

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.2339, 23.2681, 33.7726)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.2339, 23.2681, 33.7726)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.1835, 23.1673,
33.7558)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	009399
RGB	0, 147, 153
RGB Percent	0%, 58%, 60%
CMY	0.9999, 0.4235, 0.4000
CMYK	1.00, 0.04, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	182°, 100%, 30%
HSV	182°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	16.1835, 23.1673, 33.7558
YIQ	103.7310, -89.5380, -29.2980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

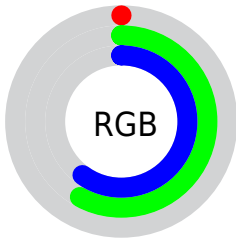
Format	Color
RYB	0, 75, 153
Decimal	37785
CIELab	55.24, -29.96, -12.53
CIELCh	55, 32.472, 202.690
Yxy	23.1673, 0.2214, 0.3169
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278227865 (0xFF009399)
YUV	103.7310, 24.2896, -90.9721
Hunter-Lab	48.1324, -24.2149, -7.8880

Details

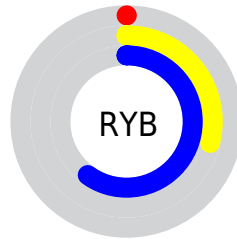
The XYZ color **16.1835, 23.1673, 33.7558** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **13.2026, 6.9033, 0.6374**, and the grayscale version is **13.0430, 13.7223, 14.9436**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.3656, 48.4519, 66.4670**, and **6.5811, 9.3251, 14.0234** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.1837, 23.1676, 33.7563**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.4798, 23.4594, 33.7970**.

Distribution



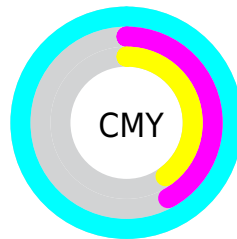
- Red (0%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.1835, 23.1673, 33.7558 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.1835, 23.1673, 33.7558 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.1835, 23.1673,
33.7558

■ 16.1835, 23.1673,
33.7558

■ 223.6713,
268.5831, 333.7777

■ 9.7458, 14.7171,
22.4302

■ 36.4714, 48.6679,
66.6833

■ 5.2917, 8.6211,
13.9720

■ 51.0522, 66.4871,
89.1223

■ 2.4559, 4.4949,
7.9627

■ 69.0781, 88.1980,
116.1028

■ 0.8731, 1.9541,
3.9836

■ 90.9144, 114.1851,
148.0434

■ 0.0000, 0.5806,
1.6164

■ 116.9266,
144.8328, 185.3627

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.3025

■ 147.4798,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

180.5254, 228.4791

0.0000

182.9396,
221.6474, 277.8113

■ 16.1835, 23.1673,
33.7558

■ 16.1835, 23.1673,
33.7558

■ 16.1837, 23.1676,
33.7563

■ 16.4798, 23.4594,
33.7970

■ 16.9254, 23.8287,
33.8448

■ 17.5895, 24.3114,
33.9030

■ 18.4996, 24.9216,
33.9728

■ 19.6791, 25.6715,
34.0554

■ 21.1490, 26.5718,
34.1517

■ 22.9279, 27.6320,
34.2625

■ 25.0328, 28.8611,
34.3888

■ 27.4798, 30.2673,
34.5313

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.7926, 23.1673, 22.7645



16.1835, 23.1673, 33.7558



18.0515, 23.1673, 44.7167

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.1835, 23.1673, 33.7558



28.0560, 23.1673, 39.3976



22.9206, 23.1673, 10.1308

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.1835, 23.1673, 33.7558



13.2026, 6.9033, 0.6374

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.5309, 23.1673, 12.4248



16.1835, 23.1673, 33.7558



29.7003, 23.1673, 27.8572

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.1835, 23.1673, 33.7558



24.8257, 23.1673, 48.5496



29.1136, 23.1673, 18.2685



19.4337, 23.1673, 10.9040

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.1835, 23.1673, 33.7558



20.0061, 23.1673, 49.5501



29.1136, 23.1673, 18.2685



24.1643, 23.1673, 10.5409

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.1842, 23.1682, 33.7564



40.8496, 49.3606, 61.3465



11.4198, 22.7942, 3.9451



8.7372, 10.7317, 13.5284



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.1842, 23.1682, 33.7564



28.9498, 41.4240, 60.4418



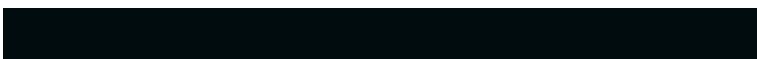
8.0299, 6.8596, 31.0383



6.3638, 6.9850, 7.9418



13.3812, 19.1590, 27.9005



0.2056, 0.2975, 0.4190

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.4040, 8.8797, 28.3485



32.9416, 15.8944, 50.6795



16.1254, 12.7489, 1.6117



6.4508, 6.3195, 7.7538



15.2130, 7.3394, 23.4443



0.2302, 0.1108, 0.3652

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.1835, 23.1673, 33.7558 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.1835, 23.1673, 33.7558 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

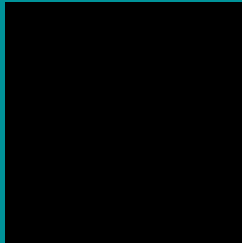
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.1835, 23.1673, 33.7558

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.1835, 23.1673, 33.7558.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.1835, 23.1673,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.1835, 23.1673, 33.7558

Protanopia

22.4343, 23.0411, 29.2516

Deuteranopia

23.4518, 23.0404, 35.1095



Tritanopia

16.7389, 23.1751, 35.9388

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.1835, 23.1673, 33.7558

Protanomaly

17.7794, 21.8369, 30.8816

Deuteranomaly

18.4611, 21.8934, 34.7053

Tritanomaly

16.4456, 23.0436, 35.0336

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.1835, 23.1673, 33.7558

Achromatopsia

13.1579, 13.8432, 15.0752

Achromatomaly

12.4761, 15.9963, 20.8424

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.1835, 23.1673, 33.7558 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 147, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 147, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 147, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 147, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.1835, 23.1673, 33.7558 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 147, 153) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 147, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 147, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 147, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 147, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 147,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.1835, 23.1673, 33.7558 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 147, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 147,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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