

Converting Colors

XYZ(15.7984, 19.1961, 13.6241)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(15.7984, 19.1961, 13.6241)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(15.8393, 19.1931,
13.6963)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C7F5F
RGB	108, 127, 95
RGB Percent	42%, 50%, 37%
CMY	0.5765, 0.5019, 0.6274
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.25, 0.50
HSL	96°, 14%, 44%
HSV	96°, 25%, 50%
XYZ	15.8393, 19.1931, 13.6963
YIQ	117.6710, -1.0520, -13.9800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

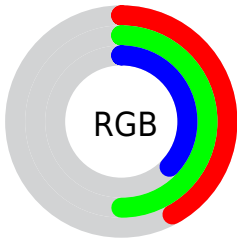
Format	Color
R_{YB}	95, 127, 114
Decimal	7110495
CIE _{Lab}	50.91, -13.27, 15.16
CIE _{LCh}	51, 20.142, 131.194
Yxy	19.1931, 0.3251, 0.3939
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285300575 (0xFF6C7F5F)
YUV	117.6710, -11.1768, -8.4815
Hunter-Lab	43.8099, -12.1314, 12.1311

Details

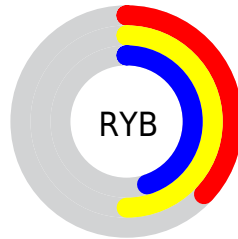
The XYZ color **15.8393, 19.1931, 13.6963** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **14.8631, 13.2946, 21.8624**, and the grayscale version is **17.1515, 18.0447, 19.6507**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.0068, 42.1914, 33.4401**, and **5.1422, 6.6312, 3.9147** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.4307, 18.5289, 10.8587**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.4224, 19.9375, 17.0343**.

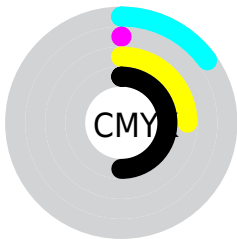
Distribution



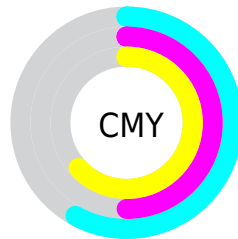
- Red (42%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.8393, 19.1931, 13.6963 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.8393, 19.1931, 13.6963 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.8393, 19.1931,
13.6963

■ 15.8393, 19.1931,
13.6963

221.6807,
247.5127, 226.6956

■ 9.5006, 11.8099,
7.7734

■ 35.8787, 42.0601,
33.2585

■ 5.1289, 6.6144,
3.8646

■ 50.3101, 58.3128,
47.7349

■ 2.3586, 3.2221,
1.5514

■ 68.1699, 78.2906,
65.8996

■ 0.8244, 1.2488,
0.2558

■ 89.8233, 102.3782,
88.1710

■ 0.0000, 0.1010,
0.0000

115.6357,
130.9597, 114.9678

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

145.9725,

164.4198, 146.7085

181.1991,
203.1426, 183.8115

■ 15.8393, 19.1931,
13.6963

■ 15.8393, 19.1931,
13.6963

■ 14.4307, 18.5289,
10.8587

■ 17.4224, 19.9375,
17.0343

■ 13.1886, 17.9396,
8.4960

■ 19.1846, 20.7624,
20.8938

■ 12.1064, 17.4229,
6.5828

■ 21.1325, 21.6711,
25.2964

■ 11.1766, 16.9756,
5.0902

■ 23.2714, 22.6661,
30.2621

■ 10.3908, 16.5942,
3.9865

■ 25.6067, 23.7496,
35.8096

■ 9.7398, 16.2745,
3.2351

■ 28.1436, 24.9240,
41.9571

■ 9.2104, 16.0111,
2.7802

■ 30.8869, 26.1913,
48.7218

■ 8.9849, 15.8987,
2.5952

■ 33.8413, 27.5537,
56.1202

■ 37.0115, 29.0132,
64.1684

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.5105, 19.1931, 11.8946



15.8393, 19.1931, 13.6963



14.8585, 19.1931, 17.5644

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.8393, 19.1931, 13.6963



17.0380, 19.1931, 33.0661



22.2544, 19.1931, 18.8443

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.8393, 19.1931, 13.6963



14.8631, 13.2946, 21.8624

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.1048, 19.1931, 24.6288



15.8393, 19.1931, 13.6963



18.9945, 19.1931, 33.5794

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.8393, 19.1931, 13.6963



15.5150, 19.1931, 28.9677



20.8772, 19.1931, 30.2638



21.2722, 19.1931, 14.4862

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.8393, 19.1931, 13.6963



14.6820, 19.1931, 21.1270



20.8772, 19.1931, 30.2638



22.3365, 19.1931, 20.6707

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.8398, 19.1939, 13.6967



33.3748, 36.7213, 35.2455



16.7985, 17.2985, 13.2803



7.7145, 8.5509, 8.0332



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.8398, 19.1939, 13.6967



26.9344, 33.6962, 21.6150



14.4981, 18.4880, 14.2777



4.4286, 4.8974, 4.6320



9.0596, 16.0328, 2.6171



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.8631, 13.2946, 21.8624



24.8827, 21.3105, 38.7581



16.5045, 14.1606, 21.0438



4.3344, 4.3280, 5.4202



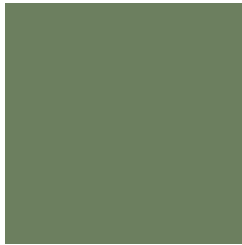
6.8207, 3.0699, 20.4830



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.8393, 19.1931, 13.6963 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.8393, 19.1931, 13.6963 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.8393, 19.1931, 13.6963

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.8393, 19.1931, 13.6963.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.8393, 19.1931,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.8393, 19.1931, 13.6963

Protanopia

17.8224, 19.1146, 12.8754

Deuteranopia

19.3876, 19.0166, 13.9580



Tritanopia

18.0638, 19.1624, 24.5764

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.8393, 19.1931, 13.6963

Protanomaly

16.9439, 19.0212, 13.1343

Deuteranomaly

17.8811, 18.9446, 13.7806

Tritanomaly

17.2195, 19.1920, 20.2496

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.8393, 19.1931, 13.6963

Achromatopsia

17.2197, 18.1164, 19.7288

Achromatomaly

16.5913, 18.3779, 17.4247

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.8393, 19.1931, 13.6963 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 127, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 127, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 127, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 127, 95) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.8393, 19.1931, 13.6963 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 127, 95) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 127, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 127, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 127, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 127, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 127,  
95) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.8393, 19.1931, 13.6963 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 127, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
127, 95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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