

# Converting Colors

XYZ(15.9441, 28.0016, 7.8633)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(15.9441, 28.0016, 7.8633)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(15.9994, 28.1503,  
7.8391)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3DA534
RGB	61, 165, 52
RGB Percent	24%, 65%, 20%
CMY	0.7608, 0.3529, 0.7961
CMYK	0.63, 0.00, 0.68, 0.35
HSL	115°, 52%, 43%
HSV	115°, 68%, 65%
XYZ	15.9994, 28.1503, 7.8391
YIQ	121.0220, -25.7110, -57.1910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

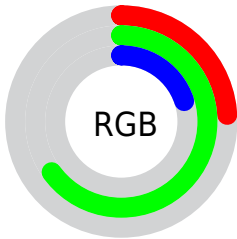
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	52, 165, 156
Decimal	4039988
CIELab	60.02, -51.62, 47.87
CIElCh	60, 70.401, 137.154
Yxy	28.1503, 0.3077, 0.5415
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282230068 (0xFF3DA534)
YUV	121.0220, -34.0278, -52.6393
Hunter-Lab	53.0569, -39.0225, 28.3798

# Details

The XYZ color **15.9994, 28.1503, 7.8391** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**. A complement of this color would be **21.7317, 12.2417, 36.8163**, and the grayscale version is **18.2942, 19.2469, 20.9599**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.1009, 56.7054, 22.1392**, and **5.7942, 11.5883, 1.9314** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.8849, 27.6123, 6.1748**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.5099, 28.8791, 10.2012**.

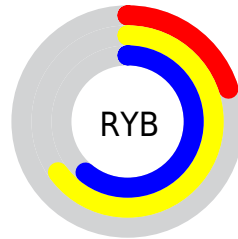
# Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (65%)

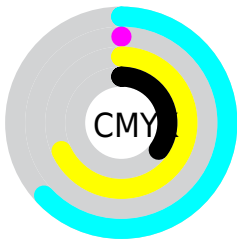
Blue (20%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (61%)

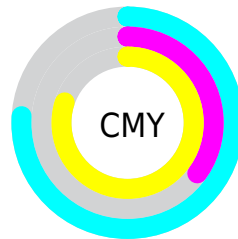


Cyan (63%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (68%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (35%)


Yellow (80%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.9994, 28.1503, 7.8391 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.9994, 28.1503, 7.8391 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 15.9994, 28.1503,  
7.8391


 15.9994, 28.1503,  
7.8391


222.6086,  
293.1844, 184.3517


 9.6146, 18.4390,  
3.9059


 36.1546, 56.7243,  
22.1833


 5.2045, 11.2656,  
1.5738


 50.6557, 76.3558,  
33.4314


 2.4037, 6.2458,  
0.2721


 68.5930, 100.0628,  
47.9549

 0.8470, 2.9951,  
0.0000

 90.3317, 128.2297,  
66.1723

 0.0000, 1.1292,  
0.0000

 116.2373,  
161.2410, 88.5021

 0.0000, 0.0027,  
0.0000

 146.6750,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

199.4809, 115.3629

0.0000

182.0104,  
243.3339, 147.1733

■ 15.9994, 28.1503,  
7.8391

■ 15.9994, 28.1503,  
7.8391

■ 14.8849, 27.6123,  
6.1748

■ 17.5099, 28.8791,  
10.2012

■ 14.1272, 27.2440,  
5.1303

■ 19.4468, 29.8105,  
13.3243

■ 13.6737, 27.0222,  
4.5670

■ 21.8401, 30.9595,  
17.2666

■ 13.6237, 26.9980,  
4.4931

■ 24.7162, 32.3386,  
22.0804

■ 28.0997, 33.9595,  
27.8133

■ 32.0134, 35.8330,  
34.5097

■ 36.4789, 37.9691,  
42.2110

■ 41.5162, 40.3776,  
50.9563

■ 47.1448, 43.0676,  
60.7826

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.9853, 28.1503, 3.5357



15.9994, 28.1503, 7.8391



13.2187, 28.1503, 20.9296

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.9994, 28.1503, 7.8391



23.1022, 28.1503, 108.4189



46.8477, 28.1503, 18.2700

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.9994, 28.1503, 7.8391



21.7317, 12.2417, 36.8163

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.3368, 28.1503, 42.9945



15.9994, 28.1503, 7.8391



32.1714, 28.1503, 106.2033

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.9994, 28.1503, 7.8391



16.6589, 28.1503, 82.9926



41.4958, 28.1503, 77.9961



40.2796, 28.1503, 6.8281



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.9994, 28.1503, 7.8391



13.0337, 28.1503, 37.2223



41.4958, 28.1503, 77.9961



47.7731, 28.1503, 24.9024

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.0001, 28.1515, 7.8397



48.4683, 59.9285, 46.6563



27.9568, 31.8861, 7.9304



10.2476, 12.9346, 9.6091



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.0001, 28.1515, 7.8397



25.9002, 49.0824, 9.9899



17.1284, 28.5441, 16.4330



7.0354, 7.9207, 7.5381



10.3247, 20.4330, 3.3998



0.2317, 0.4369, 0.0721



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.7317, 12.2417, 36.8163



36.7516, 18.5966, 65.4048



20.0111, 11.7621, 18.3303



7.3085, 7.1734, 8.9025



14.9341, 7.1053, 27.5141



0.3290, 0.1572, 0.5788



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.9994, 28.1503, 7.8391 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.9994, 28.1503, 7.8391 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 15.9994, 28.1503, 7.8391**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.9994, 28.1503, 7.8391.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.9994, 28.1503,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.9994, 28.1503, 7.8391

### Protanopia

25.1643, 27.7208, 6.6091

### Deuteranopia

28.1753, 27.7041, 8.4199



## Tritanopia

22.5552, 27.9759, 40.7703

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.9994, 28.1503, 7.8391

## Protanomaly

20.2192, 27.0298, 6.9479

## Deuteranomaly

21.1891, 26.3238, 7.9672

## Tritanomaly

19.0704, 27.5541, 23.7154

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.9994, 28.1503, 7.8391

## Achromatopsia

18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219

## Achromatomaly

16.2026, 21.3885, 14.3408

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.9994, 28.1503, 7.8391 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 165, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(61, 165, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 165, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 165, 52) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.9994, 28.1503, 7.8391 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 165, 52) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 165, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(61, 165, 52)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 165, 52); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 165, 52);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 165,  
52) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.9994, 28.1503, 7.8391 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 165, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 165,  
52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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