

Converting Colors

XYZ(15.4391, 17.0630, 10.0692)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(15.4391, 17.0630, 10.0692)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(15.4391, 17.0630,
10.0692)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	787450
RGB	120, 116, 80
RGB Percent	47%, 45%, 31%
CMY	0.5294, 0.5451, 0.6863
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.33, 0.53
HSL	54°, 20%, 39%
HSV	54°, 33%, 47%
XYZ	15.4391, 17.0630, 10.0692
YIQ	113.0920, 13.9400, -10.3480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

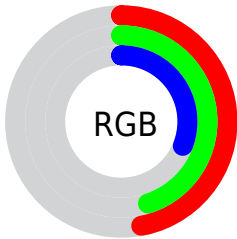
Format	Color
RYB	84, 120, 80
Decimal	7894096
CIELab	48.34, -4.51, 20.49
CIELCh	48, 20.978, 102.420
Yxy	17.0630, 0.3627, 0.4008
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286084176 (0xFF787450)
YUV	113.0920, -16.3144, 6.0583
Hunter-Lab	41.3074, -5.5715, 14.4625

Details

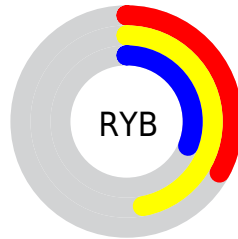
The XYZ color **15.4391, 17.0630, 10.0692** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **9.8688, 9.4020, 19.0641**, and the grayscale version is **15.7677, 16.5888, 18.0652**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.2655, 38.5012, 26.6919**, and **4.9690, 5.5952, 2.4082** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.8976, 16.6272, 7.8932**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.0625, 17.5356, 12.6636**.

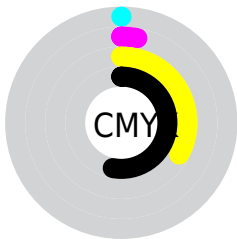
Distribution



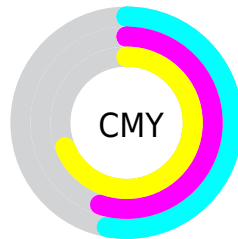
- Red (47%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.4391, 17.0630, 10.0692 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.4391, 17.0630, 10.0692 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.4391, 17.0630,
10.0692

■ 15.4391, 17.0630,
10.0692

219.3449,
235.5352, 201.6680

■ 9.2164, 10.2794,
5.3387

■ 35.1870, 38.4341,
26.5354

■ 4.9409, 5.5846,
2.3851

■ 49.4430, 53.7903,
39.1082

■ 2.2470, 2.5942,
0.7783

■ 67.1075, 72.7730,
55.1321

■ 0.7673, 0.9237,
0.0000

■ 88.5459, 95.7663,
75.0257

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 114.1234,
123.1548, 99.2076

144.2055,

155.3229, 128.0962

179.1576,
192.6549, 162.1102

■ 15.4391, 17.0630,
10.0692

■ 15.4391, 17.0630,
10.0692

■ 14.8976, 16.6272,
7.8932

■ 16.0625, 17.5356,
12.6636

■ 14.4324, 16.2242,
6.1125

■ 16.7704, 18.0442,
15.6961

■ 14.0394, 15.8529,
4.7030

■ 17.5668, 18.5912,
19.1860

■ 13.7135, 15.5113,
3.6378

■ 18.4552, 19.1778,
23.1516

■ 13.4487, 15.1969,
2.8863

■ 19.4390, 19.8055,
27.6098

■ 13.2377, 14.9069,
2.4094

■ 20.5210, 20.4754,
32.5770

■ 13.1092, 14.7199,
2.1503

■ 21.7044, 21.1887,
38.0686

■ 22.9918, 21.9466,
44.0994

■ 24.3861, 22.7502,
50.6838

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.3550, 17.0630, 10.2333



15.4391, 17.0630, 10.0692



13.8598, 17.0630, 11.8335

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.4391, 17.0630, 10.0692



13.6499, 17.0630, 26.6343



19.9854, 17.0630, 21.9475

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.4391, 17.0630, 10.0692



9.8688, 9.4020, 19.0641

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.8293, 17.0630, 27.4964



15.4391, 17.0630, 10.0692



15.1315, 17.0630, 30.5469

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.4391, 17.0630, 10.0692



12.8826, 17.0630, 20.9392



17.0224, 17.0630, 30.8903



20.0841, 17.0630, 16.4026

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.4391, 17.0630, 10.0692



13.1696, 17.0630, 14.1136



17.0224, 17.0630, 30.8903



19.7036, 17.0630, 23.8983

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.4395, 17.0638, 10.0696



29.9115, 32.0261, 29.4142



12.2148, 10.3707, 9.7457



7.0520, 7.5644, 6.8108



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.4395, 17.0638, 10.0696



26.4138, 29.4194, 14.7191



13.8735, 16.9553, 10.1312



4.2752, 4.5688, 4.2810



14.2955, 16.0470, 2.3439



67.8376, 75.8387, 11.0629

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.8688, 9.4020, 19.0641



15.0243, 13.7574, 33.1166



11.0829, 9.5804, 19.0345



3.8269, 3.9521, 5.0043



3.8359, 1.7543, 19.5217



17.9947, 7.7619, 93.0196

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.4391, 17.0630, 10.0692 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.4391, 17.0630, 10.0692 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

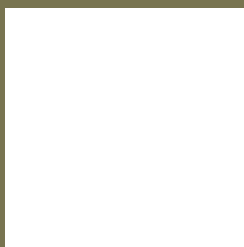
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.4391, 17.0630, 10.0692

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.4391, 17.0630, 10.0692.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.4391, 17.0630,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.4391, 17.0630, 10.0692

Protanopia

15.8542, 17.1111, 9.8643

Deuteranopia

17.2145, 16.9802, 10.1548



Tritanopia

17.5321, 17.0849, 20.1430

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.4391, 17.0630, 10.0692

Protanomaly

15.7104, 17.0369, 9.8576

Deuteranomaly

16.4853, 16.9282, 10.1832

Tritanomaly

16.6233, 17.0411, 15.7777

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.4391, 17.0630, 10.0692

Achromatopsia

15.6958, 16.5132, 17.9829

Achromatomaly

15.5687, 16.6872, 14.7123

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.4391, 17.0630, 10.0692 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 116, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 116, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 116, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 116, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.4391, 17.0630, 10.0692 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 116, 80) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 116, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 116, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 116, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 116, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 116,  
80) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.4391, 17.0630, 10.0692 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 116, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
116, 80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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