

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.1740, 7.9176, 19.7574)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.1740, 7.9176, 19.7574)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.2158, 7.9393,
19.7465)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 96007C |
| RGB | 150, 0, 124 |
| RGB Percent | 59%, 0%, 49% |
| CMY | 0.4118, 0.9999, 0.5137 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 1.00, 0.17, 0.41 |
| HSL | 310°, 100%, 29% |
| HSV | 310°, 100%, 59% |
| XYZ | 16.2158, 7.9393, 19.7465 |
| YIQ | 58.9860, 49.5960, 70.3640 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

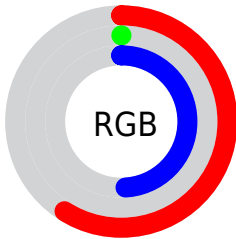
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| RYB | 150, 0, 124 |
| Decimal | 9830524 |
| CIELab | 33.86, 62.42, -27.25 |
| CIELCh | 34, 68.104, 336.416 |
| Yxy | 7.9393, 0.3694, 0.1808 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288020604 (0xFF96007C) |
| YUV | 58.9860, 32.0519, 79.8193 |
| Hunter-Lab | 28.1768, 53.4179, -21.8272 |

Details

The XYZ color **16.2158, 7.9393, 19.7465** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993399**. A complement of this color would be **11.0933, 21.8877, 4.6184**, and the grayscale version is **4.1094, 4.3234, 4.7082**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.6021, 21.8920, 43.8914**, and **5.8861, 2.8877, 6.9038** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.2157, 7.9393, 19.7456**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.5536, 8.3481, 20.6813**.

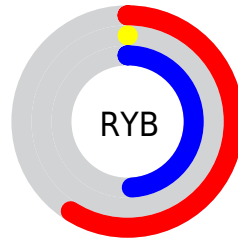
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (0%)

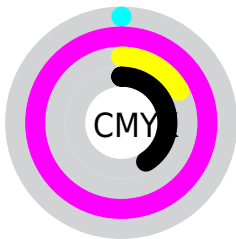
Blue (49%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (49%)

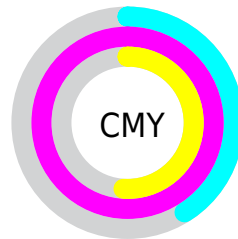


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (41%)


Magenta (100%)


Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.2158, 7.9393, 19.7465 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.2158, 7.9393, 19.7465 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 16.2158, 7.9393,
19.7465


 16.2158, 7.9393,
19.7465


223.8572,
175.2551, 263.0981


 9.7688, 4.0561,
12.0287


 36.5269, 21.8394,
43.8451


 5.3070, 1.7050,
6.6404

 51.1216, 32.6250,
61.0630

 2.4651, 0.4269,
3.1632

 69.1631, 46.4804,
82.2846

 0.8777, 0.0000,
1.1786

 91.0165, 63.7897,
107.9286

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 117.0472, 84.9374,
138.4134

 147.6207,

110.3080, 174.1575

183.1023,
140.2858, 215.5796

16.2158, 7.9393,
19.7465

16.2158, 7.9393,
19.7465

16.2157, 7.9393,
19.7456

16.5536, 8.3481,
20.6813

17.0183, 9.0039,
21.6799

17.6681, 10.0227,
22.7619

18.5257, 11.4501,
23.9350

19.6106, 13.3249,
25.2060

■ 20.9398, 15.6812,
26.5806

■ 22.5289, 18.5500,
28.0641

■ 24.3921, 21.9596,
29.6615

■ 26.5425, 25.9363,
31.3773

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.6566, 7.9393, 37.9619



16.2158, 7.9393, 19.7465



17.1565, 7.9393, 6.5458

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.2158, 7.9393, 19.7465



6.7724, 7.9393, 0.0000



3.1199, 7.9393, 27.4784

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.2158, 7.9393, 19.7465



11.0933, 21.8877, 4.6184

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.4262, 7.9393, 11.1498



16.2158, 7.9393, 19.7465



4.0381, 7.9393, 0.2494

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.2158, 7.9393, 19.7465



10.7958, 7.9393, 0.0000



2.6958, 7.9393, 2.7544



5.0242, 7.9393, 44.4578

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.2158, 7.9393, 19.7465



15.9676, 7.9393, 2.3470



2.6958, 7.9393, 2.7544



2.7719, 7.9393, 21.3860

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.2161, 7.9397, 19.7466



39.5757, 32.4046, 49.3631



5.9065, 2.4093, 29.0082



8.5246, 6.7357, 10.7151



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.2161, 7.9397, 19.7466



28.5598, 13.9881, 34.5458



13.1540, 6.7149, 3.6218



5.9926, 5.8921, 7.0672



13.4592, 6.5887, 16.4309



0.1739, 0.0843, 0.2492

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.2161, 7.9397, 19.7466



28.5598, 13.9881, 34.5458



13.2072, 22.7332, 15.7500



5.9926, 5.8921, 7.0672



13.4592, 6.5887, 16.4309



0.1739, 0.0843, 0.2492

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.2158, 7.9393, 19.7465 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

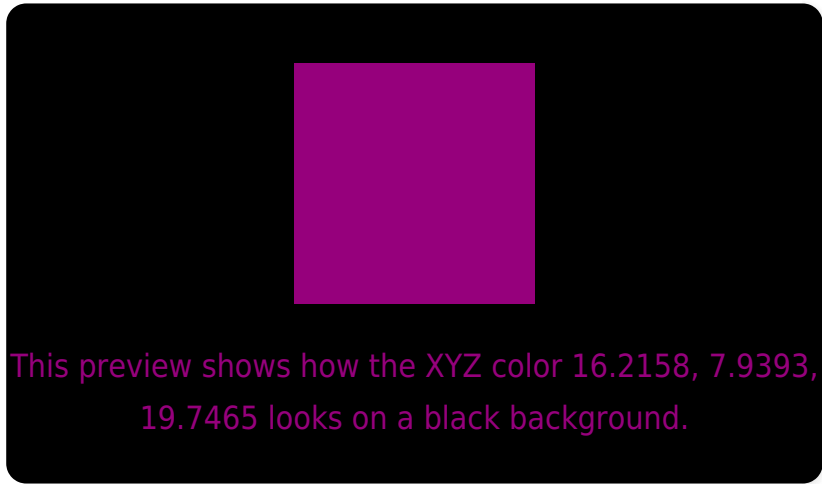
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

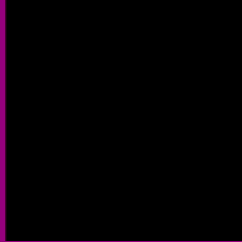
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.2158, 7.9393, 19.7465

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.2158, 7.9393, 19.7465.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.2158, 7.9393,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.2158, 7.9393, 19.7465

Protanopia

10.0301, 8.6019, 38.6678

Deuteranopia

8.7682, 8.6351, 17.7276



Tritanopia

13.2197, 8.3739, 4.1684

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.2158, 7.9393, 19.7465

Protanomaly

8.5091, 5.4798, 30.7462

Deuteranomaly

9.8133, 6.4972, 18.1896

Tritanomaly

13.7192, 7.6410, 7.9595

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.2158, 7.9393, 19.7465

Achromatopsia

4.1570, 4.3735, 4.7627

Achromatomaly

6.6681, 4.2861, 8.6595

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.2158, 7.9393, 19.7465 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 0, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 0, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 0, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 0, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.2158, 7.9393, 19.7465 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 0, 124) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 0, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 0, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 0, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 0, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 0,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.2158, 7.9393, 19.7465 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 0, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150, 0,  
124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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