

Converting Colors

XYZ(15.5598, 23.7892, 27.7839)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(15.5598, 23.7892, 27.7839)
contains.

XYZ(15.4938, 23.6477, 27.7926)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(15.4938, 23.6477,
27.7926)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00968A
RGB	0, 150, 138
RGB Percent	0%, 59%, 54%
CMY	0.9999, 0.4118, 0.4588
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.08, 0.41
HSL	175°, 100%, 29%
HSV	175°, 100%, 59%
XYZ	15.4938, 23.6477, 27.7926
YIQ	103.7820, -85.5480, -35.5320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

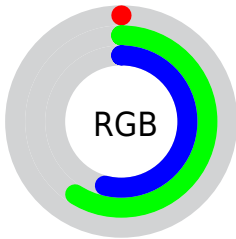
Format	Color
RYB	0, 78, 150
Decimal	38538
CIELab	55.73, -36.06, -3.19
CIELCh	56, 36.202, 185.056
Yxy	23.6477, 0.2315, 0.3533
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278228618 (0xFF00968A)
YUV	103.7820, 16.8695, -91.0168
Hunter-Lab	48.6289, -28.2282, 0.1546

Details

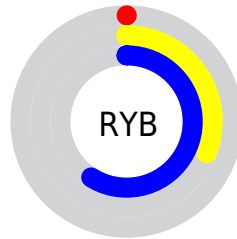
The XYZ color **15.4938, 23.6477, 27.7926** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **12.6448, 6.5113, 0.9388**, and the grayscale version is **13.0744, 13.7553, 14.9795**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.2598, 49.4989, 56.9861**, and **6.1291, 9.4399, 10.7316** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.4941, 23.6484, 27.7926**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.7790, 23.7852, 28.2627**.

Distribution



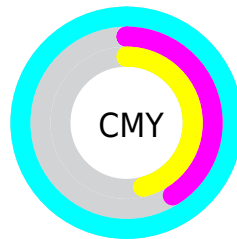
- Red (0%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.4938, 23.6477, 27.7926 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.4938, 23.6477, 27.7926 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.4938, 23.6477,
27.7926

■ 15.4938, 23.6477,
27.7926

■ 219.6655,
271.0345, 305.3552

■ 9.2552, 15.0725,
17.9317

■ 35.2817, 49.4547,
57.1723

■ 4.9665, 8.8703,
10.7320

■ 49.5618, 67.4552,
77.5281

■ 2.2622, 4.6567,
5.7750

■ 67.2532, 89.3664,
102.2193

■ 0.7752, 2.0473,
2.6422

■ 88.7211, 115.5725,
131.6645

■ 0.0000, 0.6347,
0.9141

■ 114.3309,
146.4580, 166.2821

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 144.4480,

182.4072, 206.4908

179.4378,
223.8046, 252.7090

■ 15.4938, 23.6477,
27.7926

■ 15.4938, 23.6477,
27.7926

■ 15.4941, 23.6484,
27.7926

■ 15.7790, 23.7852,
28.2627

■ 16.2060, 23.9951,
28.7439

■ 16.8424, 24.3129,
29.2399

■ 17.7144, 24.7519,
29.7521

■ 18.8442, 25.3238,
30.2814

■ 20.2516, 26.0387,
30.8287

■ 21.9546, 26.9059,
31.3950

■ 23.9693, 27.9336,
31.9811

■ 26.3109, 29.1298,
32.5875

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.0511, 23.6477, 17.3414



15.4938, 23.6477, 27.7926



16.6133, 23.6477, 41.0407

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.4938, 23.6477, 27.7926



27.3228, 23.6477, 49.0461



25.9731, 23.6477, 10.2069

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.4938, 23.6477, 27.7926



12.6448, 6.5113, 0.9388

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.5783, 23.6477, 14.8227



15.4938, 23.6477, 27.7926



30.4217, 23.6477, 36.5096

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.4938, 23.6477, 27.7926



23.1793, 23.6477, 55.4758



31.2934, 23.6477, 23.8068



21.7879, 23.6477, 9.1546

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.4938, 23.6477, 27.7926



18.2509, 23.6477, 49.0848



31.2934, 23.6477, 23.8068



27.3085, 23.6477, 11.3058

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.4945, 23.6486, 27.7932



38.5469, 47.3810, 55.3421



11.0658, 21.8954, 3.6436



8.2783, 10.3657, 12.1797



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.4945, 23.6486, 27.7932



27.3126, 41.7207, 48.8871



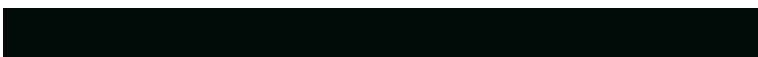
8.9550, 9.1014, 30.1399



5.9443, 6.5543, 7.3176



12.8555, 19.6150, 23.0786



0.1621, 0.2420, 0.3076

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.6448, 6.5113, 0.9388



22.2867, 11.4788, 1.5121



14.3288, 9.9855, 1.1727



5.8185, 5.8225, 6.1505



10.4922, 5.4019, 0.8068



0.1321, 0.0676, 0.0295

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.4938, 23.6477, 27.7926 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.4938, 23.6477, 27.7926 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

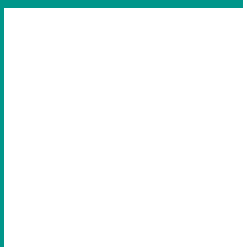
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.4938, 23.6477, 27.7926

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.4938, 23.6477, 27.7926.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.4938, 23.6477,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.4938, 23.6477, 27.7926

Protanopia

22.3009, 23.2953, 23.7431

Deuteranopia

23.7927, 23.3464, 29.2389



Tritanopia

17.4193, 23.7457, 36.4662

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.4938, 23.6477, 27.7926

Protanomaly

17.3280, 22.1574, 25.1933

Deuteranomaly

17.9698, 21.9881, 28.4963

Tritanomaly

16.5292, 23.5963, 32.9615

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.4938, 23.6477, 27.7926

Achromatopsia

13.1579, 13.8432, 15.0752

Achromatomaly

12.2365, 16.0939, 18.9845

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.4938, 23.6477, 27.7926 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 150, 138)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 150, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 150, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 150, 138) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.4938, 23.6477, 27.7926 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 150, 138) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 150, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 150, 138)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 150, 138); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 150, 138);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 150,  
138) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.4938, 23.6477, 27.7926 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 150, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 150,  
138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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