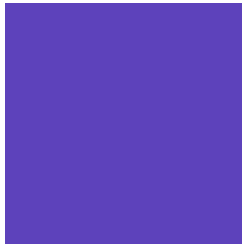
17.6838, 8.7047, 19.4261



0.7156, 0.3501, 0.8816

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.4321, 9.8114, 48.0941 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

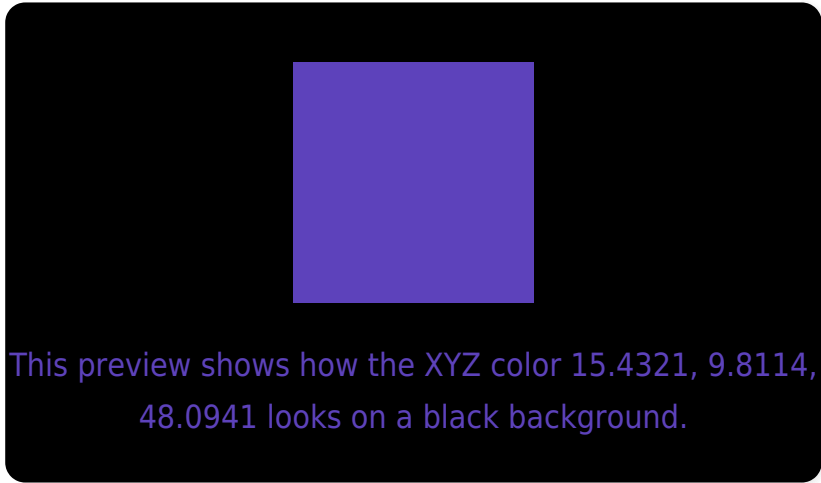
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

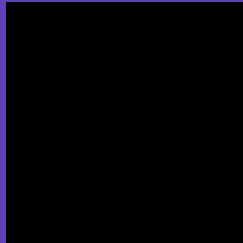
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.4321, 9.8114, 48.0941

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.4321, 9.8114, 48.0941.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.4321, 9.8114,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.4321, 9.8114, 48.0941

Deuteranopia

9.6569, 9.7126, 32.8182

Tritanopia

8.4421, 9.7677, 13.4970

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.4321, 9.8114, 48.0941



Deuteranomaly

10.5772, 9.0150, 37.7418



Tritanomaly

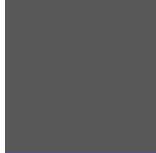
10.2386, 9.3890, 23.1024

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.4321, 9.8114, 48.0941



Achromatopsia

9.2757, 9.7587, 10.6273



Achromatomaly

10.7232, 9.3662, 20.3115

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.4321, 9.8114, 48.0941 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 66, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 66, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 66, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 66, 187) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.4321, 9.8114, 48.0941 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 66, 187) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 66, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 66, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 66, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 66, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 66,  
187) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.4321, 9.8114, 48.0941 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 66, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 66,  
187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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