

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.1232, 9.7549, 39.8231)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.1232, 9.7549, 39.8231)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.2128, 9.8195,
40.0706)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	743BAC
RGB	116, 59, 172
RGB Percent	45%, 23%, 67%
CMY	0.5451, 0.7686, 0.3255
CMYK	0.33, 0.66, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	270°, 49%, 45%
HSV	270°, 66%, 67%
XYZ	16.2128, 9.8195, 40.0706
YIQ	88.9250, -2.3010, 47.2270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

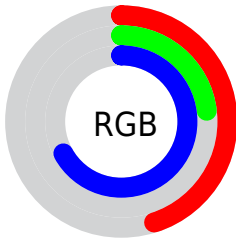
Format	Color
R_{YB}	116, 59, 172
Decimal	7617452
CIE _{Lab}	37.52, 46.62, -51.05
CIE _{LCh}	38, 69.138, 312.401
Yxy	9.8195, 0.2453, 0.1485
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285807532 (0xFF743BAC)
YUV	88.9250, 40.9560, 23.7448
Hunter-Lab	31.3361, 37.5150, -53.8810

Details

The XYZ color **16.2128, 9.8195, 40.0706** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663399**. A complement of this color would be **22.6123, 33.4658, 9.4057**, and the grayscale version is **9.3921, 9.8813, 10.7607**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.5928, 25.5240, 76.3968**, and **5.2977, 2.4108, 17.6389** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.3885, 7.7760, 39.7725**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.4332, 12.4997, 40.4711**.

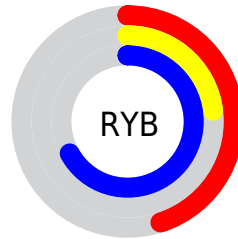
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (23%)

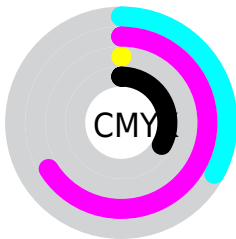
Blue (67%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (23%)

Blue (67%)

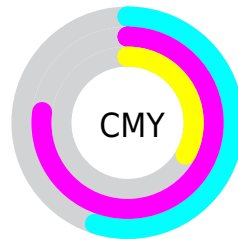


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (77%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.2128, 9.8195, 40.0706 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.2128, 9.8195, 40.0706 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.2128, 9.8195,
40.0706

■ 16.2128, 9.8195,
40.0706

■ 223.8399,
189.3789, 361.9820

■ 9.7667, 5.2794,
27.2794

■ 36.5217, 25.4554,
76.5093

■ 5.3056, 2.4121,
17.5489

■ 51.1152, 37.3201,
100.9938

■ 2.4643, 0.8321,
10.4605

■ 69.1552, 52.3951,
130.2132

■ 0.8773, 0.0000,
5.5958

■ 91.0070, 71.0649,
164.5860

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.5361

■ 117.0360, 93.7137,
204.5307

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.8592

■ 147.6076,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

120.7261, 250.4660

0.0000

183.0872,
152.4863, 302.8102

■ 16.2128, 9.8195,
40.0706

■ 16.2128, 9.8195,
40.0706

■ 14.3885, 7.7760,
39.7725

■ 18.4332, 12.4997,
40.4711

■ 12.9263, 6.3070,
39.5660

■ 21.0769, 15.8686,
40.9820

■ 11.7853, 5.3346,
39.4385

■ 24.1698, 19.9739,
41.6114

■ 11.3548, 4.9934,
39.3953

■ 27.7354, 24.8586,
42.3663

■ 31.7952, 30.5622,
43.2533

■ 36.3693, 37.1218,
44.2783

■ 41.4769, 44.5717,
45.4471

■ 47.1357, 52.9448,
46.7650

■ 53.3630, 62.2718,
48.2371

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.2539, 9.8195, 55.5336



16.2128, 9.8195, 40.0706



19.8353, 9.8195, 19.7289

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.2128, 9.8195, 40.0706



12.1073, 9.8195, 0.0000



3.3021, 9.8195, 16.7285

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.2128, 9.8195, 40.0706



22.6123, 33.4658, 9.4057

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.4016, 9.8195, 4.9471



16.2128, 9.8195, 40.0706



7.6444, 9.8195, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.2128, 9.8195, 40.0706



17.0028, 9.8195, 1.2947



4.7409, 9.8195, 0.9529



4.4065, 9.8195, 36.4663

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.2128, 9.8195, 40.0706



20.4792, 9.8195, 9.7160



4.7409, 9.8195, 0.9529



3.2087, 9.8195, 11.7308

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.2133, 9.8198, 40.0708



54.1336, 50.4313, 77.6868



15.4382, 16.2845, 41.3595



11.3355, 10.3587, 16.7897



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.2133, 9.8198, 40.0708



24.7730, 12.7268, 71.9566



26.0239, 14.8774, 40.5300



7.9495, 7.9482, 10.0679



8.5133, 3.7486, 29.3194



0.2999, 0.1368, 0.8186

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.6719, 13.1366, 17.6131



36.2576, 19.7028, 24.8048



17.3458, 30.7509, 9.1592



8.1645, 8.0790, 9.1770



13.9156, 7.0288, 7.2008



0.4148, 0.2066, 0.3461

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.2128, 9.8195, 40.0706 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

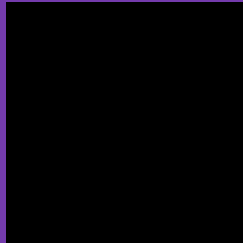
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.2128, 9.8195, 40.0706

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.2128, 9.8195, 40.0706.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.2128, 9.8195,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.2128, 9.8195, 40.0706

Protanopia

11.5890, 9.8332, 45.0033

Deuteranopia

9.9142, 9.8155, 34.1729



Tritanopia

10.4255, 9.8627, 11.2517

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.2128, 9.8195, 40.0706



Protanomaly

11.5752, 8.8755, 43.2225



Deuteranomaly

10.4517, 8.7645, 36.2628



Tritanomaly

11.8501, 9.4524, 18.9692

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.2128, 9.8195, 40.0706



Achromatopsia

9.4954, 9.9899, 10.8790



Achromatomaly

11.1998, 9.4333, 18.6833

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.2128, 9.8195, 40.0706 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 59, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 59, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 59, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 59, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.2128, 9.8195, 40.0706 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 59, 172) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 59, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 59, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 59, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 59, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 59,  
172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.2128, 9.8195, 40.0706 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 59, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116, 59,  
172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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