

# Converting Colors

XYZ(15.4683, 14.3638, 22.8197)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(15.4683, 14.3638, 22.8197)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(15.4262, 14.4031,  
22.7359)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	716581
RGB	113, 101, 129
RGB Percent	44%, 40%, 51%
CMY	0.5569, 0.6039, 0.4941
CMYK	0.12, 0.22, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	266°, 12%, 45%
HSV	266°, 22%, 51%
XYZ	15.4262, 14.4031, 22.7359
YIQ	107.7800, -1.8360, 11.2520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

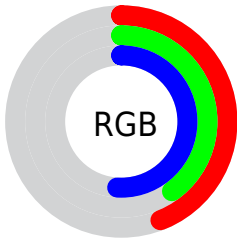
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	113, 101, 129
Decimal	7431553
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	44.81, 10.64, -13.82
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	45, 17.441, 307.610
Yxy	14.4031, 0.2935, 0.2740
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285621633 (0xFF716581)
YUV	107.7800, 10.4615, 4.5779
Hunter-Lab	37.9514, 6.1403, -8.9534

# Details

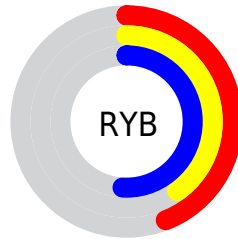
The XYZ color **15.4262, 14.4031, 22.7359** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **17.5359, 20.4224, 15.3303**, and the grayscale version is **14.1647, 14.9024, 16.2287**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.1888, 33.8332, 48.9318**, and **4.9471, 4.3413, 8.1666** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.3606, 11.6228, 22.3084**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.7664, 17.6175, 23.2332**.

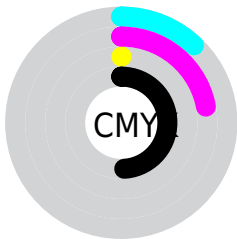
# Distribution



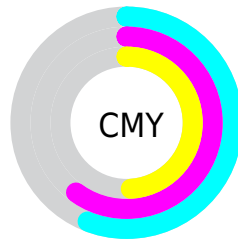
- Red (44%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.4262, 14.4031, 22.7359 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.4262, 14.4031, 22.7359 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 15.4262, 14.4031,  
22.7359

■ 15.4262, 14.4031,  
22.7359

219.2692,  
219.7243, 279.4434

■ 9.2073, 8.4016,  
14.1952

■ 35.1647, 33.8026,  
48.8770

■ 4.9348, 4.3530,  
8.1162

■ 49.4150, 47.9693,  
67.3144

■ 2.2434, 1.8729,  
4.0806

■ 67.0732, 65.6265,  
89.8878

■ 0.7655, 0.5320,  
1.6696

■ 88.5045, 87.1587,  
117.0158

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.3398

114.0745,  
112.9502, 149.1167

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

144.1483,

143.3853, 186.6093

179.0914,  
178.8486, 229.9120

■ 15.4262, 14.4031,  
22.7359

■ 15.4262, 14.4031,  
22.7359

■ 13.3606, 11.6228,  
22.3084

■ 17.7664, 17.6175,  
23.2332

■ 11.5572, 9.2557,  
21.9465

■ 20.3902, 21.2823,  
23.8023

■ 10.0047, 7.2816,  
21.6473

■ 23.3077, 25.4151,  
24.4463

■ 8.6905, 5.6779,  
21.4070

■ 26.5282, 30.0318,  
25.1676

■ 7.6005, 4.4197,  
21.2216

■ 30.0605, 35.1479,  
25.9690

6.7190, 3.4788,  
21.0864

33.9132, 40.7780,  
26.8526

6.0279, 2.8224,  
20.9962

38.0943, 46.9360,  
27.8209

5.5536, 2.4052,  
20.9406

42.6117, 53.6354,  
28.8759

47.4729, 60.8892,  
30.0198

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.0548, 14.4031, 24.7900



15.4262, 14.4031, 22.7359



16.3753, 14.4031, 18.8568

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.4262, 14.4031, 22.7359



14.7573, 14.4031, 9.5018



11.1556, 14.4031, 16.7420

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.4262, 14.4031, 22.7359



17.5359, 20.4224, 15.3303

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.3151, 14.4031, 12.8861



15.4262, 14.4031, 22.7359



13.3310, 14.4031, 9.1335

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.4262, 14.4031, 22.7359



15.9708, 14.4031, 11.3745



12.0887, 14.4031, 10.2634



11.6369, 14.4031, 20.9604



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.4262, 14.4031, 22.7359



16.6058, 14.4031, 16.0112



12.0887, 14.4031, 10.2634



11.1367, 14.4031, 15.3583

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.4266, 14.4037, 22.7362



33.8842, 34.4260, 42.0515



15.7300, 17.1526, 23.2508



7.6232, 7.7276, 9.5081



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.4266, 14.4037, 22.7362



25.7503, 23.2558, 40.3241



17.3194, 15.3795, 22.8248



4.2700, 4.2948, 5.4172



5.4193, 2.3475, 20.4174



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.9183, 15.2595, 18.8840



28.9568, 25.0968, 31.9816



15.8316, 19.5438, 15.2506



4.4227, 4.3822, 5.0302



10.0250, 5.0297, 6.7216



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.4262, 14.4031, 22.7359 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.4262, 14.4031, 22.7359 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

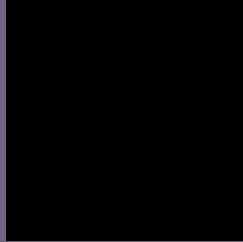
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 15.4262, 14.4031, 22.7359**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.4262, 14.4031, 22.7359.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.4262, 14.4031,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.4262, 14.4031, 22.7359

### Protanopia

14.4720, 14.4784, 23.8617

### Deuteranopia

14.6723, 14.4624, 22.4403



## Tritanopia

14.3054, 14.3855, 17.3519

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.4262, 14.4031, 22.7359

## Protanomaly

14.8727, 14.5426, 23.4958

## Deuteranomaly

14.9309, 14.4472, 22.4237

## Tritanomaly

14.6758, 14.3880, 19.1432

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.4262, 14.4031, 22.7359

## Achromatopsia

14.2537, 14.9960, 16.3306

## Achromatomaly

14.6344, 14.6791, 18.5850

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.4262, 14.4031, 22.7359 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 101, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 101, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 101, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 101, 129) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.4262, 14.4031, 22.7359 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 101, 129) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 101, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 101, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 101, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 101, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 101,  
129) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.4262, 14.4031, 22.7359 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 101, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
101, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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