

# Converting Colors

XYZ(15.6346, 18.5765, 14.6093)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(15.6346, 18.5765, 14.6093)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(15.5232, 18.4420,  
14.5459)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6B7C63
RGB	107, 124, 99
RGB Percent	42%, 49%, 39%
CMY	0.5804, 0.5137, 0.6118
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.20, 0.51
HSL	101°, 11%, 44%
HSV	101°, 20%, 49%
XYZ	15.5232, 18.4420, 14.5459
YIQ	116.0670, -2.1070, -11.3790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

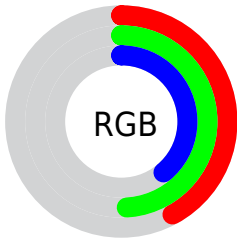
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	99, 124, 116
Decimal	7044195
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	50.03, -11.30, 11.60
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 16.192, 134.237
Yxy	18.4420, 0.3200, 0.3802
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285234275 (0xFF6B7C63)
YUV	116.0670, -8.4140, -7.9518
Hunter-Lab	42.9441, -10.6291, 9.9784

# Details

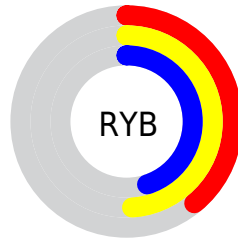
The XYZ color **15.5232, 18.4420, 14.5459** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **15.3032, 14.0925, 20.9834**, and the grayscale version is **16.6469, 17.5138, 19.0725**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.5252, 41.0172, 34.8989**, and **4.9395, 6.2099, 4.1871** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.0105, 17.7261, 11.6146**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.2268, 19.2469, 17.9622**.

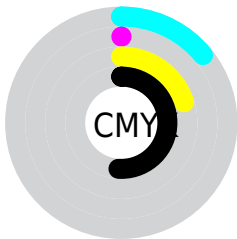
# Distribution



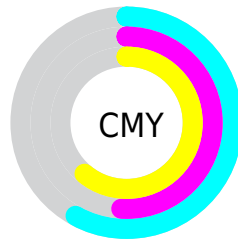
- Red (42%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (61%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.5232, 18.4420, 14.5459 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.5232, 18.4420, 14.5459 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 15.5232, 18.4420,  
14.5459

■ 15.5232, 18.4420,  
14.5459

219.8377,  
243.3507, 232.1463

■ 9.2761, 11.2678,  
8.3582

■ 35.3326, 40.7891,  
34.7855

■ 4.9803, 6.2472,  
4.2340

■ 49.6257, 56.7307,  
49.6746

■ 2.2703, 2.9960,  
1.7546

■ 67.3314, 76.3636,  
68.3012

■ 0.7794, 1.1296,  
0.3977

■ 88.8151, 100.0721,  
91.0839

■ 0.0000, 0.0031,  
0.0000

114.4423,  
128.2407, 118.4412

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

144.5782,

161.2537, 150.7916

179.5882,  
199.4956, 188.5538

■ 15.5232, 18.4420,  
14.5459

■ 15.5232, 18.4420,  
14.5459

■ 14.0105, 17.7261,  
11.6146

■ 17.2268, 19.2469,  
17.9622

■ 12.6804, 17.0936,  
9.1451

■ 19.1265, 20.1414,  
21.8827

■ 11.5259, 16.5422,  
7.1142

■ 21.2289, 21.1291,  
26.3274

■ 10.5390, 16.0682,  
5.4962

■ 23.5402, 22.2126,  
31.3144

■ 9.7111, 15.6679,  
4.2626

■ 26.0658, 23.3945,  
36.8612

■ 9.0327, 15.3370,  
3.3815

■ 28.8115, 24.6772,  
42.9846

■ 8.4932, 15.0708,  
2.8156

■ 31.7824, 26.0632,  
49.7004

■ 8.0705, 14.8607,  
2.4430

■ 34.9836, 27.5547,  
57.0241

■ 38.4201, 29.1540,  
64.9704

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.8030, 18.4420, 12.8677



15.5232, 18.4420, 14.5459



14.8041, 18.4420, 17.8415

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.5232, 18.4420, 14.5459



16.7284, 18.4420, 29.5062



20.5912, 18.4420, 18.0458

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.5232, 18.4420, 14.5459



15.3032, 14.0925, 20.9834

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.5683, 18.4420, 22.4988



15.5232, 18.4420, 14.5459



18.2747, 18.4420, 29.5826

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.5232, 18.4420, 14.5459



15.4713, 18.4420, 26.6702



19.6996, 18.4420, 26.8656



19.7605, 18.4420, 14.6764



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.5232, 18.4420, 14.5459



14.7111, 18.4420, 20.7200



19.6996, 18.4420, 26.8656



20.6846, 18.4420, 19.4537

# Sweetspot

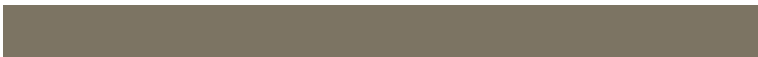
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.5237, 18.4428, 14.5463



31.6151, 34.4816, 34.2722



16.7721, 17.6008, 14.3180



7.4065, 8.1024, 7.9906



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.5237, 18.4428, 14.5463



26.1026, 31.8788, 23.2204



14.8104, 18.0515, 15.5800



4.0605, 4.5065, 4.2803



8.2015, 15.1052, 2.4833



38.3256, 71.6430, 11.8085



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.3032, 14.0925, 20.9834



25.6429, 22.8283, 36.6114



16.1548, 14.5613, 19.6764



4.0357, 4.0163, 5.0057



7.4423, 3.4094, 19.6511

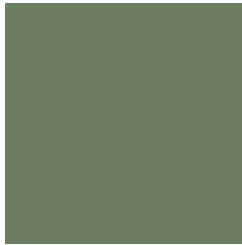


34.5852, 15.7913, 93.6950



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.5232, 18.4420, 14.5459 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

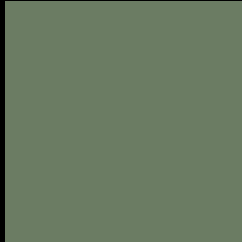
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.5232, 18.4420, 14.5459 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 15.5232, 18.4420, 14.5459**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.5232, 18.4420, 14.5459.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.5232, 18.4420,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.5232, 18.4420, 14.5459

### Protanopia

17.3123, 18.4738, 13.7197

### Deuteranopia

18.6828, 18.2926, 14.8580



## Tritanopia

17.3610, 18.4627, 23.4175

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.5232, 18.4420, 14.5459

## Protanomaly

16.6028, 18.4598, 13.9973

## Deuteranomaly

17.3829, 18.3126, 14.6751

## Tritanomaly

16.5378, 18.2977, 19.7997

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.5232, 18.4420, 14.5459

## Achromatopsia

16.6002, 17.4647, 19.0191

## Achromatomaly

16.2214, 17.8302, 17.3385

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.5232, 18.4420, 14.5459 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 124, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 124, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 124, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 124, 99) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.5232, 18.4420, 14.5459 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 124, 99) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 124, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 124, 99)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 124, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 124, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 124,  
99) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.5232, 18.4420, 14.5459 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 124, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
124, 99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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