

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.0336, 6.4973, 80.6447)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.0336, 6.4973, 80.6447)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.0136, 6.4895,
80.5293)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 2400ED |
| RGB | 36, 0, 237 |
| RGB Percent | 14%, 0%, 93% |
| CMY | 0.8587, 1.0000, 0.0706 |
| CMYK | 0.85, 1.00, 0.00, 0.07 |
| HSL | 249°, 100%, 46% |
| HSV | 249°, 100%, 93% |
| XYZ | 16.0136, 6.4895, 80.5293 |
| YIQ | 37.7820, -54.6210, 81.3390 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

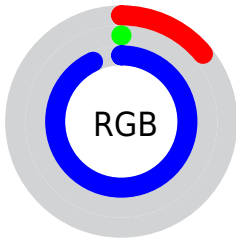
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| RYB | 36, 0, 237 |
| Decimal | 2359533 |
| CIELab | 30.62, 75.23, -100.50 |
| CIELCh | 31, 125.534, 306.817 |
| Yxy | 6.4895, 0.1554, 0.0630 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4280549613 (0xFF2400ED) |
| YUV | 37.7820, 98.2145, -1.5628 |
| Hunter-Lab | 25.4745, 67.6271, -169.5938 |

Details

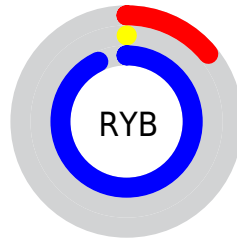
The XYZ color **16.0136, 6.4895, 80.5293** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3300FF**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **54.3657, 72.9830, 11.2217**, and the grayscale version is **1.7483, 1.8393, 2.0030**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.6976, 15.9603, 96.1759**, and **8.1367, 3.2547, 42.8472** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.0144, 6.4899, 80.5296**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.2442, 7.5996, 80.6790**.

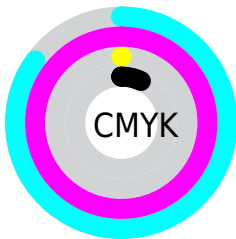
Distribution



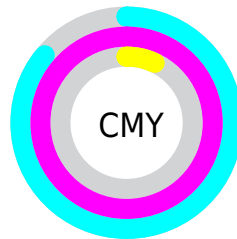
- Red (14%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)





- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.0136, 6.4895, 80.5293 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.0136, 6.4895, 80.5293 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 16.0136, 6.4895,
80.5293


 16.0136, 6.4895,
80.5293

222.6908,
163.3518, 516.4686


 9.6247, 3.1449,
59.6253


 36.1791, 18.9386,
135.9278


 5.2112, 1.2079,
42.6934


 50.6863, 28.8119,
171.2593


 2.4077, 0.0681,
29.3150


 68.6304, 41.6303,
212.2371

 0.8490, 0.0000,
19.0716

 90.3767, 57.7782,
259.2796

 0.0000, 0.0000,
11.5447

 116.2905, 77.6398,
312.8055

 0.0000, 0.0000,
6.3157


 146.7372,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


101.5997, 373.2333


2.9661


 182.0822,
130.0423, 440.9814

 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.0774


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 16.0136, 6.4895,
80.5293


 16.0136, 6.4895,
80.5293

 16.0144, 6.4899,
80.5296

 17.2442, 7.5996,
80.6790

 19.3165, 9.7251,
80.9800

 22.4029, 13.1376,
81.4761

 26.6179, 18.0043,
82.1933

■ 32.0602, 24.4666,
83.1538

■ 38.8174, 32.6489,
84.3770

■ 46.9690, 42.6633,
85.8803

■ 56.5880, 54.6124,
87.6797

■ 67.7423, 68.5909,
89.7900

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.6446, 6.4895, 117.2851



16.0136, 6.4895, 80.5293



24.0674, 6.4895, 29.7574

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.0136, 6.4895, 80.5293



11.9304, 6.4895, 0.0000



0.1786, 6.4895, 11.7696

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.0136, 6.4895, 80.5293



54.3657, 72.9830, 11.2217

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.4044, 6.4895, 0.2353



16.0136, 6.4895, 80.5293



4.8951, 6.4895, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.0136, 6.4895, 80.5293



20.8240, 6.4895, 0.0000



1.5102, 6.4895, 0.0000



0.7681, 6.4895, 51.2728

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.0136, 6.4895, 80.5293



26.4090, 6.4895, 9.0685



1.5102, 6.4895, 0.0000



0.1617, 6.4895, 5.3823

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.0144, 6.4899, 80.5296



55.3371, 50.2237, 101.3853



36.2779, 48.0980, 87.4928



10.9300, 9.6228, 21.5313



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.0144, 6.4899, 80.5296



18.8776, 7.6466, 95.0887



28.6221, 12.9894, 81.1196



14.4443, 14.6588, 18.9904



8.8114, 3.5784, 43.9692



0.7572, 0.3147, 3.4557

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.4652, 22.2206, 57.1373



53.6659, 26.2304, 67.3641



33.8472, 62.4053, 10.2615



15.6107, 15.2721, 18.5012



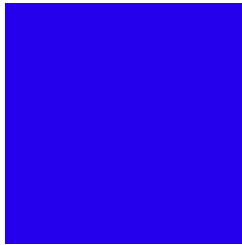
24.8616, 12.1473, 31.4020



1.9789, 0.9645, 2.6062

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.0136, 6.4895, 80.5293 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

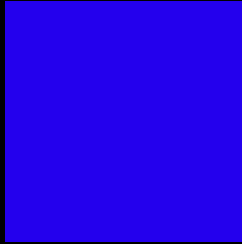
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.0136, 6.4895, 80.5293 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.0136, 6.4895, 80.5293

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.0136, 6.4895, 80.5293.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.0136, 6.4895,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.0136, 6.4895, 80.5293

Protanopia

7.5985, 6.6446, 28.8990

Deuteranopia

6.3503, 6.6752, 20.6924



Tritanopia

4.5821, 6.5407, 9.6153

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.0136, 6.4895, 80.5293

Protanomaly

9.3426, 5.2576, 43.7024

Deuteranomaly

8.1059, 4.9526, 36.6051

Tritanomaly

6.1276, 4.4350, 25.3440

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.0136, 6.4895, 80.5293

Achromatopsia

1.8423, 1.9382, 2.1107

Achromatomaly

3.9041, 2.1724, 14.9654

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.0136, 6.4895, 80.5293 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(36, 0, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(36, 0, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 0, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(36, 0, 237) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.0136, 6.4895, 80.5293 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(36, 0, 237) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(36, 0, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 0, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(36, 0, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 0, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 0, 237)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.0136, 6.4895, 80.5293 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(36, 0, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(36, 0,  
237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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