

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.0319, 15.9716, 12.0283)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.0319, 15.9716, 12.0283)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.1530, 16.0696,
12.1479)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	806C5B
RGB	128, 108, 91
RGB Percent	50%, 42%, 36%
CMY	0.4980, 0.5765, 0.6431
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.29, 0.50
HSL	28°, 17%, 43%
HSV	28°, 29%, 50%
XYZ	16.1530, 16.0696, 12.1479
YIQ	112.0420, 17.3770, -1.0470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

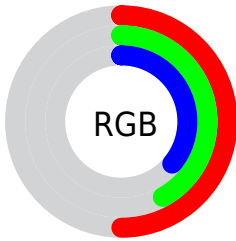
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 122, 91
Decimal	8416347
CIE _{Lab}	47.07, 5.12, 12.45
CIE _{LCh}	47, 13.464, 67.650
Yxy	16.0696, 0.3640, 0.3622
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286606427 (0xFF806C5B)
YUV	112.0420, -10.3737, 13.9952
Hunter-Lab	40.0869, 1.7744, 10.0936

Details

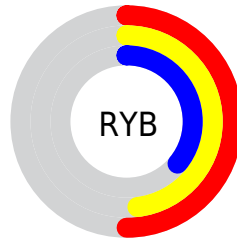
The XYZ color **16.1530, 16.0696, 12.1479** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **13.8951, 15.1513, 22.6144**, and the grayscale version is **15.4396, 16.2437, 17.6894**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.2619, 36.5431, 30.3416**, and **5.2843, 5.1466, 3.1975** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.9465, 14.4660, 9.2500**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.5125, 17.8282, 15.5619**.

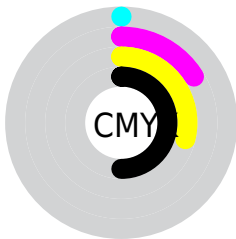
Distribution



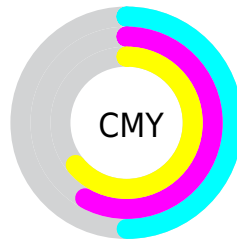
- Red (50%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.1530, 16.0696, 12.1479 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.1530, 16.0696, 12.1479 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.1530, 16.0696,
12.1479

■ 16.1530, 16.0696,
12.1479

223.4955,
229.7521, 216.3945

■ 9.7240, 9.5734,
6.7207

■ 36.4189, 36.7190,
30.4326

■ 5.2772, 5.1170,
3.2123

■ 50.9866, 51.6410,
44.1272

■ 2.4472, 2.3161,
1.2040

■ 68.9978, 70.1404,
61.4147

■ 0.8687, 0.7822,
0.0000

■ 90.8180, 92.6016,
82.7137

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

116.8125,
119.4089, 108.4426

147.3467,

150.9469, 139.0200

182.7859,
187.5998, 174.8645

■ 16.1530, 16.0696,
12.1479

■ 16.1530, 16.0696,
12.1479

■ 14.9465, 14.4660,
9.2500

■ 17.5125, 17.8282,
15.5619

■ 13.8855, 13.0106,
6.8416

■ 19.0295, 19.7439,
19.5149

■ 12.9640, 11.6993,
4.8951

■ 20.7097, 21.8216,
24.0294

■ 12.1747, 10.5269,
3.3800

■ 22.5583, 24.0654,
29.1266

■ 11.5097, 9.4878,
2.2616

■ 24.5803, 26.4791,
34.8263

■ 10.9600, 8.5759,
1.5003

■ 26.7802, 29.0663,
41.1477

■ 10.5036, 7.7797,
0.9883

■ 29.1626, 31.8307,
48.1088

■ 10.4568, 7.6986,
0.9348

■ 31.7318, 34.7757,
55.7271

■ 34.4920, 37.9048,
64.0193

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.1419, 16.0696, 13.8196



16.1530, 16.0696, 12.1479



14.9735, 16.0696, 11.8136

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.1530, 16.0696, 12.1479



13.1330, 16.0696, 18.3767



16.7023, 16.0696, 23.1641

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.1530, 16.0696, 12.1479



13.8951, 15.1513, 22.6144

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.5778, 16.0696, 24.7616



16.1530, 16.0696, 12.1479



13.5464, 16.0696, 21.7751

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.1530, 16.0696, 12.1479



13.2694, 16.0696, 15.1401



14.4269, 16.0696, 24.2231



17.4703, 16.0696, 20.0867

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.1530, 16.0696, 12.1479



14.2445, 16.0696, 12.3482



14.4269, 16.0696, 24.2231



16.3513, 16.0696, 23.9089

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.1534, 16.0703, 12.1482



33.4194, 34.6561, 34.1348



15.5319, 13.2270, 16.8748



7.7426, 8.0115, 7.7758



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.1534, 16.0703, 12.1482



26.9462, 26.3168, 17.7737



18.2707, 20.3049, 12.8540



4.4779, 4.6445, 4.5806



10.3700, 7.6363, 0.9274



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.8951, 15.1513, 22.6144



22.2584, 24.4077, 39.4943



12.1121, 11.5853, 22.0201



4.2863, 4.5666, 5.4688



5.9861, 5.7907, 21.0522



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.1530, 16.0696, 12.1479 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.1530, 16.0696, 12.1479 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

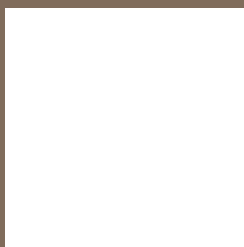
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.1530, 16.0696, 12.1479

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.1530, 16.0696, 12.1479.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.1530, 16.0696,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.1530, 16.0696, 12.1479

Protanopia

15.1314, 16.0107, 12.6488

Deuteranopia

16.3519, 16.0165, 12.1272



Tritanopia

17.3923, 16.1207, 17.8177

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.1530, 16.0696, 12.1479

Protanomaly

15.5337, 16.0621, 12.4068

Deuteranomaly

16.1993, 15.9378, 12.1200

Tritanomaly

16.9098, 16.0738, 15.5759

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.1530, 16.0696, 12.1479

Achromatopsia

15.4009, 16.2029, 17.6450

Achromatomaly

15.6543, 16.2199, 15.4024

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.1530, 16.0696, 12.1479 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 108, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 108, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 108, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 108, 91) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.1530, 16.0696, 12.1479 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 108, 91) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 108, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 108, 91)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 108, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 108, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 108,  
91) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.1530, 16.0696, 12.1479 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 108, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
108, 91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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