

# Converting Colors

XYZ(15.4723, 7.9025, 7.5269)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(15.4723, 7.9025, 7.5269)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(15.4593, 7.8994,  
7.5474)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9E054C
RGB	158, 5, 76
RGB Percent	62%, 2%, 30%
CMY	0.3804, 0.9803, 0.7020
CMYK	0.00, 0.97, 0.52, 0.38
HSL	332°, 94%, 32%
HSV	332°, 97%, 62%
XYZ	15.4593, 7.8994, 7.5474
YIQ	58.8410, 68.3970, 54.5170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

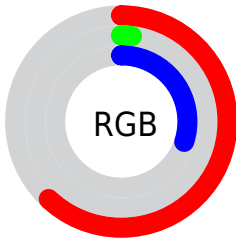
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	158, 5, 76
Decimal	10356044
CIELab	33.77, 58.40, 3.66
CIELCh	34, 58.509, 3.584
Yxy	7.8994, 0.5002, 0.2556
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288546124 (0xFF9E054C)
YUV	58.8410, 8.4594, 86.9624
Hunter-Lab	28.1059, 48.9965, 3.7527

# Details

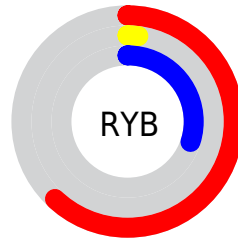
The XYZ color **15.4593, 7.8994, 7.5474** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **14.0108, 25.1745, 13.1419**, and the grayscale version is **4.1192, 4.3337, 4.7194**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.3395, 21.8349, 21.7540**, and **5.5300, 2.8191, 1.6915** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.3134, 7.7542, 7.0468**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.9841, 8.4463, 9.2720**.

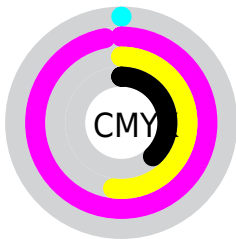
# Distribution



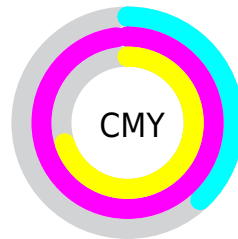
- Red (62%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (97%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (38%)




- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (70%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.4593, 7.8994, 7.5474 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.4593, 7.8994, 7.5474 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 15.4593, 7.8994,  
7.5474


 15.4593, 7.8994,  
7.5474


219.4633,  
174.9408, 181.9376


 9.2308, 4.0306,  
3.7231


 35.2220, 21.7610,  
21.5976


 4.9503, 1.6907,  
1.4747

 49.4869, 32.5226,  
32.6606


 2.2526, 0.4176,  
0.1990

 67.1613, 46.3507,  
46.9736

 0.7702, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 88.6106, 63.6295,  
64.9552

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 114.2001, 84.7435,  
87.0238

 144.2951,

110.0772, 113.5981

179.2611,  
140.0148, 145.0965

15.4593, 7.8994,  
7.5474

15.4593, 7.8994,  
7.5474

15.3134, 7.7542,  
7.0468

15.9841, 8.4463,  
9.2720

16.7234, 9.3580,  
11.2664

17.7163, 10.7104,  
13.5504

18.9887, 12.5532,  
16.1388

20.5630, 14.9292,  
19.0452

■ 22.4592, 17.8765,  
22.2822

■ 24.6954, 21.4298,  
25.8613

■ 27.2886, 25.6210,  
29.7937

■ 30.2542, 30.4795,  
34.0897

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.4629, 7.8994, 19.0419



15.4593, 7.8994, 7.5474



13.8764, 7.8994, 2.0782

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.4593, 7.8994, 7.5474



4.5969, 7.8994, 0.6632



5.0934, 7.8994, 35.9367

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.4593, 7.8994, 7.5474



14.0108, 25.1745, 13.1419

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.4653, 7.8994, 22.4648



15.4593, 7.8994, 7.5474



3.2409, 7.8994, 2.9084

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.4593, 7.8994, 7.5474



7.1306, 7.8994, 0.0000



2.8946, 7.8994, 9.7486



7.8988, 7.8994, 40.8181



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.4593, 7.8994, 7.5474



11.7771, 7.8994, 0.7791



2.8946, 7.8994, 9.7486



4.4200, 7.8994, 31.9475

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.4595, 7.8999, 7.5475



43.6692, 37.0329, 45.1175



10.1202, 4.5851, 32.6993



9.4747, 7.7600, 9.5794



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.4595, 7.8999, 7.5475



27.7103, 14.0422, 12.2765



14.2379, 7.4998, 0.8414



6.7547, 6.6948, 7.5593



12.2840, 6.2182, 5.7468



0.2408, 0.1197, 0.2143



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.4595, 7.8999, 7.5475



27.7103, 14.0422, 12.2765



17.6093, 25.2509, 36.2934



6.7547, 6.6948, 7.5593



12.2840, 6.2182, 5.7468

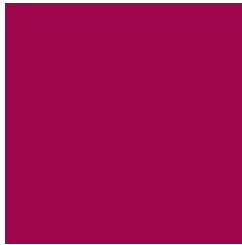


0.2408, 0.1197, 0.2143



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.4593, 7.8994, 7.5474 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

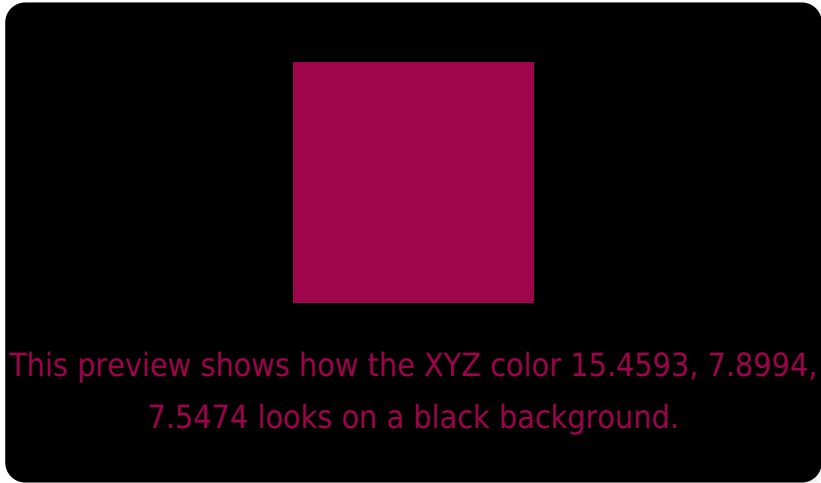
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

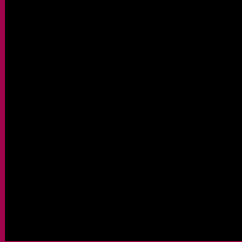
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 15.4593, 7.8994, 7.5474**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.4593, 7.8994, 7.5474.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.4593, 7.8994,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.4593, 7.8994, 7.5474

### Protanopia

8.5809, 8.4665, 15.9338

### Deuteranopia

8.4863, 8.4013, 6.8046



## Tritanopia

14.4089, 8.0902, 2.0304

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.4593, 7.8994, 7.5474

## Protanomaly

9.3034, 6.4313, 12.3063

## Deuteranomaly

9.7338, 6.7058, 6.9122

## Tritanomaly

14.6859, 7.9097, 3.4420

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.4593, 7.8994, 7.5474

## Achromatopsia

4.1570, 4.3735, 4.7627

## Achromatomaly

6.3990, 4.2656, 5.4871

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.4593, 7.8994, 7.5474 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 5, 76)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(158, 5, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 5, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 5, 76) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.4593, 7.8994, 7.5474 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 5, 76) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 5, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 5, 76)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 5, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 5, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 5, 76)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.4593, 7.8994, 7.5474 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 5, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158, 5,  
76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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