

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.1279, 19.5182, 19.1708)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.1279, 19.5182, 19.1708)
contains.

XYZ(16.2003, 19.6476, 19.1582)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(16.2003, 19.6476,
19.1582)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	648173
RGB	100, 129, 115
RGB Percent	39%, 51%, 45%
CMY	0.6078, 0.4941, 0.5490
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.11, 0.49
HSL	151°, 13%, 45%
HSV	151°, 22%, 51%
XYZ	16.2003, 19.6476, 19.1582
YIQ	118.7330, -12.7900, -10.5020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

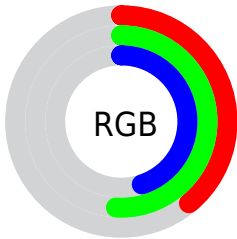
Format	Color
RYB	100, 119, 129
Decimal	6586739
CIELab	51.44, -13.45, 4.20
CIELCh	51, 14.090, 162.665
Yxy	19.6476, 0.2945, 0.3572
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284776819 (0xFF648173)
YUV	118.7330, -1.8404, -16.4288
Hunter-Lab	44.3256, -12.3309, 5.4019

Details

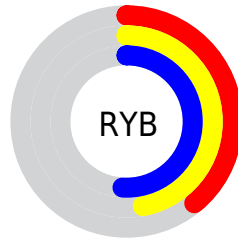
The XYZ color **16.2003, 19.6476, 19.1582** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **16.6484, 14.9969, 17.9376**, and the grayscale version is **17.4592, 18.3684, 20.0032**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.4655, 42.8252, 42.9034**, and **5.2980, 6.8726, 6.3575** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.5386, 18.8315, 17.2726**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.1133, 20.5915, 21.1828**.

Distribution



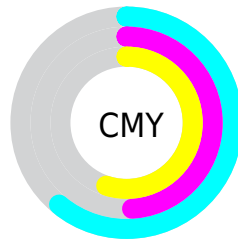
- Red (39%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.2003, 19.6476, 19.1582 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.2003, 19.6476, 19.1582 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.2003, 19.6476,
19.1582

■ 16.2003, 19.6476,
19.1582

223.7680,
250.0009, 259.7725

■ 9.7577, 12.1391,
11.6067

■ 36.5002, 42.8256,
42.8415

■ 5.2997, 6.8385,
6.3572

■ 51.0883, 59.2639,
59.8104

■ 2.4607, 3.3613,
2.9912

■ 69.1223, 79.4476,
80.7554

■ 0.8755, 1.3231,
1.0901

■ 90.9675, 103.7611,
106.0952

■ 0.0000, 0.1590,
0.0000

116.9893,
132.5888, 136.2483

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

147.5531,

166.3150, 171.6331

183.0242,
205.3243, 212.6684

■ 16.2003, 19.6476,
19.1582

■ 16.2003, 19.6476,
19.1582

■ 14.5386, 18.8315,
17.2726

■ 18.1133, 20.5915,
21.1828

■ 13.1155, 18.1352,
15.5217

■ 20.2862, 21.6660,
23.3480

■ 11.9196, 17.5532,
13.9029

■ 22.7295, 22.8770,
25.6571

■ 10.9377, 17.0790,
12.4128

■ 25.4524, 24.2292,
28.1127

■ 10.1556, 16.7052,
11.0481

■ 28.4637, 25.7270,
30.7175

■ 9.5569, 16.4235,
9.8052

■ 31.7718, 27.3748,
33.4741

■ 9.1224, 16.2239,
8.6803

■ 35.3847, 29.1767,
36.3848

■ 8.8554, 16.1031,
7.9080

■ 39.3103, 31.1365,
39.4523

■ 43.5560, 33.2582,
42.6789

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.8939, 19.6476, 16.1685



16.2003, 19.6476, 19.1582



16.1483, 19.6476, 23.1437

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.2003, 19.6476, 19.1582



19.2762, 19.6476, 29.9135



20.7434, 19.6476, 16.5432

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.2003, 19.6476, 19.1582



16.6484, 14.9969, 17.9376

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.4513, 19.6476, 19.7327



16.2003, 19.6476, 19.1582



20.5759, 19.6476, 27.6365

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.2003, 19.6476, 19.1582



17.8769, 19.6476, 29.7088



21.3885, 19.6476, 23.7949



19.4954, 19.6476, 14.7946

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.2003, 19.6476, 19.1582



16.4804, 19.6476, 25.8710



21.3885, 19.6476, 23.7949



21.0551, 19.6476, 17.4639

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.2008, 19.6484, 19.1586



34.4452, 37.8664, 39.9620



17.0928, 20.2000, 15.0550



7.7578, 8.5518, 9.0067



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.2008, 19.6484, 19.1586



27.4228, 34.4033, 32.5370



17.0054, 19.8686, 23.7085



4.3616, 4.8530, 5.0756



8.6358, 15.7009, 7.7211



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.6484, 14.9969, 17.9376



28.3731, 24.5268, 29.9449



15.9578, 14.7951, 14.0716



4.4075, 4.3762, 4.9504



9.6844, 4.8935, 4.9278



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.2003, 19.6476, 19.1582 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.2003, 19.6476, 19.1582 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.2003, 19.6476, 19.1582

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.2003, 19.6476, 19.1582.

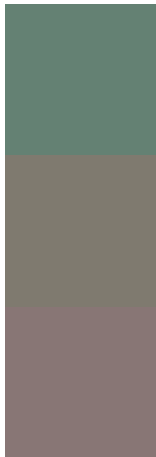


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.2003, 19.6476,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.2003, 19.6476, 19.1582

Protanopia

18.5812, 19.5788, 17.8387

Deuteranopia

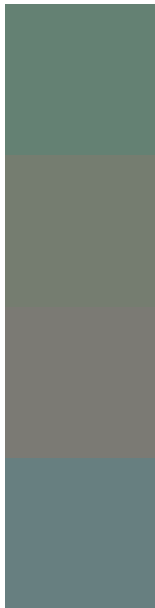
19.8427, 19.4755, 19.5429



Tritanopia

17.6137, 19.6423, 26.1556

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.2003, 19.6476, 19.1582

Protanomaly

17.5944, 19.6190, 18.1888

Deuteranomaly

18.2803, 19.3910, 19.3024

Tritanomaly

17.0792, 19.6208, 23.3091

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.2003, 19.6476, 19.1582

Achromatopsia

17.5343, 18.4475, 20.0893

Achromatomaly

17.0351, 18.9187, 19.8934

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.2003, 19.6476, 19.1582 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 129, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 129, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 129, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 129, 115) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.2003, 19.6476, 19.1582 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 129, 115) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 129, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 129, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 129, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 129, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 129,  
115) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.2003, 19.6476, 19.1582 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 129, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100,  
129, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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