

# Converting Colors

XYZ(16.1717, 25.4909, 4.0679)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(16.1717, 25.4909, 4.0679)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(16.1717, 25.4909,  
4.0679)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E9A00
RGB	94, 154, 0
RGB Percent	37%, 60%, 0%
CMY	0.6314, 0.3961, 0.9999
CMYK	0.39, 0.00, 1.00, 0.40
HSL	83°, 100%, 30%
HSV	83°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	16.1717, 25.4909, 4.0679
YIQ	118.5040, 13.6740, -60.6140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

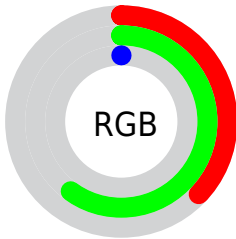
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 154, 60
Decimal	6199808
CIELab	57.55, -39.97, 59.95
CIElCh	58, 72.052, 123.690
Yxy	25.4909, 0.3536, 0.5574
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284389888 (0xFF5E9A00)
YUV	118.5040, -58.4225, -21.4900
Hunter-Lab	50.4885, -31.1805, 30.5649

# Details

The XYZ color **16.1717, 25.4909, 4.0679** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669900**. A complement of this color would be **7.6976, 3.2947, 30.8036**, and the grayscale version is **17.5544, 18.4686, 20.1123**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.5155, 52.5399, 14.1779**, and **5.5143, 9.8961, 1.6195** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.1717, 25.4917, 4.0681**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.9009, 25.8574, 4.5677**.

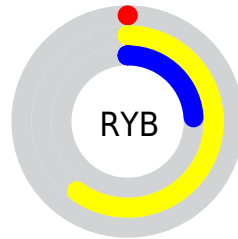
# Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (60%)

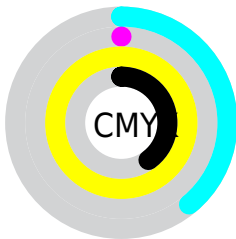
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (24%)

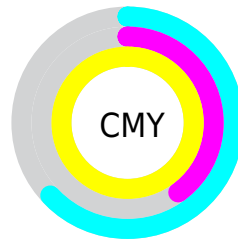


Cyan (39%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.1717, 25.4909, 4.0679 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.1717, 25.4909, 4.0679 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 16.1717, 25.4909,  
4.0679

■ 16.1717, 25.4909,  
4.0679

223.6033,  
280.2739, 148.9771

■ 9.7374, 16.4432,  
1.6627

■ 36.4511, 52.4525,  
14.1661

■ 5.2861, 9.8383,  
0.3350

■ 51.0268, 71.1351,  
22.6961

■ 2.4526, 5.2919,  
0.0000

■ 69.0470, 93.7982,  
34.1047

■ 0.8714, 2.4195,  
0.0000

■ 90.8771, 120.8261,  
48.8106


■ 0.0000, 0.8359,  
0.0000


■ 116.8825,  
152.6033, 67.2323


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 147.4284,


189.5140, 89.7882


 182.8802,  
231.9428, 116.8970


 16.1717, 25.4909,  
4.0679


 16.1717, 25.4909,  
4.0679


 16.1717, 25.4917,  
4.0681

 16.9009, 25.8574,  
4.5677

 17.7451, 26.2745,  
5.4197

 18.7359, 26.7562,  
6.7839

 19.8867, 27.3077,  
8.7249

 21.2090, 27.9337,  
11.2978

■ 22.7128, 28.6385,  
14.5513

■ 24.4074, 29.4258,  
18.5292

■ 26.3013, 30.2992,  
23.2718

■ 28.4024, 31.2618,  
28.8164

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.1807, 25.4909, 2.2531



16.1717, 25.4909, 4.0679



12.2322, 25.4909, 11.6234

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.1717, 25.4909, 4.0679



17.6192, 25.4909, 95.4322



44.7351, 25.4909, 24.8205

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.1717, 25.4909, 4.0679



7.6976, 3.2947, 30.8036

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.2582, 25.4909, 54.4488



16.1717, 25.4909, 4.0679



25.3071, 25.4909, 106.7969

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.1717, 25.4909, 4.0679



12.9187, 25.4909, 63.1382



34.5954, 25.4909, 88.6628



40.7364, 25.4909, 8.9144



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.1717, 25.4909, 4.0679



11.2388, 25.4909, 22.8734



34.5954, 25.4909, 88.6628



44.6361, 25.4909, 33.2866

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.1723, 25.4920, 4.0685



44.1379, 53.3602, 33.1784



14.8933, 10.0027, 1.1461



9.7090, 11.9473, 6.8380



74.8435, 78.7412, 85.7492



12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.1723, 25.4920, 4.0685



29.1534, 46.1909, 7.3792



11.8053, 23.2407, 3.8641



6.4757, 7.1027, 6.6355



13.2157, 20.7888, 3.3161



0.2382, 0.3317, 0.0515



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.6976, 3.2947, 30.8036



13.7784, 5.8790, 55.9449



15.9926, 7.5709, 31.1918



6.1008, 6.1378, 7.7921



6.3085, 2.7032, 25.0970



0.1332, 0.0605, 0.3770



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.1717, 25.4909, 4.0679 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.1717, 25.4909, 4.0679 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 16.1717, 25.4909, 4.0679**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.1717, 25.4909, 4.0679.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.1717, 25.4909,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

16.1717, 25.4909, 4.0679

### Protanopia

22.6060, 25.1455, 3.6621

### Deuteranopia

25.5842, 25.2106, 4.7460



## Tritanopia

22.2944, 25.3910, 34.7363

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

16.1717, 25.4909, 4.0679

## Protanomaly

19.6461, 24.9331, 3.7771

## Deuteranomaly

20.8518, 24.4415, 4.2348

## Tritanomaly

18.5115, 24.7715, 15.6101

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

16.1717, 25.4909, 4.0679

## Achromatopsia

17.5343, 18.4475, 20.0893

## Achromatomaly

15.9862, 20.3393, 9.9208

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.1717, 25.4909, 4.0679 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 154, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 154, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 154, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 154, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.1717, 25.4909, 4.0679 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 154, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 154, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 154, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 154, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 154, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 154, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.1717, 25.4909, 4.0679 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 154, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 154,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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