

Converting Colors

XYZ(15.4786, 17.0769, 1.3176)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(15.4786, 17.0769, 1.3176)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(15.6465, 17.1670,
2.4889)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	847300
RGB	132, 115, 0
RGB Percent	52%, 45%, 0%
CMY	0.4824, 0.5490, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 1.00, 0.48
HSL	52°, 100%, 26%
HSV	52°, 100%, 52%
XYZ	15.6465, 17.1670, 2.4889
YIQ	106.9730, 47.0470, -32.1610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

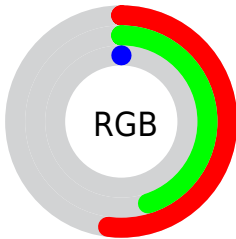
Format	Color
R_{YB}	20, 132, 0
Decimal	8680192
CIE Lab	48.47, -3.86, 54.39
CIE LCh	48, 54.531, 94.057
Yxy	17.1670, 0.4432, 0.4863
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286870272 (0xFF847300)
YUV	106.9730, -52.7377, 21.9487
Hunter-Lab	41.4331, -5.1004, 25.4416

Details

The XYZ color **15.6465, 17.1670, 2.4889** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **4.3654, 2.0670, 21.9986**, and the grayscale version is **14.1008, 14.8351, 16.1554**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.7022, 38.8151, 10.3130**, and **5.1490, 5.6340, 0.8161** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.6467, 17.1676, 2.4890**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.9165, 17.5887, 2.9439**.

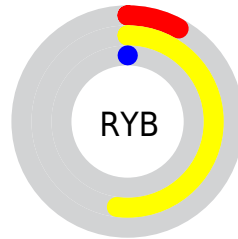
Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (45%)

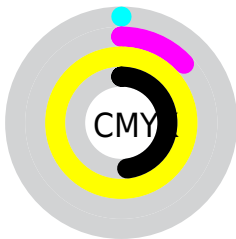
Blue (0%)



Red (8%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (0%)

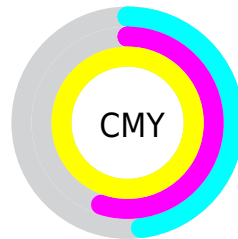


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.6465, 17.1670, 2.4889 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.6465, 17.1670, 2.4889 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.6465, 17.1670,
2.4889

■ 15.6465, 17.1670,
2.4889

220.5583,
236.1329, 129.5582

■ 9.3636, 10.3536,
0.8343

■ 35.5458, 38.6127,
10.3388

■ 5.0381, 5.6341,
0.0000

■ 49.8930, 54.0138,
17.3770

■ 2.3046, 2.6239,
0.0000

■ 67.6590, 73.0463,
27.0486

■ 0.7970, 0.9387,
0.0000


■ 89.2091, 96.0945,
39.7723


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 114.9087,
123.5429, 55.9666


■ 145.1232,


155.7758, 76.0499


 180.2180,
193.1777, 100.4410


 15.6465, 17.1670,
2.4889


 15.6465, 17.1670,
2.4889

 15.6467, 17.1676,
2.4890

 15.9165, 17.5887,
2.9439

 16.2327, 18.0339,
3.6266

 16.6209, 18.5137,
4.6701

 17.0892, 19.0314,
6.1176

 17.6447, 19.5898,
8.0065

■ 18.2937, 20.1915,
10.3698

■ 19.0420, 20.8387,
13.2374

■ 19.8947, 21.5337,
16.6366

■ 20.8566, 22.2783,
20.5929

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.8901, 17.1670, 3.2624



15.6465, 17.1670, 2.4889



11.5069, 17.1670, 3.9088

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.6465, 17.1670, 2.4889



9.5823, 17.1670, 38.7183



26.5683, 17.1670, 33.4946

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.6465, 17.1670, 2.4889



4.3654, 2.0670, 21.9986

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.3089, 17.1670, 52.0018



15.6465, 17.1670, 2.4889



12.4649, 17.1670, 55.9477

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.6465, 17.1670, 2.4889



8.4882, 17.1670, 20.7066



17.0058, 17.1670, 61.7519



27.8963, 17.1670, 16.8124

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.6465, 17.1670, 2.4889



9.7100, 17.1670, 6.7478



17.0058, 17.1670, 61.7519



25.3945, 17.1670, 39.9361

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.6469, 17.1678, 2.4892



33.4478, 36.6279, 22.9477



9.6218, 4.9481, 1.0035



7.6728, 8.4302, 4.8988



64.0503, 67.3860, 73.3833



8.9945, 9.4630, 10.3052

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.6469, 17.1678, 2.4892



27.4857, 30.0886, 4.3590



11.8720, 18.3690, 2.9201



4.9900, 5.3235, 4.9939



15.1527, 16.6280, 2.4109



0.0560, 0.0647, 0.0095

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.3654, 2.0670, 21.9986



7.6233, 3.5084, 38.7285



5.4030, 2.3043, 21.9898



4.4793, 4.6342, 5.8592



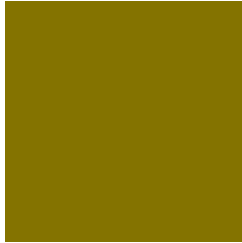
4.2292, 2.0061, 21.3010



0.0175, 0.0127, 0.0748

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.6465, 17.1670, 2.4889 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.6465, 17.1670, 2.4889 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.6465, 17.1670, 2.4889

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.6465, 17.1670, 2.4889.

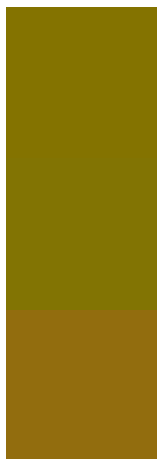


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.6465, 17.1670,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.6465, 17.1670, 2.4889

Protanopia

15.4677, 17.2432, 2.5992

Deuteranopia

17.4020, 17.0800, 2.7950



Tritanopia

18.9997, 17.2422, 18.5463

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.6465, 17.1670, 2.4889

Protanomaly

15.6164, 17.3205, 2.5775

Deuteranomaly

16.7183, 17.0513, 2.6685

Tritanomaly

16.9319, 16.8671, 8.6666

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.6465, 17.1670, 2.4889

Achromatopsia

13.9749, 14.7027, 16.0113

Achromatomaly

13.8218, 15.2822, 7.6901

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.6465, 17.1670, 2.4889 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 115, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 115, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 115, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 115, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.6465, 17.1670, 2.4889 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 115, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 115, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 115, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 115, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 115, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 115,  
0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.6465, 17.1670, 2.4889 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 115, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
115, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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