

# Converting Colors

XYZ(16.0818, 16.5681, 24.5353)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(16.0818, 16.5681, 24.5353)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(16.0826, 16.5679,  
24.5406)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6A7185
RGB	106, 113, 133
RGB Percent	42%, 44%, 52%
CMY	0.5843, 0.5569, 0.4784
CMYK	0.20, 0.15, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	224°, 11%, 47%
HSV	224°, 20%, 52%
XYZ	16.0826, 16.5679, 24.5406
YIQ	113.1870, -10.5920, 4.7360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

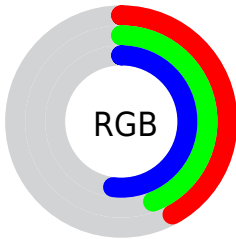
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	106, 112, 133
Decimal	6975877
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	47.71, 1.94, -11.87
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	48, 12.024, 279.263
Yxy	16.5679, 0.2812, 0.2897
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285165957 (0xFF6A7185)
YUV	113.1870, 9.7678, -6.3030
Hunter-Lab	40.7037, -0.7036, -7.2539

# Details

The XYZ color **16.0826, 16.5679, 24.5406** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **19.7353, 20.9487, 16.6393**, and the grayscale version is **15.7261, 16.5451, 18.0176**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.4186, 37.7245, 51.8165**, and **5.1966, 5.3047, 8.9336** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.5830, 13.7358, 24.1260**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.9477, 19.7664, 25.0072**.

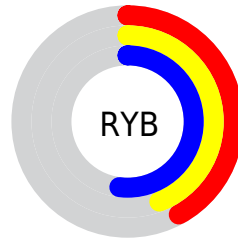
# Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (44%)

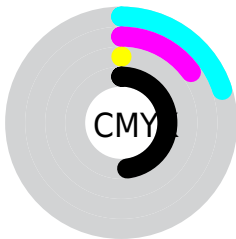
Blue (52%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (52%)

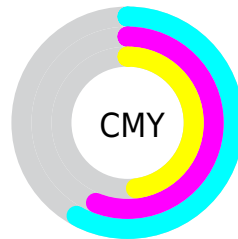


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.0826, 16.5679, 24.5406 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.0826, 16.5679, 24.5406 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 16.0826, 16.5679,  
24.5406

■ 16.0826, 16.5679,  
24.5406

223.0894,  
232.6699, 288.9164

■ 9.6738, 9.9269,  
15.5192

■ 36.2978, 37.5813,  
51.8658

■ 5.2438, 5.3505,  
9.0339

■ 50.8350, 52.7226,  
71.0067

■ 2.4273, 2.4544,  
4.6662

■ 68.8124, 71.4660,  
94.3579

■ 0.8587, 0.8536,  
1.9975

■ 90.5953, 94.1960,  
122.3378

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.5537

116.5491,  
121.2970, 155.3651

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

147.0392,

153.1534, 193.8583

182.4308,  
190.1495, 238.2358

■ 16.0826, 16.5679,  
24.5406

■ 16.0826, 16.5679,  
24.5406

■ 13.5830, 13.7358,  
24.1260

■ 18.9477, 19.7664,  
25.0072

■ 11.4324, 11.2546,  
23.7604

■ 22.1909, 23.3420,  
25.5265

■ 9.6150, 9.1108,  
23.4424

■ 25.8261, 27.3073,  
26.1002

■ 8.1135, 7.2891,  
23.1699

■ 29.8661, 31.6738,  
26.7301

■ 6.9087, 5.7730,  
22.9408

■ 34.3231, 36.4526,  
27.4176

■ 5.9792, 4.5444,  
22.7526

■ 39.2085, 41.6543,  
28.1642

■ 5.3006, 3.5830,  
22.6028

■ 44.5336, 47.2891,  
28.9711

■ 4.8198, 2.8658,  
22.4897

■ 50.3092, 53.3667,  
29.8398

■ 56.5456, 59.8968,  
30.7716

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.0262, 16.5679, 24.1662



16.0826, 16.5679, 24.5406



17.0930, 16.5679, 23.0258

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.0826, 16.5679, 24.5406



17.4037, 16.5679, 14.5442



13.8910, 16.5679, 16.0224

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.0826, 16.5679, 24.5406



19.7353, 20.9487, 16.6393

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.4742, 16.5679, 13.8308



16.0826, 16.5679, 24.5406



16.4911, 16.5679, 13.0473

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.0826, 16.5679, 24.5406



17.8782, 16.5679, 17.1028



15.4167, 16.5679, 12.8019



13.7928, 16.5679, 19.0101



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.0826, 16.5679, 24.5406



17.5929, 16.5679, 21.2398



15.4167, 16.5679, 12.8019



14.0355, 16.5679, 15.1782

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.0831, 16.5686, 24.5410



36.2657, 37.9801, 45.1579



18.0847, 21.3407, 22.8374



8.1026, 8.4818, 10.1628



64.0503, 67.3860, 73.3833



8.9945, 9.4630, 10.3052



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.0831, 16.5686, 24.5410



26.8225, 27.4386, 43.6209



16.1083, 15.4663, 24.3269



4.5254, 4.7265, 5.8745



4.5968, 2.7414, 21.4236



0.0211, 0.0199, 0.0760



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.8079, 16.4872, 17.8674



30.4700, 27.3443, 29.4905



19.6971, 22.3050, 16.9031



4.7185, 4.7071, 5.1299



9.4984, 4.8637, 1.9308



0.0355, 0.0179, 0.0206



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.0826, 16.5679, 24.5406 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.0826, 16.5679, 24.5406 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

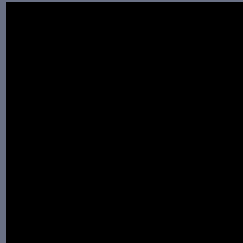
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

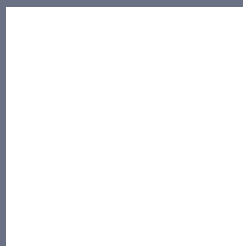
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 16.0826, 16.5679, 24.5406**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.0826, 16.5679, 24.5406.



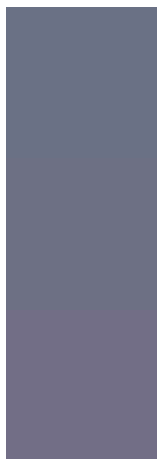
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.0826, 16.5679,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

16.0826, 16.5679, 24.5406

### Protanopia

16.2657, 16.5055, 24.1584

### Deuteranopia

16.8184, 16.4505, 24.8431



## Tritanopia

15.4777, 16.6598, 21.4687

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

16.0826, 16.5679, 24.5406

## Protanomaly

16.1434, 16.4424, 24.1527

## Deuteranomaly

16.5431, 16.4696, 24.8613

## Tritanomaly

15.6738, 16.5702, 22.4509

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

16.0826, 16.5679, 24.5406

## Achromatopsia

15.6958, 16.5132, 17.9829

## Achromatomaly

15.7257, 16.4813, 20.1217

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.0826, 16.5679, 24.5406 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 113, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 113, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 113, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 113, 133) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.0826, 16.5679, 24.5406 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 113, 133) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 113, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 113, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 113, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 113, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 113,  
133) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.0826, 16.5679, 24.5406 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 113, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106,  
113, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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