

Converting Colors

XYZ(15.6844, 8.0843, 0.7908)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(15.6844, 8.0843, 0.7908)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(15.7368, 8.1114,
0.7937)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A60002
RGB	166, 0, 2
RGB Percent	65%, 0%, 1%
CMY	0.3490, 0.9999, 0.9922
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.99, 0.35
HSL	359°, 100%, 33%
HSV	359°, 100%, 65%
XYZ	15.7368, 8.1114, 0.7937
YIQ	49.8620, 98.2940, 35.8140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

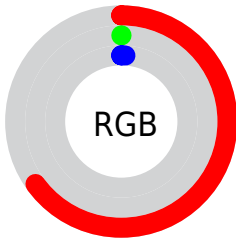
Format	Color
RYB	166, 0, 2
Decimal	10878978
CIELab	34.21, 58.12, 47.64
CIELCh	34, 75.145, 39.341
Yxy	8.1114, 0.6386, 0.3292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289069058 (0xFFA60002)
YUV	49.8620, -23.5960, 101.8530
Hunter-Lab	28.4805, 48.7886, 18.2841

Details

The XYZ color **15.7368, 8.1114, 0.7937** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **20.3397, 29.9536, 39.8446**, and the grayscale version is **3.0360, 3.1941, 3.4784**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.7933, 22.2222, 5.4204**, and **5.7089, 2.9431, 0.2672** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.7365, 8.1112, 0.7928**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.0330, 8.5414, 1.3934**.

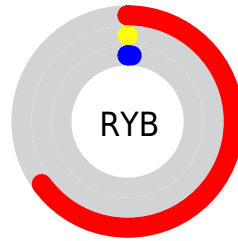
Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (0%)

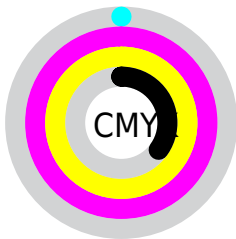
Blue (1%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (1%)

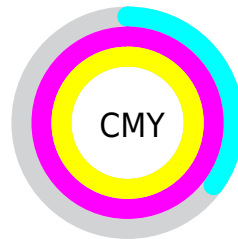


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (35%)


Magenta (100%)


Yellow (99%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.7368, 8.1114, 0.7937 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.7368, 8.1114, 0.7937 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 15.7368, 8.1114,
0.7937


 15.7368, 8.1114,
0.7937


 221.0846,
176.6032, 99.5456


 9.4278, 4.1663,
0.0000


 35.7018, 22.1765,
5.3869


 5.0806, 1.7670,
0.0000

 50.0885, 33.0654,
10.1428


 2.3299, 0.4665,
0.0000

 67.8985, 47.0376,
17.0996

 0.8099, 0.0000,
0.0000

 89.4970, 64.4776,
26.6758


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 115.2496, 85.7698,
39.2900


 145.5215,


111.2985, 55.3607

 180.6780,
141.4482, 75.3064


 15.7368, 8.1114,
0.7937


 15.7368, 8.1114,
0.7937


 15.7365, 8.1112,
0.7928

 16.0330, 8.5414,
1.3934

 16.5765, 9.3276,
2.5019

 17.4612, 10.6144,
4.2848

 18.7307, 12.4664,
6.8261

 20.4220, 14.9383,
10.1977

■ 22.5679, 18.0785,
14.4630

■ 25.1979, 21.9308,
19.6794

■ 28.3390, 26.5349,
25.8994

■ 32.0161, 31.9279,
33.1718

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.6577, 8.1114, 5.6004



15.7368, 8.1114, 0.7937



10.9039, 8.1114, 0.0000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.7368, 8.1114, 0.7937



2.3725, 8.1114, 2.9492



9.0878, 8.1114, 56.5082

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.7368, 8.1114, 0.7937



20.3397, 29.9536, 39.8446

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



5.2094, 8.1114, 52.5583



15.7368, 8.1114, 0.7937



2.1906, 8.1114, 13.1151

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.7368, 8.1114, 0.7937



3.6573, 8.1114, 0.0611



3.0176, 8.1114, 32.9039



14.0027, 8.1114, 41.2288

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.7368, 8.1114, 0.7937



7.8024, 8.1114, 0.0000



3.0176, 8.1114, 32.9039



7.6176, 8.1114, 57.5604

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.7370, 8.1119, 0.7938



45.4330, 39.3641, 35.1232



22.0352, 10.5649, 36.9538



9.7141, 8.1453, 6.9619



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.7370, 8.1119, 0.7938



28.5551, 14.7191, 1.4100



18.6127, 13.8807, 1.6991



7.5346, 7.5437, 7.8664



12.2043, 6.2904, 0.6214



0.2980, 0.1535, 0.0209

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.7370, 8.1119, 0.7938



28.5551, 14.7191, 1.4100



10.1935, 9.3740, 37.3480



7.5346, 7.5437, 7.8664



12.2043, 6.2904, 0.6214



0.2980, 0.1535, 0.0209

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.7368, 8.1114, 0.7937 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

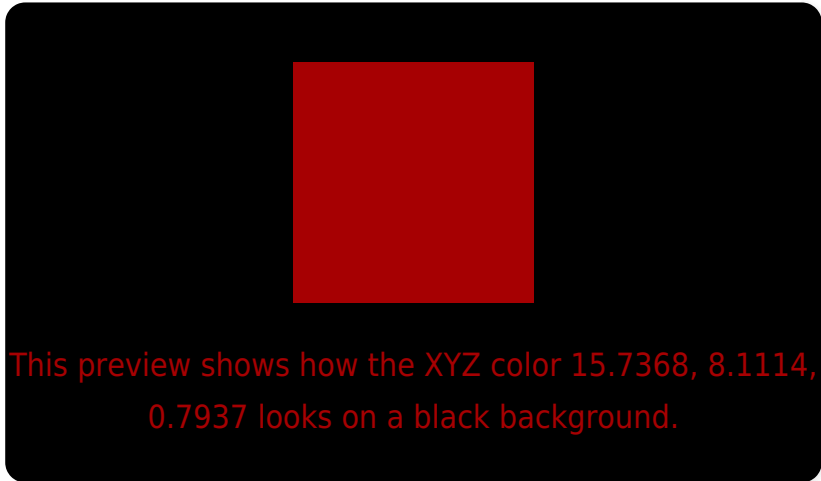
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.7368, 8.1114, 0.7937

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.7368, 8.1114, 0.7937.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.7368, 8.1114,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.7368, 8.1114, 0.7937

Protanopia

7.9312, 8.7783, 2.0354

Deuteranopia

8.6944, 8.7406, 1.2289

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.7368, 8.1114, 0.7937

Protanomaly

9.1051, 6.5738, 1.2409

Deuteranomaly

9.9417, 6.8819, 0.8331

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.7368, 8.1114, 0.7937

Achromatopsia

3.0317, 3.1896, 3.4735

Achromatomaly

5.2047, 3.4181, 1.8243

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.7368, 8.1114, 0.7937 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 0, 2)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 0, 2)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 0, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 0, 2) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.7368, 8.1114, 0.7937 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 0, 2) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 0, 2) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 0, 2)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 0, 2); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 0, 2); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 0, 2) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.7368, 8.1114, 0.7937 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 0, 2) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166, 0,  
2) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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