

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.1275, 16.3737, 19.2740)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.1275, 16.3737, 19.2740)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.0978, 16.3662,
19.1402)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	746F75
RGB	116, 111, 117
RGB Percent	45%, 44%, 46%
CMY	0.5451, 0.5647, 0.5412
CMYK	0.01, 0.05, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	290°, 3%, 45%
HSV	290°, 5%, 46%
XYZ	16.0978, 16.3662, 19.1402
YIQ	113.1790, 1.0540, 2.9260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

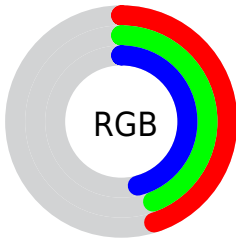
Format	Color
R_{YB}	116, 111, 117
Decimal	7630709
CIE Lab	47.45, 3.14, -2.64
CIE LCh	47, 4.102, 319.985
Yxy	16.3662, 0.3119, 0.3171
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285820789 (0xFF746F75)
YUV	113.1790, 1.8838, 2.4740
Hunter-Lab	40.4552, 0.2317, 0.2672

Details

The XYZ color **16.0978, 16.3662, 19.1402** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **15.9132, 17.3154, 17.5432**, and the grayscale version is **15.7439, 16.5638, 18.0380**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.4071, 37.3838, 42.8331**, and **5.2356, 5.2136, 6.3606** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.6476, 13.8463, 18.7305**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.7217, 19.2248, 19.6066**.

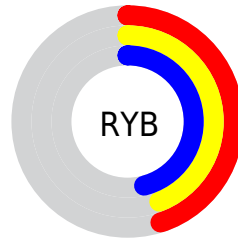
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (44%)

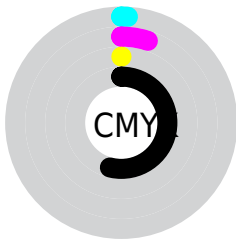
Blue (46%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (46%)

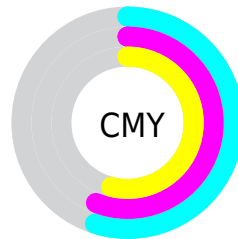


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.0978, 16.3662, 19.1402 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.0978, 16.3662, 19.1402 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.0978, 16.3662,
19.1402

■ 16.0978, 16.3662,
19.1402

223.1772,
231.4930, 259.6701

■ 9.6847, 9.7837,
11.5938

■ 36.3240, 37.2328,
42.8107

■ 5.2510, 5.2558,
6.3486

■ 50.8677, 52.2856,
59.7719

■ 2.4316, 2.3981,
2.9860

■ 68.8524, 70.9307,
80.7084

■ 0.8609, 0.8249,
1.0875

■ 90.6434, 93.5523,
106.0389

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

116.6060,
120.5350, 136.1817

147.1056,

152.2631, 171.5555

182.5075,
189.1209, 212.5788

■ 16.0978, 16.3662,
19.1402

■ 16.0978, 16.3662,
19.1402

■ 14.6476, 13.8463,
18.7305

■ 17.7217, 19.2248,
19.6066

■ 13.3631, 11.6501,
18.3743

■ 19.5239, 22.4321,
20.1307

■ 12.2378, 9.7645,
18.0696

■ 21.5107, 26.0006,
20.7148

■ 11.2645, 8.1748,
17.8141

■ 23.6877, 29.9412,
21.3607

■ 10.4351, 6.8650,
17.6050

■ 26.0603, 34.2646,
22.0701

■ 9.7409, 5.8177,
17.4394

■ 28.6334, 38.9809,
22.8448

■ 9.1721, 5.0134,
17.3142

■ 31.4121, 44.0999,
23.6864

■ 8.7176, 4.4301,
17.2255

■ 34.4011, 49.6310,
24.5965

■ 8.3585, 4.0299,
17.1672

■ 37.6049, 55.5833,
25.5766

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.7960, 16.3662, 19.7709



16.0978, 16.3662, 19.1402



16.2551, 16.3662, 18.1709

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.0978, 16.3662, 19.1402



15.6776, 16.3662, 15.9181



14.9070, 16.3662, 18.5139

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.0978, 16.3662, 19.1402



15.9132, 17.3154, 17.5432

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.8765, 16.3662, 17.4737



16.0978, 16.3662, 19.1402



15.3176, 16.3662, 16.0018

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.0978, 16.3662, 19.1402



16.0100, 16.3662, 16.3285



15.0257, 16.3662, 16.5620



15.1099, 16.3662, 19.3997

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.0978, 16.3662, 19.1402



16.2551, 16.3662, 17.4747



15.0257, 16.3662, 16.5620



14.8764, 16.3662, 18.1698

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.0983, 16.3669, 19.1406



29.6873, 30.8162, 34.5204



15.5723, 16.2750, 19.1505



6.8360, 7.1034, 7.9398



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.0983, 16.3669, 19.1406



28.5457, 28.8163, 34.1946



16.1213, 16.3916, 18.5645



3.8679, 3.9000, 4.6391



9.0171, 4.2398, 18.8857



43.3218, 20.3417, 92.0033

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.9457, 16.3213, 17.6398



28.2208, 28.7195, 30.9858



15.8924, 17.2925, 18.0941



3.8227, 3.8865, 4.1919



8.2127, 4.2188, 1.0621



39.8002, 20.4702, 4.0114

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.0978, 16.3662, 19.1402 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

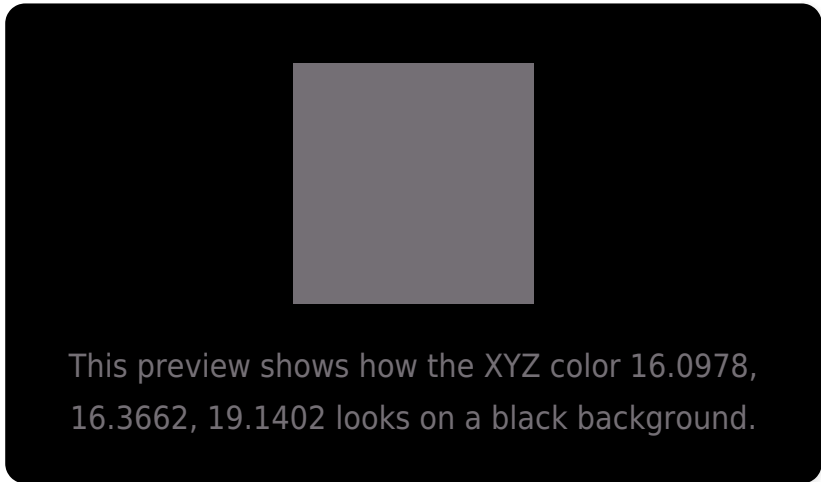
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

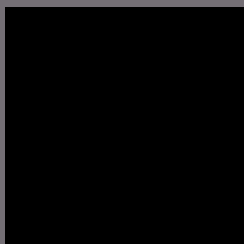
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.0978, 16.3662, 19.1402

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.0978, 16.3662, 19.1402.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.0978, 16.3662,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.0978, 16.3662, 19.1402

Protanopia

15.8742, 16.4071, 19.4698

Deuteranopia

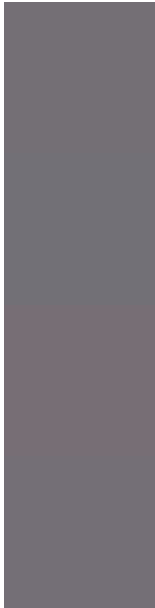
16.5647, 16.2866, 19.1002



Tritanopia

16.2167, 16.4138, 19.7662

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.0978, 16.3662, 19.1402

Protanomaly

16.0036, 16.4738, 19.4758

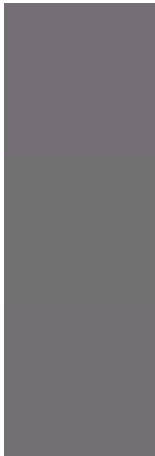
Deuteranomaly

16.3946, 16.3582, 19.1230

Tritanomaly

16.1569, 16.3899, 19.4515

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.0978, 16.3662, 19.1402

Achromatopsia

15.6958, 16.5132, 17.9829

Achromatomaly

15.7709, 16.3807, 18.2502

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.0978, 16.3662, 19.1402 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 111, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 111, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 111, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 111, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.0978, 16.3662, 19.1402 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 111, 117) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 111, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 111, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 111, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 111, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 111,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.0978, 16.3662, 19.1402 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 111, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
111, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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