

# Converting Colors

XYZ(15.9588, 28.0491, 13.2018)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(15.9588, 28.0491, 13.2018)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(15.9315, 27.9975,  
13.1587)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	27A555
RGB	39, 165, 85
RGB Percent	15%, 65%, 33%
CMY	0.8471, 0.3529, 0.6667
CMYK	0.76, 0.00, 0.48, 0.35
HSL	142°, 62%, 40%
HSV	142°, 76%, 65%
XYZ	15.9315, 27.9975, 13.1587
YIQ	118.2060, -49.4160, -51.5920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

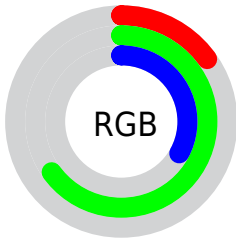
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	39, 131, 165
Decimal	2598229
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	59.89, -51.41, 31.96
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	60, 60.537, 148.136
Yxy	27.9975, 0.2791, 0.4904
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280788309 (0xFF27A555)
YUV	118.2060, -16.3706, -69.4637
Hunter-Lab	52.9127, -38.8525, 22.2942

# Details

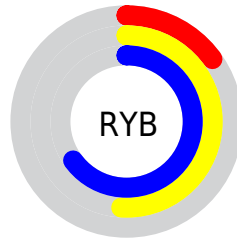
The XYZ color **15.9315, 27.9975, 13.1587** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **19.5731, 10.7827, 18.5030**, and the grayscale version is **17.3459, 18.2492, 19.8734**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.0093, 56.4335, 32.2874**, and **6.1281, 11.7219, 3.6898** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.0515, 27.5892, 11.1038**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.1462, 28.5728, 15.5523**.

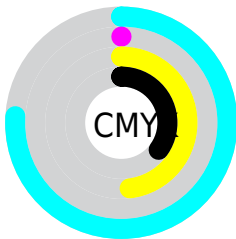
# Distribution



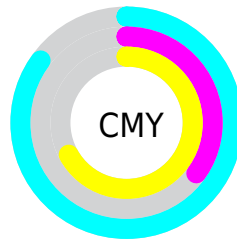
- Red (15%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Black (35%)




- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (67%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.9315, 27.9975, 13.1587 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.9315, 27.9975, 13.1587 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 15.9315, 27.9975,  
13.1587


 15.9315, 27.9975,  
13.1587


222.2155,  
292.4550, 223.1757


 9.5662, 18.3238,  
7.4059


 36.0377, 56.4805,  
32.2840


 5.1724, 11.1827,  
3.6350


 50.5092, 76.0585,  
46.4935


 2.3845, 6.1899,  
1.4273

 68.4137, 99.7067,  
64.3591

 0.8374, 2.9609,  
0.1629

 90.1163, 127.8095,  
86.2991

 0.0000, 1.1113,  
0.0000

 115.9824,  
160.7514, 112.7323

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 146.3774,

198.9167, 144.0771

181.6667,  
242.6897, 180.7520

■ 15.9315, 27.9975,  
13.1587

■ 15.9315, 27.9975,  
13.1587

■ 15.0515, 27.5892,  
11.1038

■ 17.1462, 28.5728,  
15.5523

■ 14.4576, 27.3208,  
9.3693

■ 18.7275, 29.3288,  
18.2973

■ 14.2777, 27.2402,  
8.8137

■ 20.7054, 30.2817,  
21.4084

■ 23.1064, 31.4447,  
24.8986

■ 25.9544, 32.8299,  
28.7804

■ 29.2716, 34.4486,  
33.0654

■ 33.0786, 36.3111,  
37.7651

■ 37.3949, 38.4272,  
42.8903

■ 42.2386, 40.8062,  
48.4514

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.2338, 27.9975, 6.3246



15.9315, 27.9975, 13.1587



14.4069, 27.9975, 29.1290

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.9315, 27.9975, 13.1587



26.1332, 27.9975, 95.3480



41.8817, 27.9975, 14.5676

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.9315, 27.9975, 13.1587



19.5731, 10.7827, 18.5030

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.2777, 27.9975, 31.8815



15.9315, 27.9975, 13.1587



34.2039, 27.9975, 85.0929

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.9315, 27.9975, 13.1587



19.5484, 27.9975, 82.3937



41.2349, 27.9975, 58.7223



35.1973, 27.9975, 6.8192



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.9315, 27.9975, 13.1587



14.8947, 27.9975, 45.6440



41.2349, 27.9975, 58.7223



43.2658, 27.9975, 19.1190

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.9322, 27.9986, 13.1593



48.1395, 59.6023, 53.7234



21.6934, 31.1158, 6.7821



10.1017, 12.8243, 11.1885



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.9322, 27.9986, 13.1593



26.1374, 49.0375, 17.5566



19.4887, 29.4213, 31.8878



7.0875, 7.9358, 8.0723



10.8231, 20.6156, 6.7848



0.2496, 0.4420, 0.2593



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.5731, 10.7827, 18.5030



32.8942, 16.6921, 27.1800



17.0044, 9.7552, 4.9765



7.2541, 7.1581, 8.3243



13.6831, 6.8293, 10.7877



0.3090, 0.1521, 0.3399



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.9315, 27.9975, 13.1587 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.9315, 27.9975, 13.1587 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 15.9315, 27.9975, 13.1587**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.9315, 27.9975, 13.1587.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.9315, 27.9975,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.9315, 27.9975, 13.1587

### Protanopia

25.2626, 27.4498, 10.9880

### Deuteranopia

27.8907, 27.4347, 13.9506



## Tritanopia

21.6288, 27.9818, 41.3069

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.9315, 27.9975, 13.1587



## Protanomaly

19.5848, 26.3572, 11.6446



## Deuteranomaly

20.5491, 25.8738, 13.3623



## Tritanomaly

18.8491, 27.5919, 28.3771

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.9315, 27.9975, 13.1587



## Achromatopsia

17.2197, 18.1164, 19.7288



## Achromatomaly

15.3853, 20.4924, 16.7802

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.9315, 27.9975, 13.1587 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(39, 165, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(39, 165, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(39, 165, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(39, 165, 85) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.9315, 27.9975, 13.1587 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(39, 165, 85) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(39, 165, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(39, 165, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(39, 165, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 165, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 165,  
85) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.9315, 27.9975, 13.1587 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(39, 165, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(39, 165,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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