

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.0053, 10.4220, 8.0056)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.0053, 10.4220, 8.0056)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.0053, 10.4220,
8.0056)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	993B4C
RGB	153, 59, 76
RGB Percent	60%, 23%, 30%
CMY	0.4000, 0.7686, 0.7020
CMYK	0.00, 0.61, 0.50, 0.40
HSL	349°, 44%, 42%
HSV	349°, 61%, 60%
XYZ	16.0053, 10.4220, 8.0056
YIQ	89.0440, 50.5670, 25.2150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

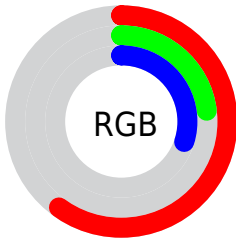
Format	Color
R_{YB}	153, 59, 76
Decimal	10042188
CIE _{Lab}	38.59, 40.81, 10.33
CIE _{LCh}	39, 42.096, 14.209
Yxy	10.4220, 0.4648, 0.3027
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288232268 (0xFF993B4C)
YUV	89.0440, -6.4307, 56.0894
Hunter-Lab	32.2831, 32.0011, 7.8954

Details

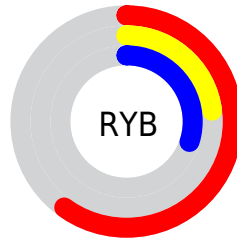
The XYZ color **16.0053, 10.4220, 8.0056** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **17.6394, 25.4900, 27.2845**, and the grayscale version is **9.5116, 10.0069, 10.8975**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.2501, 26.6984, 22.6448**, and **5.1905, 2.6457, 1.6036** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.9369, 8.9159, 5.7051**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.3897, 12.4242, 10.8305**.

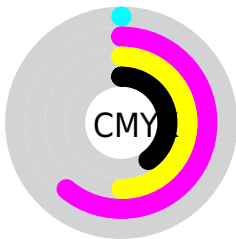
Distribution



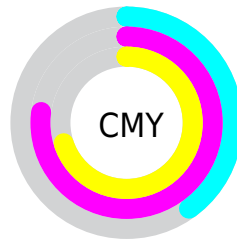
- Red (60%)
- Green (23%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (40%)





- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.0053, 10.4220, 8.0056 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.0053, 10.4220, 8.0056 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 16.0053, 10.4220,
8.0056


 16.0053, 10.4220,
8.0056


222.6428,
193.6580, 185.7122


 9.6188, 5.6796,
4.0107


 36.1648, 26.5863,
22.5158


 5.2073, 2.6513,
1.6312

 50.6684, 38.7770,
33.8681


 2.4054, 0.9525,
0.3130

 68.6085, 54.2192,
48.5101

 0.8478, 0.0000,
0.0000

 90.3504, 73.2975,
66.8601

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 116.2594, 96.3961,
89.3368

 146.7009,

123.8994, 116.3587

182.0402,
156.1919, 148.3443

■ 16.0053, 10.4220,
8.0056

■ 16.0053, 10.4220,
8.0056

■ 14.9369, 8.9159,
5.7051

■ 17.3897, 12.4242,
10.8305

■ 14.1578, 7.8606,
3.8953

■ 19.1120, 14.9591,
14.2094

■ 13.6384, 7.2054,
2.5397

■ 21.1933, 18.0620,
18.1702

■ 13.3424, 6.8545,
1.6975

■ 23.6526, 21.7645,
22.7387

■ 26.5074, 26.0959,
27.9392

■ 29.7744, 31.0838,
33.7947

■ 33.4691, 36.7537,
40.3270

■ 37.6063, 43.1303,
47.5569

■ 42.2000, 50.2365,
55.5043

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.9531, 10.4220, 16.0161



16.0053, 10.4220, 8.0056



14.2264, 10.4220, 3.6976

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.0053, 10.4220, 8.0056



6.6419, 10.4220, 3.5587



8.5283, 10.4220, 33.2101

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.0053, 10.4220, 8.0056



17.6394, 25.4900, 27.2845

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.5627, 10.4220, 25.6202



16.0053, 10.4220, 8.0056



5.6200, 10.4220, 7.6881

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.0053, 10.4220, 8.0056



8.6572, 10.4220, 2.0622



5.5940, 10.4220, 15.5106



11.2690, 10.4220, 33.4332

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.0053, 10.4220, 8.0056



12.4037, 10.4220, 2.4180



5.5940, 10.4220, 15.5106



7.7680, 10.4220, 31.3196

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.0056, 10.4226, 8.0058



43.8565, 41.2437, 43.4673



17.4296, 10.6432, 31.2725



9.3940, 8.6681, 9.0666



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.0056, 10.4226, 8.0058



26.1288, 15.1137, 8.8095



17.4796, 14.1947, 5.9570



6.2522, 6.2400, 6.7079



11.0368, 5.6689, 1.4526



0.1749, 0.0887, 0.0741

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.0056, 10.4226, 8.0058



26.1288, 15.1137, 8.8095



14.6658, 17.4541, 32.7328



6.2522, 6.2400, 6.7079



11.0368, 5.6689, 1.4526



0.1749, 0.0887, 0.0741

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.0053, 10.4220, 8.0056 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.0053, 10.4220, 8.0056 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

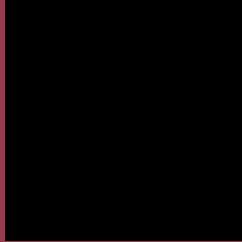
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.0053, 10.4220, 8.0056

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.0053, 10.4220, 8.0056.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.0053, 10.4220,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.0053, 10.4220, 8.0056

Protanopia

10.2311, 10.5996, 11.8626

Deuteranopia

10.7228, 10.5731, 7.6066



Tritanopia

15.5718, 10.3945, 6.1867

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.0053, 10.4220, 8.0056

Protanomaly

11.5865, 9.9249, 10.3219

Deuteranomaly

12.1687, 10.0739, 7.6064

Tritanomaly

15.6389, 10.3368, 6.8012

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.0053, 10.4220, 8.0056

Achromatopsia

9.4954, 9.9899, 10.8790

Achromatomaly

11.0067, 9.5336, 9.6476

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.0053, 10.4220, 8.0056 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 59, 76)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 59, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 59, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 59, 76) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.0053, 10.4220, 8.0056 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 59, 76) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 59, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 59, 76)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 59, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 59, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 59,  
76) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.0053, 10.4220, 8.0056 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 59, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153, 59,  
76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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