

Converting Colors

XYZ(15.6310, 16.1189, 19.4271)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(15.6310, 16.1189, 19.4271)
contains.

XYZ(15.6365, 16.1216, 19.4272)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(15.6365, 16.1216,
19.4272)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	706F76
RGB	112, 111, 118
RGB Percent	44%, 44%, 46%
CMY	0.5608, 0.5647, 0.5373
CMYK	0.05, 0.06, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	249°, 3%, 45%
HSV	249°, 6%, 46%
XYZ	15.6365, 16.1216, 19.4272
YIQ	112.0970, -1.6510, 2.3890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

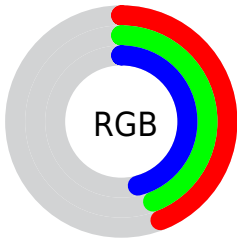
Format	Color
R_{YB}	112, 111, 118
Decimal	7368566
CIE Lab	47.13, 1.84, -3.74
CIE LCh	47, 4.172, 296.215
Yxy	16.1216, 0.3055, 0.3150
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285558646 (0xFF706F76)
YUV	112.0970, 2.9102, -0.0851
Hunter-Lab	40.1517, -0.7513, -0.5810

Details

The XYZ color **15.6365, 16.1216, 19.4272** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **16.6844, 17.8869, 17.6129**, and the grayscale version is **15.4220, 16.2251, 17.6692**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.6627, 36.9892, 43.2902**, and **4.9974, 5.0872, 6.5129** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.2174, 13.0881, 18.9694**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.3714, 19.5713, 19.9492**.

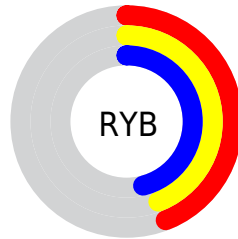
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (44%)

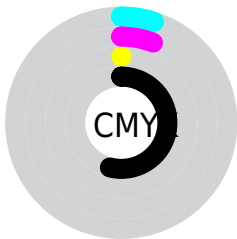
Blue (46%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (46%)

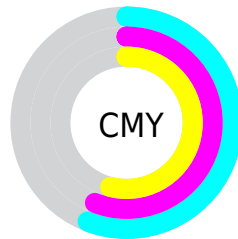


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.6365, 16.1216, 19.4272 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.6365, 16.1216, 19.4272 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.6365, 16.1216,
19.4272

■ 15.6365, 16.1216,
19.4272

220.4999,
230.0582, 261.2980

■ 9.3565, 9.6102,
11.7994

■ 35.5286, 36.8092,
43.3010

■ 5.0334, 5.1413,
6.4864

■ 49.8713, 51.7542,
60.3841

■ 2.3018, 2.3304,
3.0695

■ 67.6324, 70.2792,
81.4561

■ 0.7956, 0.7897,
1.1302

■ 89.1772, 92.7686,
106.9355

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

114.8709,
119.6068, 137.2408

145.0791,

151.1782, 172.7907

180.1670,
187.8672, 214.0035

■ 15.6365, 16.1216,
19.4272

■ 15.6365, 16.1216,
19.4272

■ 13.2174, 13.0881,
18.9694

■ 18.3714, 19.5713,
19.9492

■ 11.1012, 10.4530,
18.5723

■ 21.4314, 23.4499,
20.5365

■ 9.2763, 8.2004,
18.2337

■ 24.8272, 27.7723,
21.1919

■ 7.7299, 6.3123,
17.9508

■ 28.5688, 32.5520,
21.9172

■ 6.4481, 4.7695,
17.7205

■ 32.6655, 37.8018,
22.7146

■ 5.4159, 3.5508,
17.5397

■ 37.1263, 43.5341,
23.5860

■ 4.6165, 2.6328,
17.4047

■ 41.9601, 49.7609,
24.5331

■ 4.0313, 1.9889,
17.3112

■ 47.1753, 56.4936,
25.5578

■ 3.6302, 1.5711,
17.2517

■ 52.7799, 63.7434,
26.6617

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.2766, 16.1216, 19.6454



15.6365, 16.1216, 19.4272



15.9163, 16.1216, 18.7000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.6365, 16.1216, 19.4272



15.7183, 16.1216, 15.9292



14.6307, 16.1216, 17.4208

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.6365, 16.1216, 19.4272



16.6844, 17.8869, 17.6129

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.7448, 16.1216, 16.4552



15.6365, 16.1216, 19.4272



15.3697, 16.1216, 15.6160

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.6365, 16.1216, 19.4272



15.9640, 16.1216, 16.6772



15.0139, 16.1216, 15.8047



14.6996, 16.1216, 18.4604

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.6365, 16.1216, 19.4272



16.0177, 16.1216, 18.0390



15.0139, 16.1216, 15.8047



14.6489, 16.1216, 17.0772

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.6370, 16.1223, 19.4276



29.2936, 30.6132, 34.5020



16.1951, 17.4261, 19.6498



6.7524, 7.0603, 7.9359



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.6370, 16.1223, 19.4276



26.9357, 27.6452, 34.0534



16.0824, 16.3519, 19.4484



3.6528, 3.7483, 4.6212



3.7770, 1.5385, 18.6404



17.9544, 7.2643, 90.8161

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.3671, 16.5055, 19.1538



28.4775, 28.4545, 33.4713



16.2314, 17.6534, 17.5917



3.8634, 3.8589, 4.5417



10.6299, 5.1857, 13.7911



51.5603, 25.1742, 65.9392

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.6365, 16.1216, 19.4272 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.6365, 16.1216, 19.4272 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

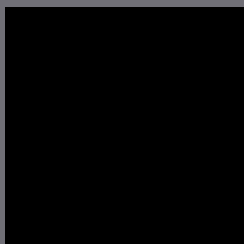
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

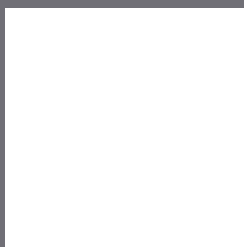
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.6365, 16.1216, 19.4272

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.6365, 16.1216, 19.4272.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.6365, 16.1216,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.6365, 16.1216, 19.4272

Protanopia

15.6365, 16.1216, 19.4272

Deuteranopia

16.3001, 15.9790, 19.6779



Tritanopia

15.7567, 16.1697, 20.0599

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.6365, 16.1216, 19.4272

Protanomaly

15.6365, 16.1216, 19.4272

Deuteranomaly

16.0009, 15.9822, 19.6943

Tritanomaly

15.6963, 16.1455, 19.7419

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.6365, 16.1216, 19.4272

Achromatopsia

15.4009, 16.2029, 17.6450

Achromatomaly

15.5135, 16.2480, 18.2381

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.6365, 16.1216, 19.4272 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 111, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 111, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 111, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 111, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.6365, 16.1216, 19.4272 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 111, 118) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 111, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 111, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 111, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 111, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 111,  
118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.6365, 16.1216, 19.4272 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 111, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
111, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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