

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.0572, 12.9031, 32.9538)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.0572, 12.9031, 32.9538)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.1287, 12.9246,
33.0971)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F599C
RGB	111, 89, 156
RGB Percent	44%, 35%, 61%
CMY	0.5647, 0.6510, 0.3882
CMYK	0.29, 0.43, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	260°, 27%, 48%
HSV	260°, 43%, 61%
XYZ	16.1287, 12.9246, 33.0971
YIQ	103.2160, -8.3950, 25.5010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

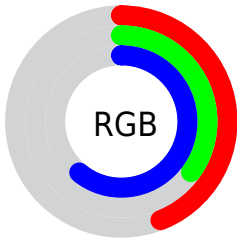
Format	Color
R_{YB}	111, 89, 156
Decimal	7297436
CIE _{Lab}	42.65, 24.02, -33.35
CIE _{LCh}	43, 41.101, 305.755
Yxy	12.9246, 0.2595, 0.2080
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285487516 (0xFF6F599C)
YUV	103.2160, 26.0225, 6.8266
Hunter-Lab	35.9508, 17.1670, -29.4181

Details

The XYZ color **16.1287, 12.9246, 33.0971** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **23.5234, 29.5668, 13.9188**, and the grayscale version is **12.8846, 13.5556, 14.7620**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.3003, 31.0609, 65.7101**, and **5.2870, 3.7193, 13.5359** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.7236, 9.9578, 32.6514**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.9645, 16.5223, 33.6423**.

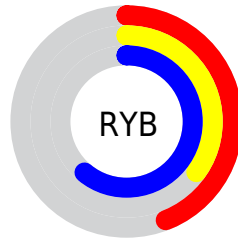
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (35%)

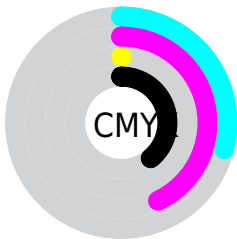
Blue (61%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (61%)

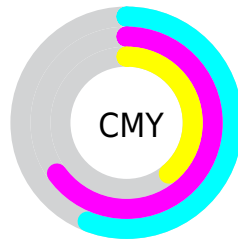


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.1287, 12.9246, 33.0971 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.1287, 12.9246, 33.0971 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.1287, 12.9246,
33.0971

■ 16.1287, 12.9246,
33.0971

223.3554,
210.4339, 330.7325

■ 9.7067, 7.3766,
21.9291

■ 36.3771, 31.1683,
65.6449

■ 5.2657, 3.6987,
13.6070

■ 50.9343, 44.6328,
87.8617

■ 2.4403, 1.5065,
7.7122

■ 68.9338, 61.5049,
114.5986

■ 0.8653, 0.2933,
3.8262

■ 90.7412, 82.1690,
146.2740

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.5305

■ 116.7217,
107.0096, 183.3066

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.2405

147.2406,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

136.4110, 226.1149

0.0000

182.6634,
170.7576, 275.1173

■ 16.1287, 12.9246,
33.0971

■ 16.1287, 12.9246,
33.0971

■ 13.7236, 9.9578,
32.6514

■ 18.9645, 16.5223,
33.6423

■ 11.7249, 7.5825,
32.2983

■ 22.2507, 20.7841,
34.2917

■ 10.1080, 5.7574,
32.0313

■ 26.0072, 25.7423,
35.0507

■ 8.8444, 4.4346,
31.8425

■ 30.2526, 31.4271,
35.9243

■ 7.9014, 3.5578,
31.7230

■ 35.0042, 37.8664,
36.9167

■ 7.3774, 3.1100,
31.6642

■ 40.2784, 45.0870,
38.0325

■ 46.0911, 53.1142,
39.2755

■ 52.4572, 61.9721,
40.6497

■ 59.3913, 71.6839,
42.1588

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.8951, 12.9246, 38.9819



16.1287, 12.9246, 33.0971



18.5977, 12.9246, 22.3610

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.1287, 12.9246, 33.0971



14.9129, 12.9246, 3.5086



7.2352, 12.9246, 15.8644

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.1287, 12.9246, 33.0971



23.5234, 29.5668, 13.9188

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.5910, 12.9246, 8.1368



16.1287, 12.9246, 33.0971



11.6934, 12.9246, 2.9731

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.1287, 12.9246, 33.0971



17.8167, 12.9246, 6.2387



9.1054, 12.9246, 4.2353



8.0353, 12.9246, 26.6696

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.1287, 12.9246, 33.0971



19.2810, 12.9246, 15.3816



9.1054, 12.9246, 4.2353



7.2256, 12.9246, 12.8402

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.1292, 12.9251, 33.0974



47.0117, 46.4566, 63.6160



18.7547, 21.7921, 34.6705



10.0188, 9.7900, 13.9320



74.8435, 78.7412, 85.7492



12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.1292, 12.9251, 33.0974



24.8932, 18.0465, 59.2980



21.0257, 15.4493, 33.3266



6.4797, 6.5358, 8.3267



6.1100, 2.5789, 26.0830



0.1513, 0.0678, 0.4683

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.5861, 15.9343, 24.4924



36.4392, 24.4286, 40.4130



19.0906, 27.2816, 13.7114



6.8114, 6.7175, 7.8582



13.4002, 6.6647, 11.6246



0.2582, 0.1266, 0.3059

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.1287, 12.9246, 33.0971 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.1287, 12.9246, 33.0971 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

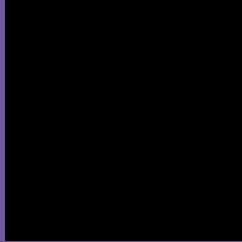
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.1287, 12.9246, 33.0971

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.1287, 12.9246, 33.0971.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.1287, 12.9246,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.1287, 12.9246, 33.0971

Protanopia

14.1550, 13.1361, 37.3868

Deuteranopia

13.2916, 12.9433, 32.3696



Tritanopia

12.7434, 13.0218, 16.0292

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.1287, 12.9246, 33.0971

Protanomaly

14.6383, 12.8678, 35.8946

Deuteranomaly

14.1238, 12.8070, 32.7379

Tritanomaly

13.7102, 12.8497, 21.1597

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.1287, 12.9246, 33.0971

Achromatopsia

12.8919, 13.5633, 14.7705

Achromatomaly

13.8244, 13.2047, 20.2325

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.1287, 12.9246, 33.0971 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 89, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 89, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 89, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 89, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.1287, 12.9246, 33.0971 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 89, 156) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 89, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 89, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 89, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 89, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 89,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.1287, 12.9246, 33.0971 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 89, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111, 89,  
156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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