

Converting Colors

XYZ(15.8440, 17.1222, 20.1914)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(15.8440, 17.1222, 20.1914)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(15.8199, 17.0350,
20.2236)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C7478
RGB	108, 116, 120
RGB Percent	42%, 45%, 47%
CMY	0.5765, 0.5451, 0.5294
CMYK	0.10, 0.03, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	200°, 5%, 45%
HSV	200°, 10%, 47%
XYZ	15.8199, 17.0350, 20.2236
YIQ	114.0640, -6.0520, -0.4520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

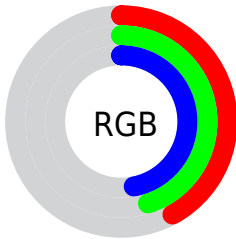
Format	Color
R_{YB}	108, 113, 120
Decimal	7107704
CIE _{Lab}	48.30, -2.14, -3.24
CIE _{LCh}	48, 3.882, 236.631
Yxy	17.0350, 0.2980, 0.3209
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285297784 (0xFF6C7478)
YUV	114.0640, 2.9264, -5.3181
Hunter-Lab	41.2735, -3.8105, -0.1601

Details

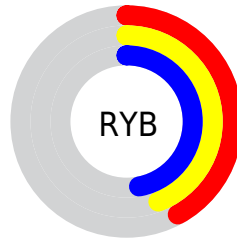
The XYZ color **15.8199, 17.0350, 20.2236** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **16.2468, 16.6640, 16.5478**, and the grayscale version is **16.0066, 16.8402, 18.3390**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.7471, 38.3547, 44.5489**, and **5.1613, 5.5942, 6.9387** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.0089, 15.4323, 20.0100**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.8527, 18.7824, 20.4540**.

Distribution



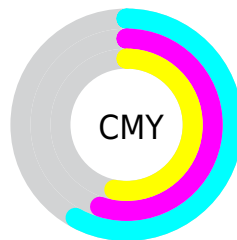
- Red (42%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.8199, 17.0350, 20.2236 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.8199, 17.0350, 20.2236 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.8199, 17.0350,
20.2236

■ 15.8199, 17.0350,
20.2236

221.5680,
235.3740, 265.7672

■ 9.4868, 10.2594,
12.3720

■ 35.8452, 38.3859,
44.6556

■ 5.1197, 5.5713,
6.8719

■ 50.2682, 53.7301,
62.0731

■ 2.3531, 2.5862,
3.3049

■ 68.1186, 72.6993,
83.5164

■ 0.8217, 0.9197,
1.2524

■ 89.7616, 95.6779,
109.4039

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0223

115.5627,
123.0502, 140.1542

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

145.8872,

155.2008, 176.1858

181.1005,
192.5139, 217.9173

■ 15.8199, 17.0350,
20.2236

■ 15.8199, 17.0350,
20.2236

■ 14.0089, 15.4323,
20.0100

■ 17.8527, 18.7824,
20.4540

■ 12.4097, 13.9674,
19.8115

■ 20.1137, 20.6768,
20.7005

■ 11.0139, 12.6361,
19.6281

■ 22.6109, 22.7231,
20.9639

■ 9.8119, 11.4330,
19.4592

■ 25.3514, 24.9255,
21.2445

■ 8.7931, 10.3524,
19.3043

■ 28.3423, 27.2876,
21.5428

7.9461, 9.3878,
19.1628

31.5899, 29.8134,
21.8592

7.2579, 8.5323,
19.0339

35.1006, 32.5063,
22.1939

6.7135, 7.7776,
18.9170

38.8806, 35.3698,
22.5474

6.2603, 7.0962,
18.8093

42.9357, 38.4074,
22.9200

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.5906, 17.0350, 19.4354



15.8199, 17.0350, 20.2236



16.1513, 17.0350, 20.5622

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.8199, 17.0350, 20.2236



16.8800, 17.0350, 18.6630



15.8882, 17.0350, 16.8603

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.8199, 17.0350, 20.2236



16.2468, 16.6640, 16.5478

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.2313, 17.0350, 16.6702



15.8199, 17.0350, 20.2236



16.8071, 17.0350, 17.6884

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.8199, 17.0350, 20.2236



16.7661, 17.0350, 19.6408



16.5684, 17.0350, 16.9680



15.6297, 17.0350, 17.4970

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.8199, 17.0350, 20.2236



16.3868, 17.0350, 20.4786



16.5684, 17.0350, 16.9680



15.9973, 17.0350, 16.7431

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.8204, 17.0357, 20.2240



30.2584, 32.0629, 35.8470



15.8146, 17.7868, 17.8709



7.1088, 7.5454, 8.4884



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.8204, 17.0357, 20.2240



27.0601, 29.2934, 35.4810



15.1723, 15.7396, 20.0080



3.9999, 4.2981, 5.0620



6.8162, 7.7149, 20.5152



31.7073, 35.1873, 97.5905

Inverse Universe

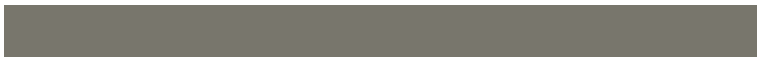
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.2611, 15.9795, 18.7511



28.0038, 27.0620, 32.3200



16.9077, 17.9859, 16.7681



4.1004, 4.0559, 4.7263



10.0238, 4.9857, 8.6824



47.4075, 23.6194, 39.2718

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.8199, 17.0350, 20.2236 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.8199, 17.0350, 20.2236 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

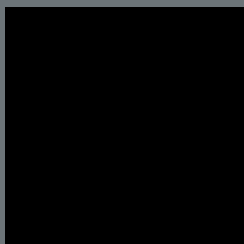
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

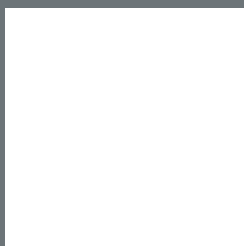
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.8199, 17.0350, 20.2236

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.8199, 17.0350, 20.2236.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.8199, 17.0350,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.8199, 17.0350, 20.2236

Protanopia

16.4173, 17.0114, 19.8710

Deuteranopia

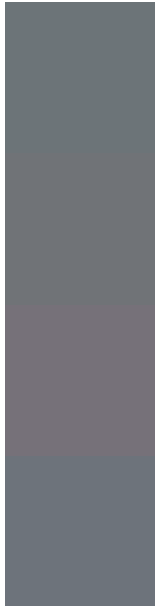
17.3040, 16.9603, 20.4508



Tritanopia

16.0755, 16.9679, 21.4966

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.8199, 17.0350, 20.2236

Protanomaly

16.1426, 17.0381, 19.8906

Deuteranomaly

16.8275, 17.0423, 20.4917

Tritanomaly

16.0126, 16.9427, 21.1652

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.8199, 17.0350, 20.2236

Achromatopsia

15.9940, 16.8269, 18.3245

Achromatomaly

15.9652, 16.9672, 18.9565

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.8199, 17.0350, 20.2236 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 116, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 116, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 116, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 116, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.8199, 17.0350, 20.2236 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 116, 120) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 116, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 116, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 116, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 116, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 116,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.8199, 17.0350, 20.2236 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 116, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
116, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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