

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.1823, 7.9905, 16.6517)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.1823, 7.9905, 16.6517)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.1741, 7.9872,
16.6088)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	990072
RGB	153, 0, 114
RGB Percent	60%, 0%, 45%
CMY	0.4000, 0.9999, 0.5529
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.25, 0.40
HSL	315°, 100%, 30%
HSV	315°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	16.1741, 7.9872, 16.6088
YIQ	58.7430, 54.5940, 67.8900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

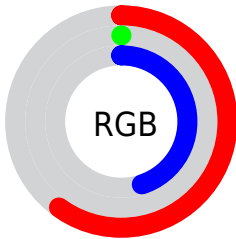
Format	Color
R_{YB}	153, 0, 114
Decimal	10027122
CIE _{Lab}	33.96, 61.75, -20.73
CIE _{LCh}	34, 65.134, 341.441
Yxy	7.9872, 0.3967, 0.1959
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288217202 (0xFF990072)
YUV	58.7430, 27.2417, 82.6634
Hunter-Lab	28.2616, 52.6975, -15.0604

Details

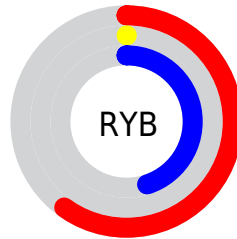
The XYZ color **16.1741, 7.9872, 16.6088** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **11.7580, 22.9292, 5.7271**, and the grayscale version is **4.0824, 4.2950, 4.6773**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.4008, 21.9098, 38.3869**, and **5.9131, 2.9347, 5.4091** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.1739, 7.9871, 16.6074**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.5764, 8.4287, 17.8618**.

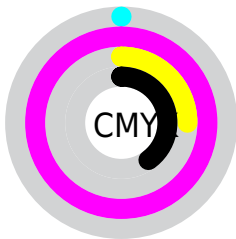
Distribution



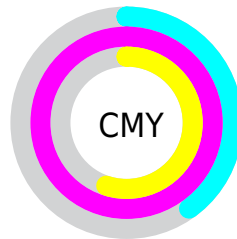
- Red (60%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (40%)




- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.1741, 7.9872, 16.6088 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.1741, 7.9872, 16.6088 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 16.1741, 7.9872,
16.6088


 16.1741, 7.9872,
16.6088


223.6171,
175.6316, 244.8750


 9.7391, 4.0868,
9.7970


 36.4552, 21.9333,
38.4333


 5.2872, 1.7222,
5.1607

 51.0320, 32.7478,
54.2831

 2.4532, 0.4380,
2.2815

 69.0534, 46.6358,
73.9826

 0.8717, 0.0000,
0.7208


 90.8847, 63.9816,
97.9504


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 116.8914, 85.1697,
126.6050

 147.4388,

110.5845, 160.3649


 182.8923,
140.6103, 199.6487


 16.1741, 7.9872,
16.6088


 16.1741, 7.9872,
16.6088

 16.1739, 7.9871,
16.6074

 16.5764, 8.4287,
17.8618

 17.1175, 9.1327,
19.2084

 17.8574, 10.2186,
20.6691

 18.8199, 11.7342,
22.2523

 20.0257, 13.7204,
23.9656

■ 21.4927, 16.2130,
25.8154

■ 23.2373, 19.2446,
27.8077

■ 25.2745, 22.8451,
29.9480

■ 27.6182, 27.0420,
32.2415

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.1248, 7.9872, 33.4552



16.1741, 7.9872, 16.6088



16.5434, 7.9872, 5.3408

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.1741, 7.9872, 16.6088



6.3054, 7.9872, 0.0000



3.5098, 7.9872, 29.3807

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.1741, 7.9872, 16.6088



11.7580, 22.9292, 5.7271

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.6435, 7.9872, 13.2268



16.1741, 7.9872, 16.6088



3.8840, 7.9872, 0.6795

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.1741, 7.9872, 16.6088



10.0021, 7.9872, 0.0000



2.7545, 7.9872, 3.8073



5.6033, 7.9872, 44.0128

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.1741, 7.9872, 16.6088



15.1164, 7.9872, 1.9310



2.7545, 7.9872, 3.8073



3.1004, 7.9872, 23.5815

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.1744, 7.9876, 16.6089



41.4117, 34.1080, 49.5771



6.5591, 2.7174, 30.3158



8.8677, 7.0490, 10.6383



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.1744, 7.9876, 16.6089



28.8873, 14.2727, 29.3299



13.4912, 6.9144, 2.4797



6.3939, 6.2967, 7.4545



13.3813, 6.6068, 13.7991



0.2144, 0.1045, 0.2817

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.1744, 7.9876, 16.6089



28.8873, 14.2727, 29.3299



14.4719, 24.0148, 20.0183



6.3939, 6.2967, 7.4545



13.3813, 6.6068, 13.7991



0.2144, 0.1045, 0.2817

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.1741, 7.9872, 16.6088 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

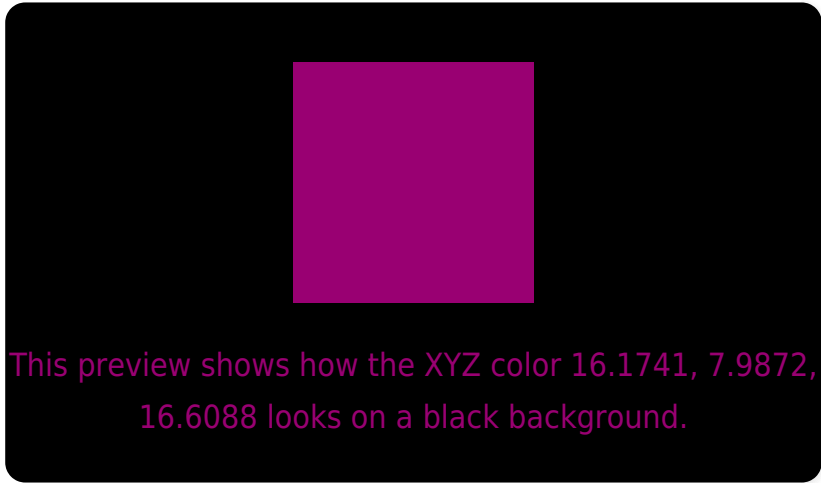
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

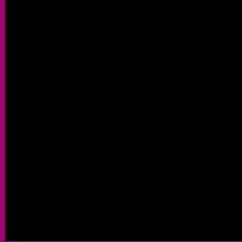
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.1741, 7.9872, 16.6088

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.1741, 7.9872, 16.6088.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.1741, 7.9872, 16.6088.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.1741, 7.9872, 16.6088

Protanopia

10.0174, 8.6693, 35.3278

Deuteranopia

8.7382, 8.5661, 15.1028



Tritanopia

13.6642, 8.3779, 3.5862

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.1741, 7.9872, 16.6088



Protanomaly

9.3552, 5.9898, 27.4511



Deuteranomaly

9.8682, 6.5850, 15.5028



Tritanomaly

14.1544, 7.8177, 6.7242

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.1741, 7.9872, 16.6088



Achromatopsia

4.1570, 4.3735, 4.7627



Achromatomaly

6.6186, 4.2779, 7.8740

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.1741, 7.9872, 16.6088 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 0, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 0, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 0, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 0, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.1741, 7.9872, 16.6088 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 0, 114) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 0, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 0, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 0, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 0, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 0,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.1741, 7.9872, 16.6088 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 0, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153, 0,  
114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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