

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.2276, 15.1129, 15.9474)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.2276, 15.1129, 15.9474)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.3073, 15.1535,
15.9753)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	80666B
RGB	128, 102, 107
RGB Percent	50%, 40%, 42%
CMY	0.4980, 0.6000, 0.5804
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.16, 0.50
HSL	348°, 11%, 45%
HSV	348°, 20%, 50%
XYZ	16.3073, 15.1535, 15.9753
YIQ	110.3440, 13.8910, 7.0670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

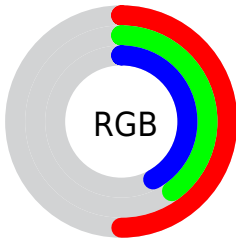
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 102, 107
Decimal	8414827
CIE _{Lab}	45.84, 11.27, 1.14
CIE _{LCh}	46, 11.323, 5.786
Yxy	15.1535, 0.3438, 0.3195
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286604907 (0xFF80666B)
YUV	110.3440, -1.6486, 15.4843
Hunter-Lab	38.9275, 6.6532, 2.9175

Details

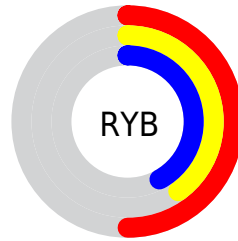
The XYZ color **16.3073, 15.1535, 15.9753** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **16.7744, 19.6936, 21.6571**, and the grayscale version is **14.9220, 15.6991, 17.0963**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.6188, 35.0748, 37.1879**, and **5.3237, 4.6783, 4.8974** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.6334, 12.6246, 12.8921**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.2414, 18.0983, 19.4666**.

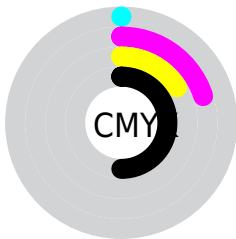
Distribution



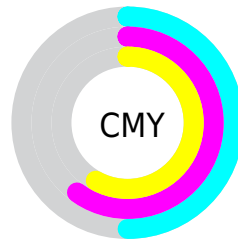
- Red (50%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.3073, 15.1535, 15.9753 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.3073, 15.1535, 15.9753 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.3073, 15.1535,
15.9753

■ 16.3073, 15.1535,
15.9753

224.3832,
224.2934, 241.0367

■ 9.8341, 8.9272,
9.3525

■ 36.6840, 35.1222,
37.3215

■ 5.3505, 4.6937,
4.8719

■ 51.3183, 49.6335,
52.8820

■ 2.4912, 2.0687,
2.1149

■ 69.4035, 67.6751,
72.2588

■ 0.8908, 0.6469,
0.6246

■ 91.3052, 89.6315,
95.8705

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

117.3887,
115.8872, 124.1356

148.0193,

146.8265, 157.4726

183.5623,
182.8338, 196.3001

■ 16.3073, 15.1535,
15.9753

■ 16.3073, 15.1535,
15.9753

■ 14.6334, 12.6246,
12.8921

■ 18.2414, 18.0983,
19.4666

■ 13.2072, 10.4909,
10.2010

■ 20.4449, 21.4744,
23.3792

■ 12.0171, 8.7330,
7.8864

■ 22.9282, 25.2991,
27.7269

■ 11.0502, 7.3289,
5.9313

■ 25.7005, 29.5879,
32.5227

■ 10.2922, 6.2544,
4.3173

■ 28.7709, 34.3557,
37.7788

■ 9.7271, 5.4824,
3.0244

■ 32.1479, 39.6168,
43.5073

■ 9.3364, 4.9812,
2.0303

■ 35.8398, 45.3847,
49.7196

■ 9.0734, 4.6577,
1.3183

■ 39.8545, 51.6725,
56.4266

■ 44.1995, 58.4928,
63.6392

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.1426, 15.1535, 18.7508



16.3073, 15.1535, 15.9753



15.9438, 15.1535, 13.6127

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.3073, 15.1535, 15.9753



13.3561, 15.1535, 12.5922



13.6632, 15.1535, 21.7730

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.3073, 15.1535, 15.9753



16.7744, 19.6936, 21.6571

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.9647, 15.1535, 19.7683



16.3073, 15.1535, 15.9753



12.7930, 15.1535, 14.4362

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.3073, 15.1535, 15.9753



14.2187, 15.1535, 11.8029



12.6529, 15.1535, 17.0352



14.5888, 15.1535, 22.3014

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.3073, 15.1535, 15.9753



15.4598, 15.1535, 12.5233



12.6529, 15.1535, 17.0352



13.3954, 15.1535, 21.2394

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.3077, 15.1542, 15.9756



33.6765, 34.2504, 37.0561



16.7879, 15.2582, 22.4825



7.8381, 7.9477, 8.5931



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.3077, 15.1542, 15.9756



27.4069, 24.7046, 25.7383



16.8552, 16.6579, 14.8982



4.3590, 4.3567, 4.6947



8.9973, 4.6186, 1.3094



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.3077, 15.1542, 15.9756



27.4069, 24.7046, 25.7383



16.1169, 17.8649, 23.0210



4.3590, 4.3567, 4.6947



8.9973, 4.6186, 1.3094



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.3073, 15.1535, 15.9753 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

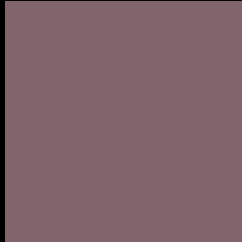
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.3073, 15.1535, 15.9753 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.3073, 15.1535, 15.9753

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.3073, 15.1535, 15.9753.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.3073, 15.1535,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.3073, 15.1535, 15.9753

Protanopia

14.6622, 15.1878, 17.1977

Deuteranopia

15.3988, 15.1368, 15.7458



Tritanopia

16.4138, 15.1961, 16.5360

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.3073, 15.1535, 15.9753

Protanomaly

15.3046, 15.2158, 16.8821

Deuteranomaly

15.7202, 15.1522, 15.7318

Tritanomaly

16.3602, 15.1746, 16.2541

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.3073, 15.1535, 15.9753

Achromatopsia

14.8208, 15.5926, 16.9804

Achromatomaly

15.3541, 15.4014, 16.6315

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.3073, 15.1535, 15.9753 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 102, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 102, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 102, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 102, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.3073, 15.1535, 15.9753 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 102, 107) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 102, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 102, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 102, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 102, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 102,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.3073, 15.1535, 15.9753 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 102, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
102, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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