

Converting Colors

XYZ(15.8477, 17.3528, 16.6781)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(15.8477, 17.3528, 16.6781)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(15.8781, 17.3160,
16.6928)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	71756C
RGB	113, 117, 108
RGB Percent	44%, 46%, 42%
CMY	0.5569, 0.5412, 0.5765
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.08, 0.54
HSL	87°, 4%, 44%
HSV	87°, 8%, 46%
XYZ	15.8781, 17.3160, 16.6928
YIQ	114.7780, 0.5050, -3.6470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

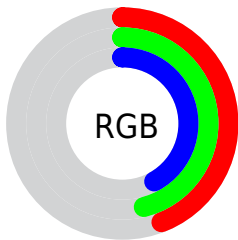
Format	Color
R_{YB}	108, 117, 112
Decimal	7435628
CIE Lab	48.66, -3.31, 4.43
CIE LCh	49, 5.536, 126.779
Yxy	17.3160, 0.3183, 0.3471
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285625708 (0xFF71756C)
YUV	114.7780, -3.3416, -1.5593
Hunter-Lab	41.6125, -4.7115, 5.3446

Details

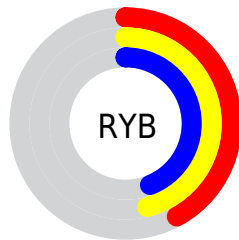
The XYZ color **15.8781, 17.3160, 16.6928** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **15.2562, 15.4547, 19.0095**, and the grayscale version is **16.2386, 17.0842, 18.6047**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.9630, 38.8785, 38.4097**, and **5.1504, 5.7170, 5.2469** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.6467, 16.7489, 13.5999**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.2325, 17.9378, 20.2285**.

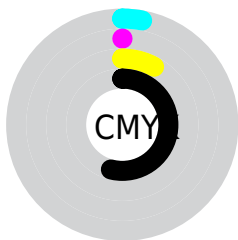
Distribution



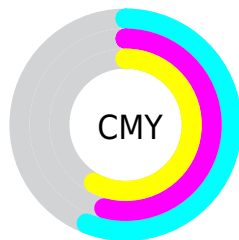
- Red (44%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.8781, 17.3160, 16.6928 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.8781, 17.3160, 16.6928 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.8781, 17.3160,
16.6928

■ 15.8781, 17.3160,
16.6928

221.9059,
236.9869, 245.3795

■ 9.5282, 10.4600,
9.8561

■ 35.9456, 38.8683,
38.5802

■ 5.1472, 5.7050,
5.1993

■ 50.3940, 54.3334,
54.4680

■ 2.3695, 2.6666,
2.3039

■ 68.2725, 73.4371,
74.2099

■ 0.8299, 0.9602,
0.7334

■ 89.9467, 96.5636,
98.2244

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

115.7817,
124.0975, 126.9300

146.1430,

156.4231, 160.7454

181.3960,
193.9247, 200.0891

■ 15.8781, 17.3160,
16.6928

■ 15.8781, 17.3160,
16.6928

■ 14.6467, 16.7489,
13.5999

■ 17.2325, 17.9378,
20.2285

■ 13.5328, 16.2326,
10.9312

■ 18.7120, 18.6137,
24.2222

■ 12.5328, 15.7661,
8.6686

■ 20.3209, 19.3459,
28.6901

■ 11.6422, 15.3476,
6.7919

■ 22.0625, 20.1358,
33.6470

■ 10.8562, 14.9750,
5.2796

■ 23.9401, 20.9848,
39.1072

■ 10.1695, 14.6463,
4.1078

■ 25.9567, 21.8943,
45.0842

■ 9.5765, 14.3589,
3.2499

■ 28.1156, 22.8654,
51.5912

■ 9.0704, 14.1102,
2.6753

■ 30.4196, 23.8995,
58.6409

■ 8.6354, 13.8938,
2.3041

■ 32.8716, 24.9978,
66.2455

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.3428, 17.3160, 16.2003



15.8781, 17.3160, 16.6928



15.5734, 17.3160, 17.7683

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.8781, 17.3160, 16.6928



16.0747, 17.3160, 21.5550



17.4516, 17.3160, 18.5246

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.8781, 17.3160, 16.6928



15.2562, 15.4547, 19.0095

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.3762, 17.3160, 19.9834



15.8781, 17.3160, 16.6928



16.5744, 17.3160, 21.7831

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.8781, 17.3160, 16.6928



15.6852, 17.3160, 20.5864



17.0525, 17.3160, 21.1945



17.2564, 17.3160, 17.2220

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.8781, 17.3160, 16.6928



15.4984, 17.3160, 18.6968



17.0525, 17.3160, 21.1945



17.4571, 17.3160, 19.0124

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.8786, 17.3167, 16.6932



29.7729, 31.6232, 33.3635



15.8267, 16.4315, 16.5250



6.8542, 7.2748, 7.6941



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.8786, 17.3167, 16.6932



28.0790, 30.8450, 28.9881



15.3262, 17.0320, 16.6673



3.8170, 4.1891, 3.9497



9.3912, 15.2457, 2.4477



44.7672, 73.7801, 11.8815

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.2562, 15.4547, 19.0095



26.7550, 26.8836, 33.9159



15.8298, 15.7504, 19.0363



3.6408, 3.6622, 4.6052



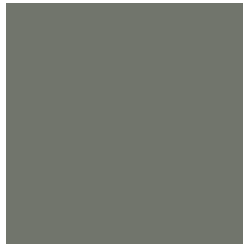
5.0817, 2.2110, 18.7015



23.8089, 10.2824, 91.0901

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.8781, 17.3160, 16.6928 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

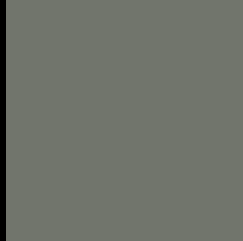
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.8781, 17.3160, 16.6928 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

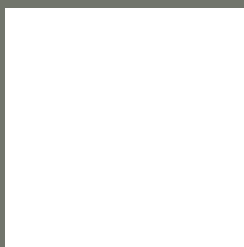
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.8781, 17.3160, 16.6928

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.8781, 17.3160, 16.6928.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.8781, 17.3160,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.8781, 17.3160, 16.6928

Protanopia

16.5303, 17.3161, 16.3810

Deuteranopia

17.6077, 17.3596, 16.8907



Tritanopia

16.8391, 17.3615, 21.5324

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.8781, 17.3160, 16.6928

Protanomaly

16.2354, 17.3342, 16.4001

Deuteranomaly

16.9460, 17.3497, 16.9237

Tritanomaly

16.4548, 17.3762, 19.6262

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.8781, 17.3160, 16.6928

Achromatopsia

16.2955, 17.1441, 18.6699

Achromatomaly

16.1095, 17.2380, 17.8074

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.8781, 17.3160, 16.6928 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 117, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 117, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 117, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 117, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.8781, 17.3160, 16.6928 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 117, 108) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 117, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 117, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 117, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 117, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 117,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.8781, 17.3160, 16.6928 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 117, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
117, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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