

# Converting Colors

XYZ(15.7126, 17.7874, 40.1413)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(15.7126, 17.7874, 40.1413)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(15.7126, 17.7874,  
40.1413)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	357BA9
RGB	53, 123, 169
RGB Percent	21%, 48%, 66%
CMY	0.7921, 0.5176, 0.3373
CMYK	0.69, 0.27, 0.00, 0.34
HSL	204°, 52%, 44%
HSV	204°, 69%, 66%
XYZ	15.7126, 17.7874, 40.1413
YIQ	107.3140, -56.4860, -0.5340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

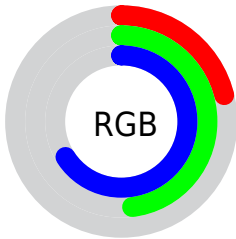
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	53, 97, 169
Decimal	3505065
CIELab	49.24, -6.78, -30.93
CIELCh	49, 31.665, 257.635
Yxy	17.7874, 0.2134, 0.2415
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281695145 (0xFF357BA9)
YUV	107.3140, 30.4112, -47.6334
Hunter-Lab	42.1751, -7.3052, -26.9083

# Details

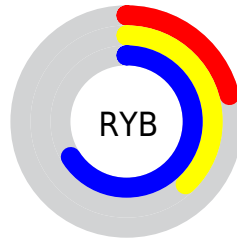
The XYZ color **15.7126, 17.7874, 40.1413** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **21.4675, 17.6170, 5.6379**, and the grayscale version is **13.9925, 14.7211, 16.0313**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.5946, 39.5525, 76.2794**, and **5.7270, 6.3165, 17.7470** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.1728, 15.8016, 39.8395**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.6239, 20.0498, 40.4776**.

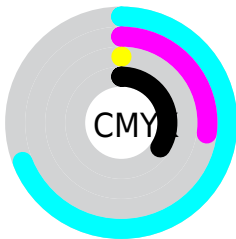
# Distribution



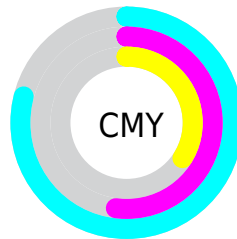
- Red (21%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (21%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (34%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.7126, 17.7874, 40.1413 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.7126, 17.7874, 40.1413 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 15.7126, 17.7874,  
40.1413

■ 15.7126, 17.7874,  
40.1413

220.9437,  
239.6700, 362.2886

■ 9.4106, 10.7975,  
27.3341

■ 35.6600, 39.6747,  
76.6181

■ 5.0692, 5.9308,  
17.5897

■ 50.0361, 55.3409,  
101.1247

■ 2.3231, 2.8031,  
10.4894

■ 67.8343, 74.6679,  
130.3683

■ 0.8064, 1.0298,  
5.6148

■ 89.4199, 98.0402,  
164.7673

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.5473

■ 115.1583,  
125.8422, 204.7403

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8651

145.4148,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

158.4582, 250.7058

0.0000

180.5548,  
196.2727, 303.0824

■ 15.7126, 17.7874,  
40.1413

■ 15.7126, 17.7874,  
40.1413

■ 14.1728, 15.8016,  
39.8395

■ 17.6239, 20.0498,  
40.4776

■ 12.9667, 14.0704,  
39.5689

■ 19.9354, 22.6044,  
40.8489

■ 12.0303, 12.5593,  
39.3266

■ 22.6751, 25.4674,  
41.2571

■ 11.9110, 12.3636,  
39.2951

■ 25.8677, 28.6532,  
41.7037

■ 29.5359, 32.1749,  
42.1902

■ 33.7007, 36.0449,  
42.7176

■ 38.3820, 40.2749,  
43.2874

■ 43.5984, 44.8757,  
43.9005

■ 49.3675, 49.8579,  
44.5581

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.3424, 17.7874, 34.1412



15.7126, 17.7874, 40.1413



18.6963, 17.7874, 39.5119

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.7126, 17.7874, 40.1413



22.9544, 17.7874, 14.8228



13.0278, 17.7874, 10.3040

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.7126, 17.7874, 40.1413



21.4675, 17.6170, 5.6379

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.2345, 17.7874, 7.5873



15.7126, 17.7874, 40.1413



21.0544, 17.7874, 9.6215

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.7126, 17.7874, 40.1413



23.1214, 17.7874, 23.0856



18.1592, 17.7874, 7.3809



11.9187, 17.7874, 16.0717



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.7126, 17.7874, 40.1413



20.6392, 17.7874, 35.4232



18.1592, 17.7874, 7.3809



13.6532, 17.7874, 9.0873

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.7132, 17.7880, 40.1417



51.0093, 55.8333, 75.3135



17.8364, 30.0052, 16.2763



10.7368, 11.8046, 16.3648



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.7132, 17.7880, 40.1417



24.2684, 26.7468, 71.1087



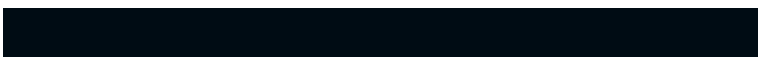
10.6099, 7.5814, 38.4406



7.4941, 8.0252, 9.5724



8.9304, 9.3211, 29.3040



0.2651, 0.3225, 0.7289



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.2110, 12.4120, 20.0173



35.3892, 18.7267, 29.7612



28.8045, 32.2910, 8.0836



7.7140, 7.6155, 8.8112



14.0083, 7.0120, 10.1211



0.3650, 0.1803, 0.3734



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.7126, 17.7874, 40.1413 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.7126, 17.7874, 40.1413 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

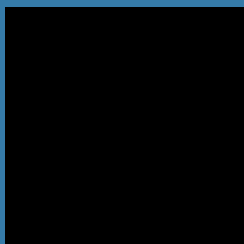
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

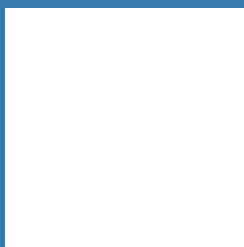
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 15.7126, 17.7874, 40.1413**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.7126, 17.7874, 40.1413.



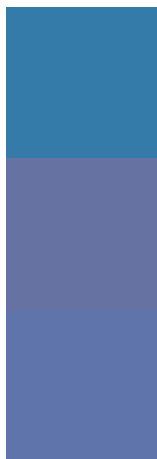
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.7126, 17.7874,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.7126, 17.7874, 40.1413

### Protanopia

18.1318, 17.6949, 36.6422

### Deuteranopia

18.2122, 17.8107, 41.0060



## Tritanopia

13.1377, 17.8879, 27.1864

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.7126, 17.7874, 40.1413

## Protanomaly

16.9261, 17.5583, 38.0943

## Deuteranomaly

17.0770, 17.7582, 40.5578

## Tritanomaly

13.9695, 17.8319, 31.5598

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.7126, 17.7874, 40.1413

## Achromatopsia

13.9749, 14.7027, 16.0113

## Achromatomaly

13.8649, 15.4482, 23.3701

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.7126, 17.7874, 40.1413 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(53, 123, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(53, 123, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 123, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(53, 123, 169) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.7126, 17.7874, 40.1413 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(53, 123, 169) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(53, 123, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(53, 123, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(53, 123, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 123, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 123,  
169) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.7126, 17.7874, 40.1413 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(53, 123, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(53, 123,  
169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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