

Converting Colors

XYZ(15.9699, 17.4300, 16.0414)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(15.9699, 17.4300, 16.0414)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(15.9022, 17.3406,
16.1446)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	72756A
RGB	114, 117, 106
RGB Percent	45%, 46%, 42%
CMY	0.5529, 0.5412, 0.5843
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.09, 0.54
HSL	76°, 5%, 44%
HSV	76°, 9%, 46%
XYZ	15.9022, 17.3406, 16.1446
YIQ	114.8490, 1.7430, -4.0570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

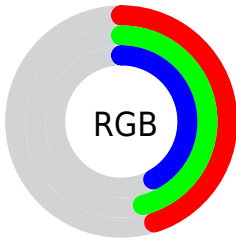
Format	Color
R_{YB}	106, 117, 109
Decimal	7501162
CIE Lab	48.69, -3.31, 5.67
CIE LCh	49, 6.565, 120.247
Yxy	17.3406, 0.3220, 0.3511
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285691242 (0xFF72756A)
YUV	114.8490, -4.3626, -0.7446
Hunter-Lab	41.6420, -4.7083, 6.1627

Details

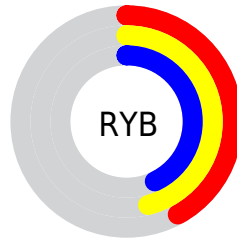
The XYZ color **15.9022, 17.3406, 16.1446** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **14.6723, 14.8441, 18.9225**, and the grayscale version is **16.2628, 17.1097, 18.6325**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.9997, 38.9172, 37.5127**, and **5.1643, 5.7303, 4.9715** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.9268, 16.9038, 13.1366**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.9761, 17.8196, 19.5914**.

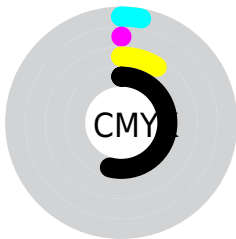
Distribution



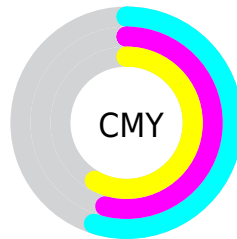
- Red (45%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.9022, 17.3406, 16.1446 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.9022, 17.3406, 16.1446 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.9022, 17.3406,
16.1446

■ 15.9022, 17.3406,
16.1446

222.0457,
237.1276, 242.0682

■ 9.5454, 10.4776,
9.4711

■ 35.9872, 38.9105,
37.6193

■ 5.1585, 5.7168,
4.9487

■ 50.4460, 54.3861,
53.2576

■ 2.3763, 2.6736,
2.1590

■ 68.3362, 73.5015,
72.7212

■ 0.8333, 0.9638,
0.6506

■ 90.0232, 96.6410,
96.4287

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

115.8723,
124.1889, 124.7986

146.2488,

156.5297, 158.2495

181.5182,
194.0478, 197.1998

■ 15.9022, 17.3406,
16.1446

■ 15.9022, 17.3406,
16.1446

■ 14.9268, 16.9038,
13.1366

■ 16.9761, 17.8196,
19.5914

■ 14.0450, 16.5056,
10.5486

■ 18.1504, 18.3398,
23.4924

■ 13.2536, 16.1452,
8.3622

■ 19.4286, 18.9033,
27.8638

■ 12.5485, 15.8209,
6.5572

■ 20.8139, 19.5114,
32.7205

■ 11.9254, 15.5311,
5.1117

■ 22.3089, 20.1651,
38.0768

■ 11.3797, 15.2738,
4.0014

■ 23.9165, 20.8656,
43.9465

■ 10.9059, 15.0468,
3.1991

■ 25.6393, 21.6139,
50.3428

■ 10.4980, 14.8477,
2.6733

■ 27.4799, 22.4112,
57.2783

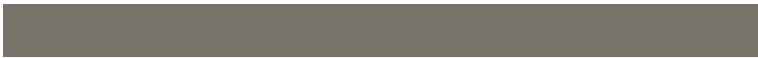
■ 10.1354, 14.6683,
2.3171

■ 29.4406, 23.2583,
64.7654

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.4767, 17.3406, 15.7392



15.9022, 17.3406, 16.1446



15.4915, 17.3406, 17.2741

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.9022, 17.3406, 16.1446



15.9107, 17.3406, 21.9261



17.6736, 17.3406, 18.8666

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.9022, 17.3406, 16.1446



14.6723, 14.8441, 18.9225

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.5133, 17.3406, 20.5845



15.9022, 17.3406, 16.1446



16.4867, 17.3406, 22.4153

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.9022, 17.3406, 16.1446



15.4963, 17.3406, 20.6108



17.0752, 17.3406, 21.9103



17.5081, 17.3406, 17.2507

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.9022, 17.3406, 16.1446



15.3607, 17.3406, 18.3217



17.0752, 17.3406, 21.9103



17.6560, 17.3406, 19.4515

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.9027, 17.3414, 16.1450



29.6707, 31.5846, 32.7201



15.3998, 15.7461, 15.8636



6.7902, 7.2478, 7.4212



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.9027, 17.3414, 16.1450



28.1337, 30.8987, 27.8372



15.2169, 16.9878, 16.1129



3.8739, 4.2184, 3.9524



11.1278, 16.1410, 2.5290



53.3734, 78.2168, 12.2843

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.6723, 14.8441, 18.9225



25.5222, 25.5982, 33.7328



15.3615, 15.1994, 18.9547



3.5858, 3.6338, 4.6026



4.1780, 1.7452, 18.6592



19.6380, 8.1323, 90.8949

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.9022, 17.3406, 16.1446 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

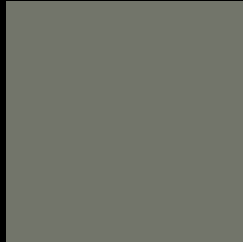
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.9022, 17.3406, 16.1446 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

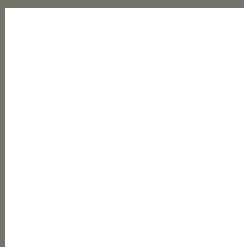
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.9022, 17.3406, 16.1446

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.9022, 17.3406, 16.1446.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.9022, 17.3406,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.9022, 17.3406, 16.1446

Protanopia

16.4263, 17.2745, 15.8331

Deuteranopia

17.6539, 17.3957, 16.3372



Tritanopia

16.9286, 17.2466, 21.1756

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.9022, 17.3406, 16.1446

Protanomaly

16.2664, 17.3623, 15.8585

Deuteranomaly

16.9833, 17.3813, 16.3697

Tritanomaly

16.5441, 17.2588, 19.2889

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.9022, 17.3406, 16.1446

Achromatopsia

16.2955, 17.1441, 18.6699

Achromatomaly

16.2403, 17.3055, 17.8136

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.9022, 17.3406, 16.1446 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 117, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 117, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 117, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 117, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.9022, 17.3406, 16.1446 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 117, 106) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 117, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 117, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 117, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 117, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 117,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.9022, 17.3406, 16.1446 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 117, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114,  
117, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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