

Converting Colors

XYZ(15.3958, 17.4533, 18.0774)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(15.3958, 17.4533, 18.0774)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(15.4032, 17.3892,
18.1674)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	697771
RGB	105, 119, 113
RGB Percent	41%, 47%, 44%
CMY	0.5882, 0.5333, 0.5569
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.05, 0.53
HSL	154°, 6%, 44%
HSV	154°, 12%, 47%
XYZ	15.4032, 17.3892, 18.1674
YIQ	114.1300, -6.4180, -4.8340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

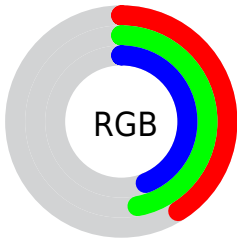
Format	Color
R_{YB}	105, 114, 119
Decimal	6911857
CIE _{Lab}	48.75, -6.48, 1.53
CIE _{LCh}	49, 6.657, 166.738
Yxy	17.3892, 0.3023, 0.3412
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285101937 (0xFF697771)
YUV	114.1300, -0.5571, -8.0070
Hunter-Lab	41.7004, -7.0416, 3.3597

Details

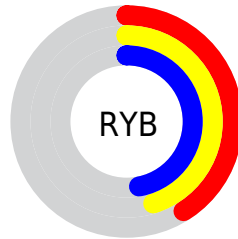
The XYZ color **15.4032, 17.3892, 18.1674** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **15.5293, 15.1733, 17.1501**, and the grayscale version is **16.0367, 16.8718, 18.3734**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.0647, 38.9104, 41.2596**, and **4.9523, 5.7877, 5.8571** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.8230, 16.6073, 16.6364**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.1961, 18.2798, 19.7934**.

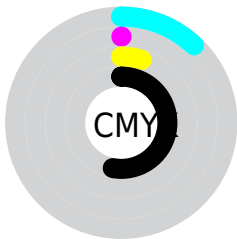
Distribution



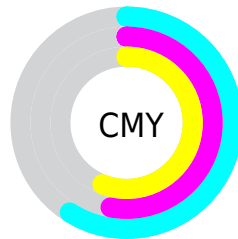
- Red (41%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.4032, 17.3892, 18.1674 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.4032, 17.3892, 18.1674 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.4032, 17.3892,
18.1674

■ 15.4032, 17.3892,
18.1674

219.1342,
237.4053, 254.0806

■ 9.1910, 10.5124,
10.8996

■ 35.1249, 38.9937,
41.1401

■ 4.9241, 5.7400,
5.8860

■ 49.3650, 54.4902,
57.6821

■ 2.2371, 2.6876,
2.7082

■ 67.0119, 73.6288,
78.1526

■ 0.7622, 0.9709,
0.9476

■ 88.4308, 96.7937,
102.9700

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

113.9872,
124.3694, 132.5530

144.0463,

156.7403, 167.3201

178.9735,
194.2908, 207.6898

■ 15.4032, 17.3892,
18.1674

■ 15.4032, 17.3892,
18.1674

■ 13.8230, 16.6073,
16.6364

■ 17.1961, 18.2798,
19.7934

■ 12.4458, 15.9278,
15.1974

■ 19.2082, 19.2811,
21.5149

■ 11.2631, 15.3467,
13.8491

■ 21.4474, 20.3975,
23.3340

■ 10.2653, 14.8592,
12.5895

■ 23.9208, 21.6327,
25.2523

■ 9.4421, 14.4599,
11.4166

■ 26.6352, 22.9901,
27.2713

■ 8.7818, 14.1429,
10.3285

■ 29.5970, 24.4731,
29.3926

■ 8.2714, 13.9015,
9.3228

■ 32.8126, 26.0849,
31.6176

■ 7.8958, 13.7279,
8.3973

■ 36.2879, 27.8285,
33.9479

■ 7.6403, 13.6116,
7.6920

■ 40.0288, 29.7069,
36.3848

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.6815, 17.3892, 16.7060



15.4032, 17.3892, 18.1674



15.4209, 17.3892, 19.9263

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.4032, 17.3892, 18.1674



16.8709, 17.3892, 22.3665



17.3518, 17.3892, 16.5727

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.4032, 17.3892, 18.1674



15.5293, 15.1733, 17.1501

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.6866, 17.3892, 17.9750



15.4032, 17.3892, 18.1674



17.4043, 17.3892, 21.3515

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



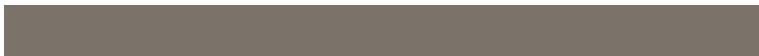
15.4032, 17.3892, 18.1674



16.2581, 17.3892, 22.4260



17.7061, 17.3892, 19.7216



16.8007, 17.3892, 15.8245

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.4032, 17.3892, 18.1674



15.5981, 17.3892, 21.0332



17.7061, 17.3892, 19.7216



17.4940, 17.3892, 16.9791

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.4037, 17.3899, 18.1678



30.0075, 32.3427, 34.7475



15.7112, 17.5982, 15.9336



7.0610, 7.6398, 8.1897



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.4037, 17.3899, 18.1678



26.8135, 30.7579, 31.8056



15.6424, 17.3085, 19.9701



3.7201, 4.1300, 4.3599



8.1121, 14.4588, 8.1464



39.0957, 70.2855, 37.4045

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.5293, 15.1733, 17.1501



27.0832, 25.9971, 29.6200



15.3053, 15.2367, 15.4992



3.7431, 3.7245, 4.1738



8.7132, 4.4190, 3.6981



42.0488, 21.3696, 15.8521

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.4032, 17.3892, 18.1674 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

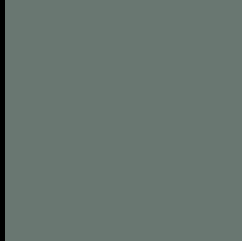
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.4032, 17.3892, 18.1674 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

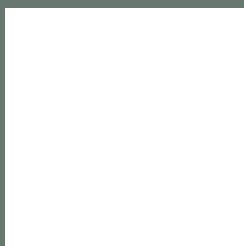
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.4032, 17.3892, 18.1674

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.4032, 17.3892, 18.1674.

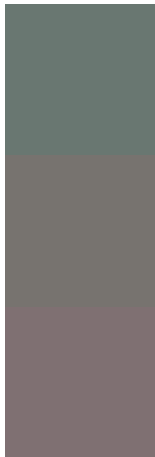


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.4032, 17.3892,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.4032, 17.3892, 18.1674

Protanopia

16.6077, 17.3311, 17.5088

Deuteranopia

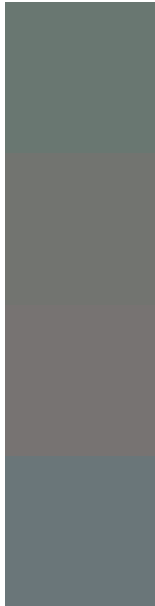
17.5838, 17.3153, 18.3350



Tritanopia

16.1906, 17.3547, 22.2351

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.4032, 17.3892, 18.1674

Protanomaly

16.1095, 17.2380, 17.8074

Deuteranomaly

16.7757, 17.3983, 18.3936

Tritanomaly

15.8735, 17.4015, 20.6114

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.4032, 17.3892, 18.1674

Achromatopsia

15.9940, 16.8269, 18.3245

Achromatomaly

15.8382, 17.0852, 18.3826

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.4032, 17.3892, 18.1674 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 119, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 119, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 119, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 119, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.4032, 17.3892, 18.1674 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 119, 113) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 119, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 119, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 119, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 119, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 119,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.4032, 17.3892, 18.1674 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 119, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
119, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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