

Converting Colors

XYZ(15.5306, 23.1316, 29.6220)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(15.5306, 23.1316, 29.6220)
contains.

XYZ(15.5478, 23.1630, 29.6380)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(15.5478, 23.1630,
29.6380)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00948F
RGB	0, 148, 143
RGB Percent	0%, 58%, 56%
CMY	0.9999, 0.4196, 0.4392
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.03, 0.42
HSL	178°, 100%, 29%
HSV	178°, 100%, 58%
XYZ	15.5478, 23.1630, 29.6380
YIQ	103.1780, -86.6030, -32.9310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

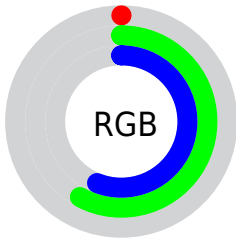
Format	Color
RYB	0, 75, 148
Decimal	38031
CIELab	55.24, -33.62, -6.79
CIELCh	55, 34.296, 191.417
Yxy	23.1630, 0.2275, 0.3389
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278228111 (0xFF00948F)
YUV	103.1780, 19.6322, -90.4871
Hunter-Lab	48.1280, -26.5593, -2.8222

Details

The XYZ color **15.5478, 23.1630, 29.6380** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **12.2409, 6.3075, 0.7164**, and the grayscale version is **12.9070, 13.5791, 14.7877**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.4585, 48.8178, 60.3772**, and **6.1587, 9.1561, 11.7986** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.5482, 23.1637, 29.6383**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.7803, 23.2790, 29.8477**.

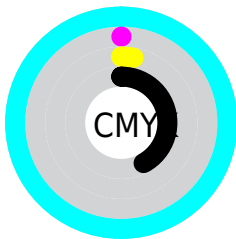
Distribution



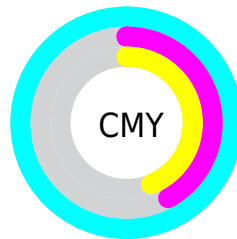
- Red (0%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.5478, 23.1630, 29.6380 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.5478, 23.1630, 29.6380 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.5478, 23.1630,
29.6380

■ 15.5478, 23.1630,
29.6380

■ 219.9816,
268.5611, 314.3680

■ 9.2935, 14.7139,
19.3143

■ 35.3752, 48.6608,
60.1434

■ 4.9918, 8.6188,
11.7185

■ 49.6790, 66.4784,
81.1622

■ 2.2772, 4.4934,
6.4321

■ 67.3968, 88.1875,
106.5831

■ 0.7829, 1.9532,
3.0365

■ 88.8938, 114.1726,
136.8247

■ 0.0000, 0.5801,
1.1133

■ 114.5354,
144.8182, 172.3054

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 144.6871,

180.5085, 213.4438

179.7140,
221.6280, 260.6585

■ 15.5478, 23.1630,
29.6380

■ 15.5478, 23.1630,
29.6380

■ 15.5482, 23.1637,
29.6383

■ 15.7803, 23.2790,
29.8477

■ 16.1488, 23.4645,
30.0641

■ 16.7195, 23.7543,
30.2908

■ 17.5179, 24.1614,
30.5291

■ 18.5654, 24.6970,
30.7799

■ 19.8812, 25.3708,
31.0442

■ 21.4826, 26.1919,
31.3227

■ 23.3852, 27.1682,
31.6163

■ 25.6039, 28.3074,
31.9255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.7378, 23.1630, 19.0696



15.5478, 23.1630, 29.6380



16.9343, 23.1630, 41.9368

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.5478, 23.1630, 29.6380



27.2651, 23.1630, 44.6120



24.4511, 23.1630, 10.0281

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.5478, 23.1630, 29.6380



12.2409, 6.3075, 0.7164

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.0238, 23.1630, 13.6674



15.5478, 23.1630, 29.6380



29.7741, 23.1630, 32.5696

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.5478, 23.1630, 29.6380



23.5085, 23.1630, 52.1132



30.0668, 23.1630, 21.2654



20.5875, 23.1630, 9.6631

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.5478, 23.1630, 29.6380



18.6718, 23.1630, 48.6923



30.0668, 23.1630, 21.2654



25.7368, 23.1630, 10.8460

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.5485, 23.1639, 29.6386



37.7161, 46.1164, 55.2348



10.6832, 21.2285, 3.5349



8.3516, 10.3950, 12.5654



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.5485, 23.1639, 29.6386



27.4198, 40.8645, 52.2232



8.3186, 8.0842, 29.1399



5.9557, 6.5589, 7.3778



13.2823, 19.7857, 25.3260



0.1647, 0.2430, 0.3212

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.2409, 6.3075, 0.7164



21.5842, 11.1230, 1.1949



14.1974, 10.2643, 1.2334



5.8083, 5.8184, 6.0965



10.4572, 5.3879, 0.6225



0.1296, 0.0666, 0.0159

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.5478, 23.1630, 29.6380 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.5478, 23.1630, 29.6380 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

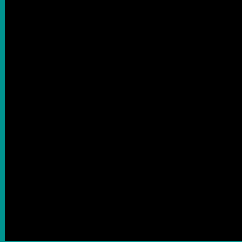
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.5478, 23.1630, 29.6380

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.5478, 23.1630, 29.6380.

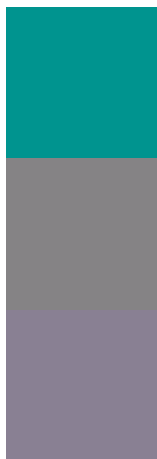


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.5478, 23.1630,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.5478, 23.1630, 29.6380

Protanopia

22.0228, 22.9126, 25.4521

Deuteranopia

23.3022, 22.8633, 30.7887



Tritanopia

17.0155, 23.3177, 35.9517

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.5478, 23.1630, 29.6380

Protanomaly

17.2073, 21.6288, 26.9348

Deuteranomaly

17.7828, 21.4295, 30.3932

Tritanomaly

16.4720, 23.3161, 33.7693

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.5478, 23.1630, 29.6380

Achromatopsia

12.8919, 13.5633, 14.7705

Achromatomaly

12.1136, 15.6599, 19.5238

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.5478, 23.1630, 29.6380 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 148, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 148, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 148, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 148, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.5478, 23.1630, 29.6380 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 148, 143) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 148, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 148, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 148, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 148, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 148,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.5478, 23.1630, 29.6380 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 148, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 148,  
143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor