

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.1606, 14.9289, 15.0007)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.1606, 14.9289, 15.0007)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.2056, 14.9740,
15.1328)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	816568
RGB	129, 101, 104
RGB Percent	51%, 40%, 41%
CMY	0.4941, 0.6039, 0.5922
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.19, 0.49
HSL	354°, 12%, 45%
HSV	354°, 22%, 51%
XYZ	16.2056, 14.9740, 15.1328
YIQ	109.7140, 15.7250, 6.8690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

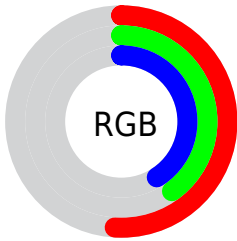
Format	Color
R_{YB}	129, 101, 104
Decimal	8480104
CIE _{Lab}	45.60, 11.74, 2.61
CIE _{LCh}	46, 12.029, 12.515
Yxy	14.9740, 0.3499, 0.3233
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286670184 (0xFF816568)
YUV	109.7140, -2.8170, 16.9138
Hunter-Lab	38.6963, 7.0356, 3.9011

Details

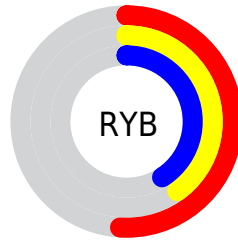
The XYZ color **16.2056, 14.9740, 15.1328** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **16.9836, 19.9739, 22.6999**, and the grayscale version is **14.7441, 15.5120, 16.8925**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.4360, 34.7681, 35.8009**, and **5.2821, 4.5960, 4.4796** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.5044, 12.4448, 11.8735**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.1842, 17.9298, 18.8793**.

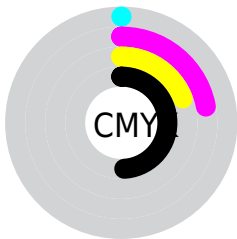
Distribution



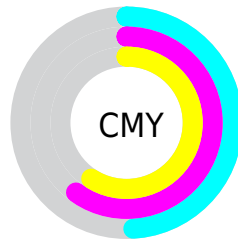
- Red (51%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.2056, 14.9740, 15.1328 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.2056, 14.9740, 15.1328 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.2056, 14.9740,
15.1328

■ 16.2056, 14.9740,
15.1328

223.7985,
223.2088, 235.8370

■ 9.7615, 8.8011,
8.7650

■ 36.5093, 34.8076,
35.8316

■ 5.3022, 4.6117,
4.4935

■ 51.0997, 49.2371,
50.9996

■ 2.4622, 2.0213,
1.8998

■ 69.1362, 67.1875,
69.9381

■ 0.8762, 0.6198,
0.4926

■ 90.9843, 89.0434,
93.0657

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

117.0091,
115.1891, 120.8008

147.5762,

146.0090, 153.5621

183.0509,
181.8874, 191.7679

■ 16.2056, 14.9740,
15.1328

■ 16.2056, 14.9740,
15.1328

■ 14.5044, 12.4448,
11.8735

■ 18.1842, 17.9298,
18.8793

■ 13.0670, 10.3205,
9.0805

■ 20.4506, 21.3285,
23.1309

■ 11.8804, 8.5807,
6.7327

■ 23.0160, 25.1880,
27.9057

■ 10.9303, 7.2024,
4.8070

■ 25.8909, 29.5245,
33.2209

■ 10.2007, 6.1600,
3.2782

■ 29.0851, 34.3537,
39.0924

■ 9.6735, 5.4248,
2.1185

■ 32.6081, 39.6904,
45.5360

■ 9.3279, 4.9631,
1.2964

■ 36.4687, 45.5487,
52.5664

■ 9.1312, 4.6983,
0.8343

■ 40.6758, 51.9422,
60.1981

■ 45.2377, 58.8842,
68.4449

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.1583, 14.9740, 18.0260



16.2056, 14.9740, 15.1328



15.7064, 14.9740, 12.8394

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.2056, 14.9740, 15.1328



12.9647, 14.9740, 12.5520



13.6590, 14.9740, 22.1798

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.2056, 14.9740, 15.1328



16.9836, 19.9739, 22.6999

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.8535, 14.9740, 20.3420



16.2056, 14.9740, 15.1328



12.4658, 14.9740, 14.6956

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.2056, 14.9740, 15.1328



13.8172, 14.9740, 11.4716



12.4261, 14.9740, 17.5344



14.6557, 14.9740, 22.3328

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.2056, 14.9740, 15.1328



15.1439, 14.9740, 11.8666



12.4261, 14.9740, 17.5344



13.3581, 14.9740, 21.7294

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.2060, 14.9747, 15.1331



34.3408, 34.7703, 37.1500



17.1815, 15.3085, 22.8181



7.7329, 7.8102, 8.3338



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.2060, 14.9747, 15.1331



27.4657, 24.5003, 24.1292



17.1674, 17.1369, 14.7158



4.3450, 4.3512, 4.6215



8.9040, 4.5813, 0.8181



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.2060, 14.9747, 15.1331



27.4657, 24.5003, 24.1292



15.8397, 17.3720, 23.2872



4.3450, 4.3512, 4.6215



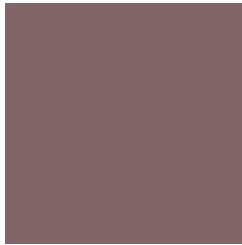
8.9040, 4.5813, 0.8181



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.2056, 14.9740, 15.1328 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

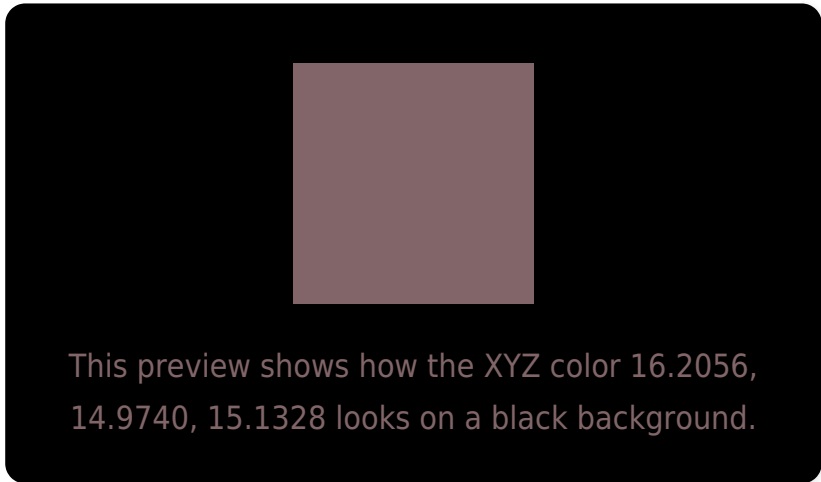
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.2056, 14.9740, 15.1328

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.2056, 14.9740, 15.1328.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.2056, 14.9740,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.2056, 14.9740, 15.1328

Protanopia

14.4997, 15.1228, 16.3421

Deuteranopia

15.1442, 14.8730, 14.9045



Tritanopia

16.3172, 14.8642, 16.1964

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.2056, 14.9740, 15.1328

Protanomaly

15.0415, 14.9466, 16.0021

Deuteranomaly

15.4668, 14.8907, 14.8910

Tritanomaly

16.2643, 14.8430, 15.9177

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.2056, 14.9740, 15.1328

Achromatopsia

14.8208, 15.5926, 16.9804

Achromatomaly

15.3006, 15.3800, 16.3496

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.2056, 14.9740, 15.1328 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 101, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 101, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 101, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 101, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.2056, 14.9740, 15.1328 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 101, 104) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 101, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 101, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 101, 104); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 101, 104); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 101, 104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.2056, 14.9740, 15.1328 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 101, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
101, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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