

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.0809, 8.2429, 2.8793)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.0809, 8.2429, 2.8793)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.1261, 8.2671,
2.8436)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A60029
RGB	166, 0, 41
RGB Percent	65%, 0%, 16%
CMY	0.3490, 0.9999, 0.8392
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.75, 0.35
HSL	345°, 100%, 33%
HSV	345°, 100%, 65%
XYZ	16.1261, 8.2671, 2.8436
YIQ	54.3080, 85.7750, 47.9430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

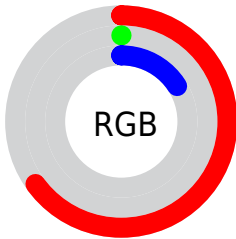
Format	Color
RYB	166, 0, 41
Decimal	10879017
CIELab	34.53, 58.99, 27.79
CIElCh	35, 65.203, 25.225
Yxy	8.2671, 0.5921, 0.3035
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289069097 (0xFFA60029)
YUV	54.3080, -6.5608, 97.9539
Hunter-Lab	28.7526, 49.7961, 14.2631

Details

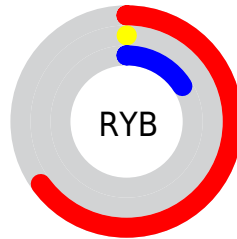
The XYZ color **16.1261, 8.2671, 2.8436** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **17.3398, 28.7537, 24.0473**, and the grayscale version is **3.5469, 3.7316, 4.0637**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.3285, 22.4736, 11.2272**, and **5.8257, 3.0033, 0.2726** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.1256, 8.2669, 2.8417**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.5747, 8.7581, 4.2460**.

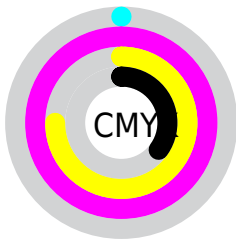
Distribution



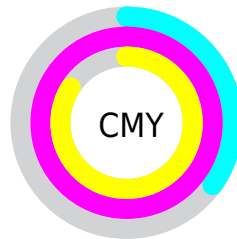
- Red (65%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Black (35%)





- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.1261, 8.2671, 2.8436 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.1261, 8.2671, 2.8436 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 16.1261, 8.2671,
2.8436


 16.1261, 8.2671,
2.8436


223.3404,
177.8122, 134.3430


 9.7048, 4.2663,
1.0153


 36.3727, 22.4804,
11.2400


 5.2645, 1.8236,
0.0000

 50.9287, 33.4618,
18.6452


 2.4396, 0.5018,
0.0000

 68.9270, 47.5388,
28.7465

 0.8649, 0.0000,
0.0000


 90.7330, 65.0958,
41.9625


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 116.7119, 86.5173,
58.7115


 147.2293,

112.1876, 79.4123

 182.6503,
142.4911, 104.4833


 16.1261, 8.2671,
2.8436

 16.1261, 8.2671,
2.8436


 16.1256, 8.2669,
2.8417

 16.5747, 8.7581,
4.2460

 17.2594, 9.6007,
6.0984

 18.2524, 10.9308,
8.4511

 19.5877, 12.8090,
11.3394

 21.2950, 15.2872,
14.7951

■ 23.4004, 18.4113,
18.8472

■ 25.9277, 22.2224,
23.5229

■ 28.8986, 26.7584,
28.8475

■ 32.3337, 32.0544,
34.8450

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.1961, 8.2671, 10.7907



16.1261, 8.2671, 2.8436



12.6087, 8.2671, 0.4182

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.1261, 8.2671, 2.8436



3.3698, 8.2671, 1.6949



7.2847, 8.2671, 47.8943

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.1261, 8.2671, 2.8436



17.3398, 28.7537, 24.0473

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.4809, 8.2671, 37.8969



16.1261, 8.2671, 2.8436



2.7147, 8.2671, 7.4218

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.1261, 8.2671, 2.8436



5.2176, 8.2671, 0.0387



3.0466, 8.2671, 20.6533



11.2650, 8.2671, 42.4545

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.1261, 8.2671, 2.8436



9.7981, 8.2671, 0.0000



3.0466, 8.2671, 20.6533



6.1919, 8.2671, 46.0945

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.1263, 8.2676, 2.8437



46.7718, 39.8996, 42.1733



15.2688, 7.0767, 36.6372



10.0332, 8.2730, 8.6421



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.1263, 8.2676, 2.8437



29.1954, 14.9752, 4.7814



16.5370, 9.7291, 1.0071



7.6042, 7.5716, 8.2332



12.5210, 6.4171, 2.2890



0.3243, 0.1640, 0.1592

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.1263, 8.2676, 2.8437



29.1954, 14.9752, 4.7814



14.1545, 17.2959, 38.6685



7.6042, 7.5716, 8.2332



12.5210, 6.4171, 2.2890



0.3243, 0.1640, 0.1592

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.1261, 8.2671, 2.8436 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

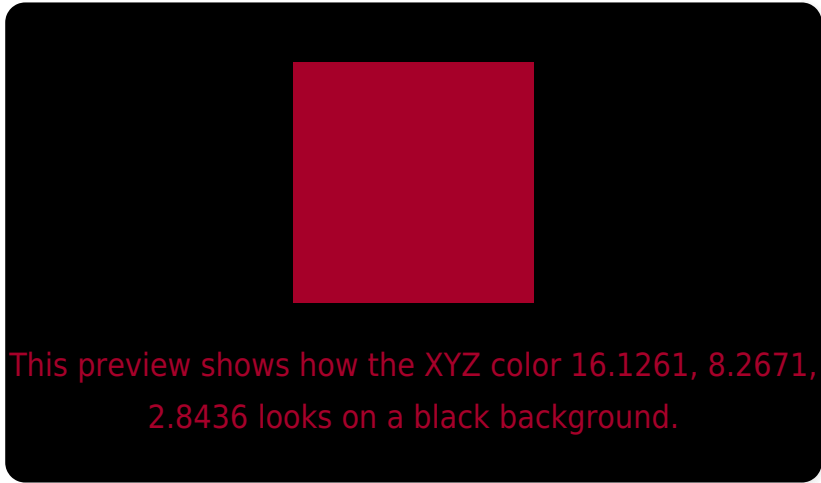
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

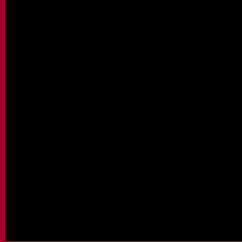
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.1261, 8.2671, 2.8436

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.1261, 8.2671, 2.8436.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.1261, 8.2671,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.1261, 8.2671, 2.8436

Protanopia

8.3542, 8.9126, 5.8374

Deuteranopia

8.9417, 8.8395, 2.5312



Tritanopia

15.7779, 8.4244, 1.1111

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.1261, 8.2671, 2.8436

Protanomaly

9.4102, 6.6641, 4.2804

Deuteranomaly

10.2396, 7.0010, 2.4018

Tritanomaly

15.7815, 8.2966, 1.5287

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.1261, 8.2671, 2.8436

Achromatopsia

3.5063, 3.6889, 4.0173

Achromatomaly

5.8457, 3.7987, 3.3308

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.1261, 8.2671, 2.8436 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 0, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 0, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 0, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 0, 41) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.1261, 8.2671, 2.8436 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 0, 41) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 0, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 0, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 0, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 0, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 0, 41)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.1261, 8.2671, 2.8436 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 0, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166, 0,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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