

# Converting Colors

XYZ(15.5317, 31.0375, 5.2567)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(15.5317, 31.0375, 5.2567)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(15.5418, 31.0572,  
5.2617)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00B003
RGB	0, 176, 3
RGB Percent	0%, 69%, 1%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3098, 0.9882
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.98, 0.31
HSL	121°, 100%, 35%
HSV	121°, 100%, 69%
XYZ	15.5418, 31.0572, 5.2617
YIQ	103.6540, -49.3630, -91.1150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

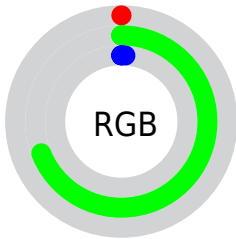
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 173, 176
Decimal	45059
CIELab	62.56, -65.19, 62.59
CIELCh	63, 90.373, 136.163
Yxy	31.0572, 0.2997, 0.5989
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278235139 (0xFF00B003)
YUV	103.6540, -49.6224, -90.9046
Hunter-Lab	55.7290, -47.7453, 33.4124

# Details

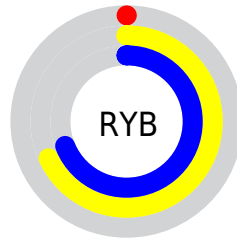
The XYZ color **15.5418, 31.0572, 5.2617** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC33**. A complement of this color would be **25.4470, 12.2473, 40.5524**, and the grayscale version is **13.2049, 13.8925, 15.1290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.3732, 61.3410, 16.8131**, and **6.9595, 13.9191, 2.3198** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.5424, 31.0584, 5.2623**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.8972, 31.2283, 5.8665**.

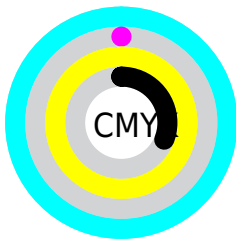
# Distribution



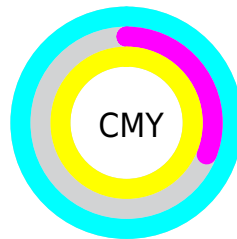
- Red (0%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (1%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Black (31%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (99%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.5418, 31.0572, 5.2617 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.5418, 31.0572, 5.2617 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 15.5418, 31.0572,  
5.2617


 15.5418, 31.0572,  
5.2617


219.9465,  
306.8018, 161.3587


 9.2893, 20.6424,  
2.3402


 35.3648, 61.3301,  
16.8285


 4.9890, 12.8629,  
0.7536


 49.6660, 81.9570,  
26.3108


 2.2755, 7.3342,  
0.0000


 67.3808, 106.7568,  
38.8172

 0.7821, 3.6720,  
0.0000

 88.8746, 136.1137,  
54.7662

 0.0000, 1.4918,  
0.0000

 114.5127,  
170.4123, 74.5763

 0.0000, 0.2830,  
0.0000

 144.6605,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

210.0369, 98.6660

0.0000

179.6833,  
255.3719, 127.4540

15.5418, 31.0572,  
5.2617

15.5418, 31.0572,  
5.2617

15.5424, 31.0584,  
5.2623

15.8972, 31.2283,  
5.8665

16.5697, 31.5502,  
7.0179

17.6715, 32.0785,  
8.8642

19.2578, 32.8398,  
11.4913

21.3758, 33.8568,  
14.9730

■ 24.0671, 35.1496,  
19.3742

■ 27.3690, 36.7361,  
24.7539

■ 31.3160, 38.6330,  
31.1659

■ 35.9395, 40.8554,  
38.6602

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.4162, 31.0572, 1.5663



15.5418, 31.0572, 5.2617



12.0029, 31.0572, 20.0729

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.5418, 31.0572, 5.2617



24.2193, 31.0572, 151.3215



58.5371, 31.0572, 18.2562

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.5418, 31.0572, 5.2617



25.4470, 12.2473, 40.5524

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.9299, 31.0572, 52.7260



15.5418, 31.0572, 5.2617



36.5993, 31.0572, 149.3987

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.5418, 31.0572, 5.2617



15.9883, 31.0572, 109.9118



50.0604, 31.0572, 105.7038



49.1019, 31.0572, 4.7195



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.5418, 31.0572, 5.2617



11.7039, 31.0572, 41.6159



50.0604, 31.0572, 105.7038



59.8052, 31.0572, 27.0572

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.5425, 31.0585, 5.2624



49.2918, 66.4590, 44.3327



32.7749, 39.9440, 5.9827



10.1244, 14.1346, 8.6993



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.5425, 31.0585, 5.2624



28.1794, 56.3243, 9.4993



17.4116, 31.8061, 15.1048



8.3947, 9.4924, 9.0721



11.4056, 22.7882, 3.8727



0.3608, 0.7178, 0.1321



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.4470, 12.2473, 40.5524



46.1414, 22.2078, 73.4971



19.5477, 9.8876, 9.4873



8.8436, 8.6442, 10.6750



18.6725, 8.9866, 29.7652

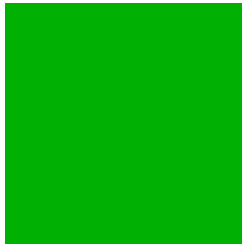


0.5895, 0.2835, 0.9469



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.5418, 31.0572, 5.2617 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

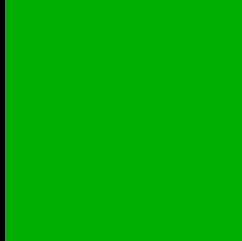
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.5418, 31.0572, 5.2617 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

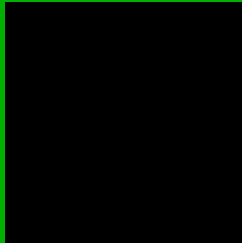
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 15.5418, 31.0572, 5.2617**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.5418, 31.0572, 5.2617.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.5418, 31.0572,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.5418, 31.0572, 5.2617

### Protanopia

27.6442, 30.6793, 4.4647

### Deuteranopia

31.1586, 30.6037, 6.0986



## Tritanopia

24.0353, 31.1811, 46.3467

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.5418, 31.0572, 5.2617



## Protanomaly

18.7606, 28.3319, 4.5085



## Deuteranomaly

19.6425, 27.5059, 5.1936



## Tritanomaly

18.2122, 29.8245, 20.7164

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.5418, 31.0572, 5.2617



## Achromatopsia

13.1579, 13.8432, 15.0752



## Achromatomaly

11.2425, 17.5288, 8.1010

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.5418, 31.0572, 5.2617 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 176, 3)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 176, 3)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 176, 3) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 176, 3) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.5418, 31.0572, 5.2617 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 176, 3) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 176, 3) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 176, 3)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 176, 3); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 176, 3); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 176, 3) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.5418, 31.0572, 5.2617 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 176, 3) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 176,  
3) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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