

# Converting Colors

XYZ(15.7831, 19.9802, 3.3119)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(15.7831, 19.9802, 3.3119)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(15.7831, 19.9802,  
3.3119)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	78820A
RGB	120, 130, 10
RGB Percent	47%, 51%, 4%
CMY	0.5294, 0.4902, 0.9607
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.92, 0.49
HSL	65°, 86%, 27%
HSV	65°, 92%, 51%
XYZ	15.7831, 19.9802, 3.3119
YIQ	113.3300, 32.5600, -39.4400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

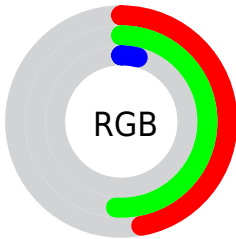
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	10, 130, 20
Decimal	7897610
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	51.81, -17.48, 54.49
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	52, 57.226, 107.787
Yxy	19.9802, 0.4039, 0.5113
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286087690 (0xFF78820A)
YUV	113.3300, -50.9417, 5.8496
Hunter-Lab	44.6992, -15.1961, 26.8965

# Details

The XYZ color **15.7831, 19.9802, 3.3119** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **4.4269, 1.9780, 21.2687**, and the grayscale version is **15.9350, 16.7648, 18.2569**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.7500, 43.4359, 12.4610**, and **5.3263, 7.1138, 1.0924** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.6135, 19.8998, 3.0181**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.0347, 20.0990, 3.8455**.

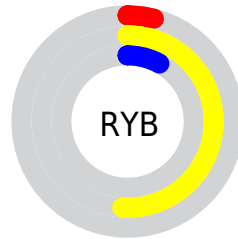
# Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (51%)

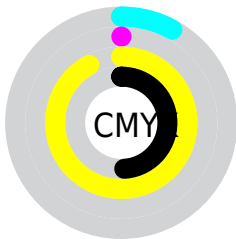
Blue (4%)



Red (4%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (8%)

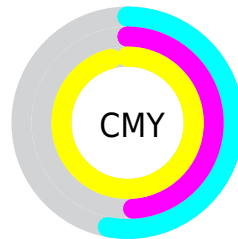


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (92%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (96%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.7831, 19.9802, 3.3119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.7831, 19.9802, 3.3119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 15.7831, 19.9802,  
3.3119

■ 15.7831, 19.9802,  
3.3119

221.3541,  
251.8079, 140.2391

■ 9.4607, 12.3807,  
1.2560

■ 35.7817, 43.3840,  
12.3888

■ 5.1024, 7.0035,  
0.0253

■ 50.1887, 59.9570,  
20.2470

■ 2.3428, 3.4643,  
0.0000

■ 68.0211, 80.2900,  
30.8763

■ 0.8164, 1.3787,  
0.0000

■ 89.6445, 104.7673,  
44.6952


■ 0.0000, 0.2009,  
0.0000


■ 115.4241,  
133.7734, 62.1225


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 145.7253,


167.6926, 83.5765


 180.9135,  
206.9093, 109.4759


 15.7831, 19.9802,  
3.3119


 15.7831, 19.9802,  
3.3119


 15.6135, 19.8998,  
3.0181

 16.0347, 20.0990,  
3.8455

 16.3514, 20.2434,  
4.7155

 16.7420, 20.4175,  
5.9655

 17.2135, 20.6242,  
7.6327

 17.7722, 20.8659,  
9.7496

■ 18.4235, 21.1449,  
12.3455

■ 19.1727, 21.4632,  
15.4474

■ 20.0243, 21.8227,  
19.0802

■ 20.9830, 22.2252,  
23.2672

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.4492, 19.9802, 3.0879



15.7831, 19.9802, 3.3119



11.8696, 19.9802, 6.5769

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.7831, 19.9802, 3.3119



12.4391, 19.9802, 55.0266



32.1108, 19.9802, 29.2365

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.7831, 19.9802, 3.3119



4.4269, 1.9780, 21.2687

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.5073, 19.9802, 51.0490



15.7831, 19.9802, 3.3119



16.7274, 19.9802, 70.2914

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.7831, 19.9802, 3.3119



10.2269, 19.9802, 33.0446



22.6056, 19.9802, 68.5489



31.7140, 19.9802, 13.3833



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.7831, 19.9802, 3.3119



10.4231, 19.9802, 11.7755



22.6056, 19.9802, 68.5489



31.3011, 19.9802, 36.2037

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.7836, 19.9811, 3.3123



32.9066, 37.4330, 23.6367



9.5116, 5.2687, 0.8031



7.3438, 8.4283, 4.9223



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.7836, 19.9811, 3.3123



27.4357, 35.0126, 5.3121



9.9018, 16.9490, 3.0371



4.6311, 5.0018, 4.6415



14.9728, 19.0811, 2.8939



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.4269, 1.9780, 21.2687



7.2775, 2.9320, 37.3749



7.4469, 3.5348, 21.4101



4.1395, 4.2275, 5.4111



3.9966, 1.6140, 20.3508



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.7831, 19.9802, 3.3119 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.7831, 19.9802, 3.3119 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 15.7831, 19.9802, 3.3119**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.7831, 19.9802, 3.3119.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.7831, 19.9802,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.7831, 19.9802, 3.3119

### Protanopia

17.8880, 19.9174, 3.0739

### Deuteranopia

20.2262, 19.8524, 3.5765



## Tritanopia

19.9199, 19.9536, 23.9206

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.7831, 19.9802, 3.3119

## Protanomaly

17.0149, 19.8426, 3.1342

## Deuteranomaly

18.3964, 19.8024, 3.4249

## Tritanomaly

17.4916, 19.5228, 11.6505

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.7831, 19.9802, 3.3119

## Achromatopsia

15.6958, 16.5132, 17.9829

## Achromatomaly

15.1038, 17.4285, 9.4055

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.7831, 19.9802, 3.3119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 130, 10)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 130, 10)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 130, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 130, 10) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.7831, 19.9802, 3.3119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 130, 10) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 130, 10) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 130, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 130, 10); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 130, 10);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 130,  
10) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.7831, 19.9802, 3.3119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 130, 10) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
130, 10) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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