

# Converting Colors

XYZ(15.9509, 10.0036, 1.0794)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(15.9509, 10.0036, 1.0794)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(15.8818, 9.9447,  
1.0825)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A13300
RGB	161, 51, 0
RGB Percent	63%, 20%, 0%
CMY	0.3686, 0.8000, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.68, 1.00, 0.37
HSL	19°, 100%, 32%
HSV	19°, 100%, 63%
XYZ	15.8818, 9.9447, 1.0825
YIQ	78.0760, 81.9310, 7.4590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

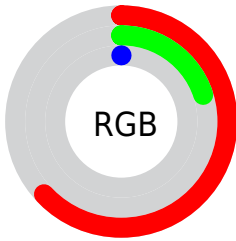
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	161, 75, 0
Decimal	10564352
CIELab	37.74, 43.74, 49.66
CIELCh	38, 66.176, 48.621
Yxy	9.9447, 0.5902, 0.3696
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288754432 (0xFFFA13300)
YUV	78.0760, -38.4915, 72.7243
Hunter-Lab	31.5352, 34.7097, 20.0394

# Details

The XYZ color **15.8818, 9.9447, 1.0825** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993300**. A complement of this color would be **12.0085, 13.7242, 35.7342**, and the grayscale version is **7.3161, 7.6971, 8.3822**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.9015, 25.6364, 6.3049**, and **5.3668, 2.7667, 0.2512** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.8819, 9.9451, 1.0825**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.5151, 11.0607, 1.7588**.

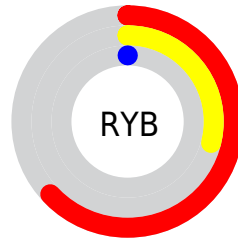
# Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (20%)

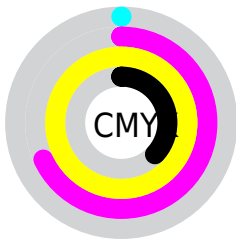
Blue (0%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (0%)

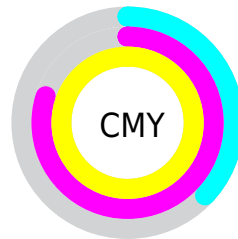


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (80%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.8818, 9.9447, 1.0825 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.8818, 9.9447, 1.0825 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 15.8818, 9.9447,  
1.0825


 15.8818, 9.9447,  
1.0825


 221.9274,  
190.2769, 105.9334


 9.5309, 5.3623,  
0.0000


 35.9520, 25.6914,  
6.3324


 5.1489, 2.4614,  
0.0000

 50.4020, 37.6246,  
11.5697

 2.3705, 0.8572,  
0.0000

 68.2823, 52.7767,  
19.1065

 0.8304, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 89.9584, 71.5323,  
29.3615


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 115.7956, 94.2758,  
42.7531


 146.1593,


121.3914, 59.6999


 181.4147,  
153.2637, 80.6205


 15.8818, 9.9447,  
1.0825


 15.8818, 9.9447,  
1.0825


 15.8819, 9.9451,  
1.0825

 16.5151, 11.0607,  
1.7588

 17.3443, 12.4483,  
2.8696

 18.4084, 14.1344,  
4.5872

 19.7274, 16.1371,  
6.9859

 21.3190, 18.4727,  
10.1292

■ 23.1988, 21.1562,  
14.0733

■ 25.3814, 24.2018,  
18.8689

■ 27.8803, 27.6228,  
24.5626

■ 30.7079, 31.4318,  
31.1973

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.3944, 9.9447, 4.9812



15.8818, 9.9447, 1.0825



11.1422, 9.9447, 0.0139

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.8818, 9.9447, 1.0825



3.5272, 9.9447, 6.8655



12.2818, 9.9447, 51.0492

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.8818, 9.9447, 1.0825



12.0085, 13.7242, 35.7342

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.9423, 9.9447, 53.2115



15.8818, 9.9447, 1.0825



3.6662, 9.9447, 20.0535

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.8818, 9.9447, 1.0825



4.5836, 9.9447, 1.5930



5.0449, 9.9447, 39.2309



16.9265, 9.9447, 34.5432



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.8818, 9.9447, 1.0825



8.2891, 9.9447, 0.0000



5.0449, 9.9447, 39.2309



10.7191, 9.9447, 53.7740

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.8820, 9.9453, 1.0827



45.2203, 43.0176, 33.2651



17.5133, 8.7033, 15.5137



9.5676, 8.9486, 6.5193



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.8820, 9.9453, 1.0827



28.2852, 17.4948, 1.8860



22.8793, 23.9399, 3.4151



7.2484, 7.4352, 7.4332



12.7177, 8.0092, 0.8756



0.3080, 0.2499, 0.0320



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.0085, 13.7242, 35.7342



21.3220, 24.2105, 63.9358



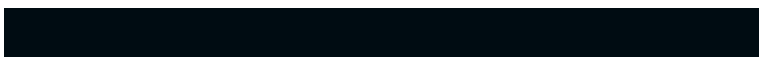
6.8852, 3.4776, 34.0264



7.0860, 7.6310, 9.0025



9.6285, 11.0364, 28.5525



0.2418, 0.3109, 0.6131



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.8818, 9.9447, 1.0825 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

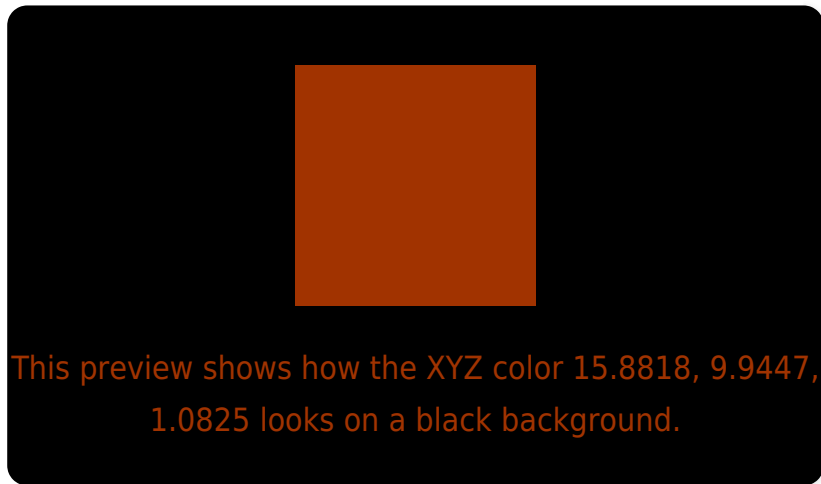
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 15.8818, 9.9447, 1.0825**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.8818, 9.9447, 1.0825.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.8818, 9.9447,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.8818, 9.9447, 1.0825

### Protanopia

9.1242, 10.1195, 2.0027

### Deuteranopia

10.1879, 10.0744, 1.4076



## Tritanopia

16.5330, 10.0256, 4.0814

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.8818, 9.9447, 1.0825

## Protanomaly

10.8132, 9.4040, 1.5618

## Deuteranomaly

11.7426, 9.5904, 1.2322

## Tritanomaly

16.2593, 9.9823, 2.4363

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.8818, 9.9447, 1.0825

## Achromatopsia

7.2414, 7.6185, 8.2966

## Achromatomaly

8.8272, 7.5527, 4.0102

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.8818, 9.9447, 1.0825 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 51, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 51, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 51, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 51, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.8818, 9.9447, 1.0825 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 51, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 51, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 51, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 51, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 51, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 51, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.8818, 9.9447, 1.0825 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 51, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161, 51,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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