

# Converting Colors

XYZ(16.0630, 17.8552, 19.3545)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(16.0630, 17.8552, 19.3545)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(16.1117, 17.9054,  
19.4365)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6C7875
RGB	108, 120, 117
RGB Percent	42%, 47%, 46%
CMY	0.5765, 0.5294, 0.5412
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.03, 0.53
HSL	165°, 5%, 45%
HSV	165°, 10%, 47%
XYZ	16.1117, 17.9054, 19.4365
YIQ	116.0700, -6.1890, -3.4770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

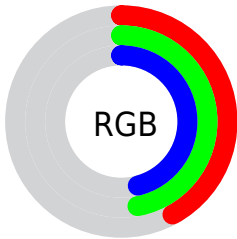
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	108, 115, 120
Decimal	7108725
CIE Lab	49.38, -5.10, 0.11
CIE LCh	49, 5.099, 178.711
Yxy	17.9054, 0.3014, 0.3350
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285298805 (0xFF6C7875)
YUV	116.0700, 0.4585, -7.0774
Hunter-Lab	42.3148, -6.0855, 2.3866

# Details

The XYZ color **16.1117, 17.9054, 19.4365** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **15.9782, 15.8664, 17.2602**, and the grayscale version is **16.6223, 17.4880, 19.0444**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.2120, 39.7405, 43.2982**, and **5.3160, 6.0565, 6.5191** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.5780, 17.1353, 18.4585**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.8530, 18.7829, 20.4545**.

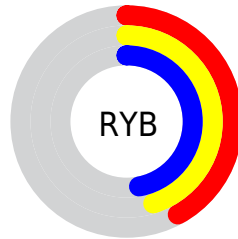
# Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (47%)

Blue (46%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (47%)

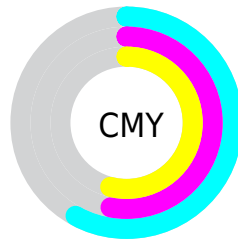


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.1117, 17.9054, 19.4365 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.1117, 17.9054, 19.4365 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 16.1117, 17.9054,  
19.4365

■ 16.1117, 17.9054,  
19.4365

223.2574,  
240.3373, 261.3506

■ 9.6946, 10.8821,  
11.8061

■ 36.3479, 39.8761,  
43.3169

■ 5.2576, 5.9876,  
6.4909

■ 50.8977, 55.5922,  
60.4039

■ 2.4355, 2.8375,  
3.0722

■ 68.8891, 74.9748,  
81.4803

■ 0.8629, 1.0475,  
1.1316

■ 90.6874, 98.4081,  
106.9645

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

116.6580,  
126.2766, 137.2751

147.1664,

158.9647, 172.8306

182.5777,  
196.8568, 214.0496

■ 16.1117, 17.9054,  
19.4365

■ 16.1117, 17.9054,  
19.4365

■ 14.5780, 17.1353,  
18.4585

■ 17.8530, 18.7829,  
20.4545

■ 13.2421, 16.4661,  
17.5186

■ 19.8082, 19.7694,  
21.5120

■ 12.0959, 15.8939,  
16.6166

■ 21.9850, 20.8695,  
22.6100

■ 11.1298, 15.4140,  
15.7518

■ 24.3904, 22.0869,  
23.7489

■ 10.3336, 15.0211,  
14.9233

■ 27.0312, 23.4248,  
24.9295

■ 9.6961, 14.7093,  
14.1305

■ 29.9137, 24.8867,  
26.1523

■ 9.2043, 14.4721,  
13.3723

■ 33.0441, 26.4757,  
27.4178

■ 8.8437, 14.3018,  
12.6477

■ 36.4282, 28.1949,  
28.7265

■ 8.5617, 14.1715,  
11.9542

■ 40.0719, 30.0471,  
30.0790

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.2413, 17.9054, 18.1541



16.1117, 17.9054, 19.4365



16.2212, 17.9054, 20.7946

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.1117, 17.9054, 19.4365



17.4661, 17.9054, 21.9093



17.5028, 17.9054, 17.3216

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.1117, 17.9054, 19.4365



15.9782, 15.8664, 17.2602

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.8416, 17.9054, 18.2525



16.1117, 17.9054, 19.4365



17.8202, 17.9054, 20.9023

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.1117, 17.9054, 19.4365



16.9978, 17.9054, 22.2620



17.9588, 17.9054, 19.5555



17.0393, 17.9054, 16.9690



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.1117, 17.9054, 19.4365



16.4163, 17.9054, 21.5520



17.9588, 17.9054, 19.5555



17.6353, 17.9054, 17.5750

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.1122, 17.9062, 19.4369



30.4187, 32.5402, 35.4169



16.0046, 17.9089, 16.8009



7.1556, 7.6849, 8.3627



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.1122, 17.9062, 19.4369



27.6869, 31.1653, 33.7839



15.9597, 17.3141, 20.2709



4.0663, 4.4961, 4.8828



9.3341, 15.4573, 13.0102



44.1706, 73.5913, 60.1956



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.9782, 15.8664, 17.2602



27.4015, 26.8210, 29.1482



16.1157, 16.4016, 16.5042



4.0356, 4.0300, 4.3853



8.7008, 4.4565, 1.7154



41.2093, 21.1400, 6.6321



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.1117, 17.9054, 19.4365 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

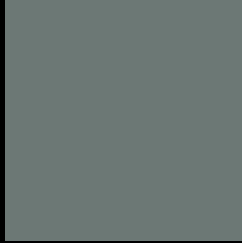
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.1117, 17.9054, 19.4365 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

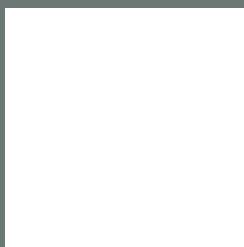
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 16.1117, 17.9054, 19.4365

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.1117, 17.9054, 19.4365.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.1117, 17.9054,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

16.1117, 17.9054, 19.4365

### Protanopia

17.2015, 17.9535, 18.7784

### Deuteranopia

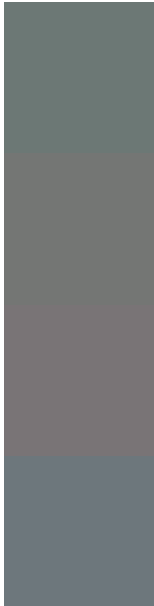
18.1894, 17.9318, 19.6420



## Tritanopia

16.8051, 17.8304, 22.9780

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

16.1117, 17.9054, 19.4365

## Protanomaly

16.8333, 17.9308, 19.0968

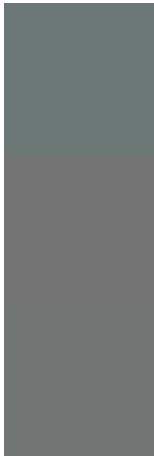
## Deuteranomaly

17.4006, 17.8637, 19.6705

## Tritanomaly

16.5416, 17.9001, 21.6520

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

16.1117, 17.9054, 19.4365

## Achromatopsia

16.6002, 17.4647, 19.0191

## Achromatomaly

16.3237, 17.4942, 19.0394

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.1117, 17.9054, 19.4365 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 120, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 120, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 120, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 120, 117) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.1117, 17.9054, 19.4365 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 120, 117) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 120, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 120, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 120, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 120, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 120,  
117) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.1117, 17.9054, 19.4365 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 120, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
120, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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