

Converting Colors

XYZ(15.8863, 16.7208, 20.7153)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(15.8863, 16.7208, 20.7153)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(15.9606, 16.7548,
20.8051)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E727A
RGB	110, 114, 122
RGB Percent	43%, 45%, 48%
CMY	0.5686, 0.5529, 0.5216
CMYK	0.10, 0.07, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	220°, 5%, 45%
HSV	220°, 10%, 48%
XYZ	15.9606, 16.7548, 20.8051
YIQ	113.7160, -4.9520, 1.6400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

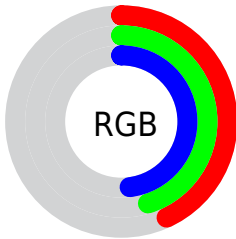
Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 113, 122
Decimal	7238266
CIE Lab	47.95, 0.21, -4.94
CIE LCh	48, 4.941, 272.385
Yxy	16.7548, 0.2982, 0.3131
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285428346 (0xFF6E727A)
YUV	113.7160, 4.0840, -3.2589
Hunter-Lab	40.9326, -2.0307, -1.4829

Details

The XYZ color **15.9606, 16.7548, 20.8051** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **17.3190, 18.2201, 17.3562**, and the grayscale version is **15.8989, 16.7268, 18.2155**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.1765, 38.0098, 45.4743**, and **5.1374, 5.4016, 7.0752** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.6692, 14.2723, 20.4470**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.5435, 19.5095, 21.2009**.

Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (45%)

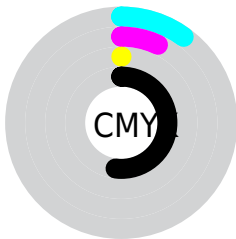
Blue (48%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (48%)

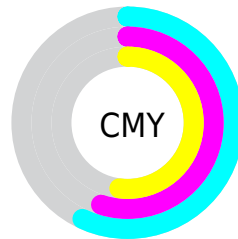


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.9606, 16.7548, 20.8051 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.9606, 16.7548, 20.8051 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.9606, 16.7548,
20.8051

■ 15.9606, 16.7548,
20.8051

222.3841,
233.7554, 268.9878

■ 9.5869, 10.0598,
12.7918

■ 36.0878, 37.9037,
45.6395

■ 5.1861, 5.4386,
7.1563

■ 50.5720, 53.1264,
63.2977

■ 2.3928, 2.5069,
3.4801

■ 68.4905, 71.9605,
85.0078

■ 0.8415, 0.8801,
1.3447

■ 90.2086, 94.7904,
111.1886

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0980

116.0917,
122.0004, 142.2584

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

146.5050,

153.9750, 178.6358

181.8140,
191.0985, 220.7395

■ 15.9606, 16.7548,
20.8051

■ 15.9606, 16.7548,
20.8051

■ 13.6692, 14.2723,
20.4470

■ 18.5435, 19.5095,
21.2009

■ 11.6574, 12.0515,
20.1243

■ 21.4266, 22.5426,
21.6344

■ 9.9142, 10.0837,
19.8364

■ 24.6198, 25.8626,
22.1070

■ 8.4277, 8.3596,
19.5820

■ 28.1323, 29.4771,
22.6195

■ 7.1848, 6.8687,
19.3597

■ 31.9728, 33.3931,
23.1729

■ 6.1713, 5.6000,
19.1682

■ 36.1496, 37.6178,
23.7682

■ 5.3712, 4.5412,
19.0060

■ 40.6710, 42.1578,
24.4063

■ 4.7664, 3.6787,
18.8714

■ 45.5447, 47.0197,
25.0878

■ 4.3021, 2.9798,
18.7610

■ 50.7781, 52.2098,
25.8138

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.5312, 16.7548, 20.5039



15.9606, 16.7548, 20.8051



16.3881, 16.7548, 20.3938

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.9606, 16.7548, 20.8051



16.6592, 16.7548, 16.9607



15.1781, 16.7548, 17.1297

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.9606, 16.7548, 20.8051



17.3190, 18.2201, 17.3562

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.4706, 16.7548, 16.2493



15.9606, 16.7548, 20.8051



16.3252, 16.7548, 16.1550

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.9606, 16.7548, 20.8051



16.7960, 16.7548, 18.1413



15.8893, 16.7548, 15.9006



15.0845, 16.7548, 18.3454

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.9606, 16.7548, 20.8051



16.6130, 16.7548, 19.7815



15.8893, 16.7548, 15.9006



15.2561, 16.7548, 16.7867

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.9611, 16.7555, 20.8055



31.0957, 32.7015, 37.0660



16.6484, 18.5376, 19.7782



7.0346, 7.3969, 8.4637



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.9611, 16.7555, 20.8055



27.0441, 28.3622, 36.4420



15.7458, 15.9890, 20.6689



3.8968, 4.0918, 5.0276



4.5147, 3.1119, 19.7480



20.8270, 13.4267, 93.9637

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.6396, 16.5047, 18.2292



28.5174, 27.8400, 30.8429



17.5478, 19.0525, 17.5048



4.0483, 4.0351, 4.4522



8.8622, 4.5210, 2.5651



41.9157, 21.4226, 10.3519

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.9606, 16.7548, 20.8051 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.9606, 16.7548, 20.8051 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

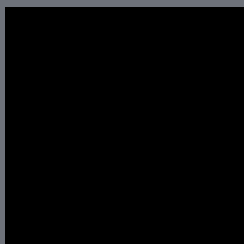
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

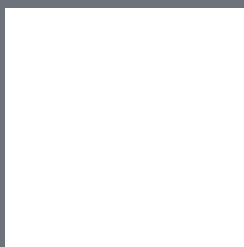
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.9606, 16.7548, 20.8051

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.9606, 16.7548, 20.8051.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.9606, 16.7548,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.9606, 16.7548, 20.8051

Protanopia

16.1664, 16.7014, 20.4608

Deuteranopia

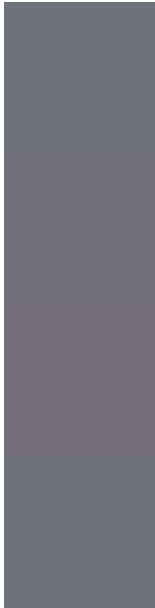
17.0362, 16.6469, 21.0542



Tritanopia

16.0229, 16.7797, 21.1332

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.9606, 16.7548, 20.8051

Protanomaly

16.0384, 16.6355, 20.4548

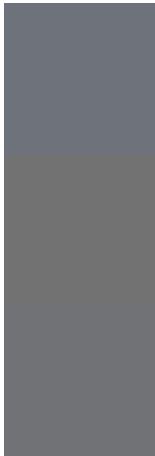
Deuteranomaly

16.5957, 16.5808, 21.0646

Tritanomaly

16.0229, 16.7797, 21.1332

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.9606, 16.7548, 20.8051

Achromatopsia

15.9940, 16.8269, 18.3245

Achromatomaly

16.0383, 16.8297, 19.2328

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.9606, 16.7548, 20.8051 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 114, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 114, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 114, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 114, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.9606, 16.7548, 20.8051 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 114, 122) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 114, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 114, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 114, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 114, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 114,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.9606, 16.7548, 20.8051 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 114, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
114, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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