

Converting Colors

XYZ(15.5811, 24.1302, 35.4570)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(15.5811, 24.1302, 35.4570)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.3920, 25.1828,
35.3966)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00999C
RGB	0, 153, 156
RGB Percent	0%, 60%, 61%
CMY	0.9999, 0.4000, 0.3882
CMYK	1.00, 0.02, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	181°, 100%, 31%
HSV	181°, 100%, 61%
XYZ	17.3920, 25.1828, 35.3966
YIQ	107.5950, -92.1510, -31.5030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

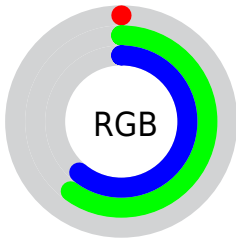
Format	Color
RYB	0, 77, 156
Decimal	39324
CIELab	57.25, -31.88, -11.22
CIELCh	57, 33.801, 199.388
Yxy	25.1828, 0.2231, 0.3230
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278229404 (0xFF00999C)
YUV	107.5950, 23.8637, -94.3608
Hunter-Lab	50.1825, -25.9556, -6.6929

Details

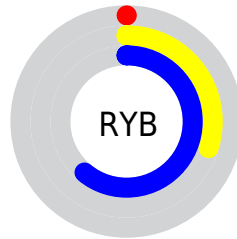
The XYZ color **17.3920, 25.1828, 35.3966** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **13.7435, 7.1337, 0.6533**, and the grayscale version is **14.0969, 14.8311, 16.1510**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.5031, 51.9890, 68.9783**, and **7.2035, 10.3273, 14.9783** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.3924, 25.1834, 35.3972**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.6490, 25.3888, 35.4233**.

Distribution



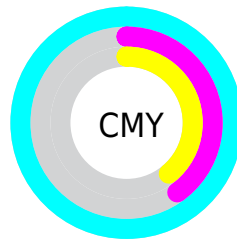
- Red (0%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.3920, 25.1828, 35.3966 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.3920, 25.1828, 35.3966 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.3920, 25.1828,
35.3966

■ 17.3920, 25.1828,
35.3966

■ 230.5338,
278.7471, 341.2727

■ 10.6114, 16.2133,
23.6825

■ 38.5368, 51.9536,
69.2582

■ 5.8715, 9.6752,
14.8883

■ 53.6317, 70.5237,
92.2429

■ 2.8070, 5.1842,
8.5953

■ 72.2288, 93.0628,
119.8215

■ 1.0526, 2.3557,
4.3850

■ 94.6934, 119.9553,
152.4126

■ 0.0000, 0.8030,
1.8388

■ 121.3908,
151.5856, 190.4348

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.4534

■ 152.6864,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

188.3381, 234.3065

0.0000

188.9457,
230.5971, 284.4463

■ 17.3920, 25.1828,
35.3966

■ 17.3920, 25.1828,
35.3966

■ 17.3924, 25.1834,
35.3972

■ 17.6490, 25.3888,
35.4233

■ 18.0628, 25.6753,
35.4568

■ 18.7046, 26.0794,
35.5010

■ 19.6032, 26.6162,
35.5572

■ 20.7835, 27.2984,
35.6267

■ 22.2671, 28.1371,
35.7104

■ 24.0737, 29.1425,
35.8092

■ 26.2212, 30.3239,
35.9240

■ 28.7265, 31.6898,
36.0557

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.1471, 25.1828, 23.5622



17.3920, 25.1828, 35.3966



19.2724, 25.1828, 47.7576

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3920, 25.1828, 35.3966



30.2581, 25.1828, 44.3914



25.3792, 25.1828, 10.9743

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3920, 25.1828, 35.3966



13.7435, 7.1337, 0.6533

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.2960, 25.1828, 13.8728



17.3920, 25.1828, 35.3966



32.3139, 25.1828, 31.6770

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3920, 25.1828, 35.3966



26.5791, 25.1828, 53.8700



31.9434, 25.1828, 20.7416



21.4733, 25.1828, 11.4547

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3920, 25.1828, 35.3966



21.3301, 25.1828, 53.6182



31.9434, 25.1828, 20.7416



26.7448, 25.1828, 11.5447

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3928, 25.1837, 35.3972



43.5064, 52.8099, 65.0270



11.9033, 23.7832, 4.0386



9.2791, 11.4573, 14.2928



74.8435, 78.7412, 85.7492



12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3928, 25.1837, 35.3972



31.5714, 45.7043, 64.2846



8.5454, 7.4889, 32.4481



6.8109, 7.4876, 8.4930



14.3288, 20.7492, 29.1570



0.2593, 0.3772, 0.5224

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.4607, 9.3686, 30.9206



35.3363, 17.0111, 56.1124



16.6244, 12.8956, 1.6136



6.8987, 6.7524, 8.3174



16.0307, 7.7169, 25.4766



0.2882, 0.1386, 0.4637

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.3920, 25.1828, 35.3966 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.3920, 25.1828, 35.3966 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

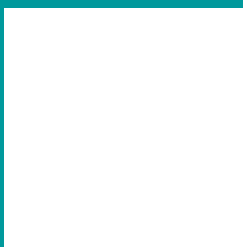
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.3920, 25.1828, 35.3966

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.3920, 25.1828, 35.3966.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.3920, 25.1828,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.3920, 25.1828, 35.3966

Protanopia

24.2315, 24.9710, 30.3308

Deuteranopia

25.3802, 24.8021, 36.7073



Tritanopia

18.3300, 25.3435, 39.0476

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.3920, 25.1828, 35.3966

Protanomaly

19.0283, 23.5422, 31.9750

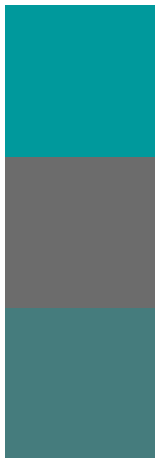
Deuteranomaly

19.6606, 23.3341, 36.2686

Tritanomaly

17.8749, 25.1398, 37.6286

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.3920, 25.1828, 35.3966

Achromatopsia

14.2537, 14.9960, 16.3306

Achromatomaly

13.3636, 17.1612, 22.0101

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.3920, 25.1828, 35.3966 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 153, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 153, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 153, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 153, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.3920, 25.1828, 35.3966 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 153, 156) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 153, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 153, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 153, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.3920, 25.1828, 35.3966 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 153, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 153,  
156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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