

# Converting Colors

XYZ(15.7246, 29.2928, 11.8287)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(15.7246, 29.2928, 11.8287)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(15.7268, 29.2917,  
11.8462)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	01AA4D
RGB	1, 170, 77
RGB Percent	0%, 67%, 30%
CMY	0.9961, 0.3333, 0.6980
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.55, 0.33
HSL	147°, 99%, 34%
HSV	147°, 99%, 67%
XYZ	15.7268, 29.2917, 11.8462
YIQ	108.8670, -70.8710, -64.7510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

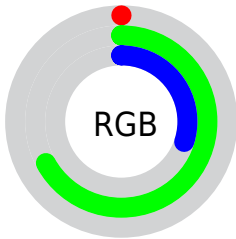
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	1, 118, 170
Decimal	109133
CIELab	61.04, -57.56, 37.35
CIELCh	61, 68.618, 147.025
Yxy	29.2917, 0.2766, 0.5151
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278299213 (0xFF01AA4D)
YUV	108.8670, -15.7104, -94.5994
Hunter-Lab	54.1218, -42.8444, 24.9078

# Details

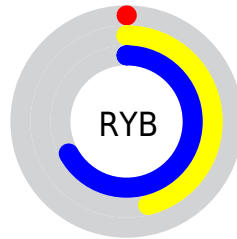
The XYZ color **15.7268, 29.2917, 11.8462** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **18.6098, 9.3765, 11.4202**, and the grayscale version is **14.5566, 15.3147, 16.6777**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.7790, 58.7720, 29.8805**, and **6.4432, 12.5699, 3.1236** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.6954, 29.2786, 11.7437**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.3190, 29.5569, 13.7249**.

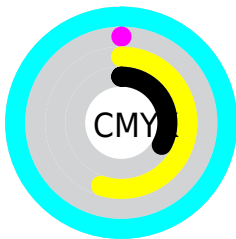
# Distribution



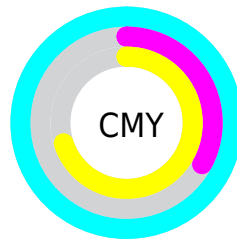
- Red (0%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (33%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (70%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.7268, 29.2917, 11.8462 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.7268, 29.2917, 11.8462 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 15.7268, 29.2917,  
11.8462


 15.7268, 29.2917,  
11.8462


221.0264,  
298.5888, 214.3261


 9.4207, 19.3016,  
6.5178


 35.6846, 58.5402,  
29.8749


 5.0759, 11.8884,  
3.0886


 50.0669, 78.5674,  
43.4122


 2.3271, 6.6677,  
1.1400


 67.8720, 102.7091,  
60.5229

 0.8085, 3.2552,  
0.0000

 89.4652, 131.3497,  
81.6255

 0.0000, 1.2664,  
0.0000

 115.2119,  
164.8736, 107.1386

 0.0000, 0.1149,  
0.0000

 145.4774,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

203.6651, 137.4807

0.0000

180.6271,  
248.1087, 173.0704

■ 15.7268, 29.2917,  
11.8462

■ 15.7268, 29.2917,  
11.8462

■ 15.6954, 29.2786,  
11.7437

■ 16.3190, 29.5569,  
13.7249

■ 17.1668, 29.9472,  
15.8729

■ 18.3452, 30.5021,  
18.3038

■ 19.8915, 31.2406,  
21.0282

■ 21.8379, 32.1790,  
24.0560

■ 24.2127, 33.3318,  
27.3968

■ 27.0416, 34.7120,  
31.0596

■ 30.3481, 36.3316,  
35.0529

■ 34.1542, 38.2018,  
39.3850

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.7118, 29.2917, 5.0166



15.7268, 29.2917, 11.8462



13.9170, 29.2917, 29.3967

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.7268, 29.2917, 11.8462



26.9548, 29.2917, 111.1029



46.2194, 29.2917, 14.2934

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.7268, 29.2917, 11.8462



18.6098, 9.3765, 11.4202

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.8785, 29.2917, 34.5282



15.7268, 29.2917, 11.8462



36.4427, 29.2917, 99.2974

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.7268, 29.2917, 11.8462



19.4641, 29.2917, 93.9280



44.9750, 29.2917, 67.0698



38.3307, 29.2917, 5.8018



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.7268, 29.2917, 11.8462



14.3839, 29.2917, 48.6659



44.9750, 29.2917, 67.0698



47.8194, 29.2917, 19.4998

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.7275, 29.2929, 11.8469



48.4364, 62.6730, 55.5674



19.2862, 31.2816, 5.0504



10.3187, 13.7406, 11.7749



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.7275, 29.2929, 11.8469



28.3703, 53.0784, 20.7467



20.6230, 31.2511, 37.6262



7.5717, 8.4617, 8.7308



11.5727, 21.5478, 8.7826



0.3075, 0.5346, 0.3504



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.6098, 9.3765, 11.4202



33.5965, 16.9132, 19.9341



16.6572, 8.5954, 1.1378



7.6973, 7.6088, 8.7234



13.6946, 6.8865, 8.4690



0.3584, 0.1776, 0.3389



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.7268, 29.2917, 11.8462 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.7268, 29.2917, 11.8462 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 15.7268, 29.2917, 11.8462

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.7268, 29.2917, 11.8462.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.7268, 29.2917,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.7268, 29.2917, 11.8462

### Protanopia

26.2534, 28.6688, 9.7802

### Deuteranopia

29.3779, 28.8770, 12.6198



## Tritanopia

22.3604, 29.3170, 44.0154

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.7268, 29.2917, 11.8462



## Protanomaly

18.4846, 26.7941, 10.3284



## Deuteranomaly

19.5290, 26.3198, 12.0336



## Tritanomaly

18.8177, 28.8781, 28.6270

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.7268, 29.2917, 11.8462



## Achromatopsia

14.5356, 15.2926, 16.6537



## Achromatomaly

12.7998, 18.3978, 14.1858

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.7268, 29.2917, 11.8462 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 170, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 170, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 170, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 170, 77) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.7268, 29.2917, 11.8462 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 170, 77) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 170, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 170, 77)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 170, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 170, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 170, 77)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.7268, 29.2917, 11.8462 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 170, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 170,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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