

# Converting Colors

XYZ(16.2455, 32.1303, 6.5273)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(16.2455, 32.1303, 6.5273)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(16.3419, 32.3289,  
6.5412)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00B31D
RGB	0, 179, 29
RGB Percent	0%, 70%, 11%
CMY	1.0000, 0.2980, 0.8862
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.84, 0.30
HSL	130°, 100%, 35%
HSV	130°, 100%, 70%
XYZ	16.3419, 32.3289, 6.5412
YIQ	108.3790, -58.5340, -84.5980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

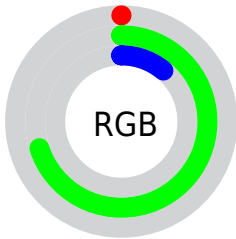
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 154, 179
Decimal	45853
CIELab	63.61, -65.13, 58.93
CIELCh	64, 87.839, 137.860
Yxy	32.3289, 0.2960, 0.5855
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278235933 (0xFF00B31D)
YUV	108.3790, -39.1338, -95.0484
Hunter-Lab	56.8585, -48.1991, 32.9800

# Details

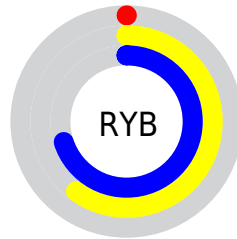
The XYZ color **16.3419, 32.3289, 6.5412** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC33**. A complement of this color would be **24.0962, 11.7862, 29.8589**, and the grayscale version is **14.4801, 15.2342, 16.5901**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.6867, 63.2369, 19.5049**, and **7.2077, 14.4153, 2.4026** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.3426, 32.3302, 6.5417**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.8232, 32.5511, 7.7800**.

# Distribution



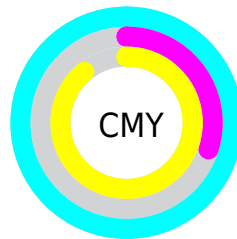
- Red (0%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Black (30%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (89%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.3419, 32.3289, 6.5412 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.3419, 32.3289, 6.5412 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 16.3419, 32.3289,  
6.5412


 16.3419, 32.3289,  
6.5412


224.5818,  
312.6148, 173.2787


 9.8588, 21.6128,  
3.1028


 36.7434, 63.3263,  
19.5410


 5.3670, 13.5727,  
1.1474


 51.3925, 84.3765,  
29.9395


 2.5011, 7.8241,  
0.0000


 69.4944, 109.6402,  
43.4951

 0.8958, 3.9826,  
0.0000

 91.4143, 139.5018,  
60.6263

 0.0000, 1.6638,  
0.0000

 117.5176,  
174.3456, 81.7518

 0.0000, 0.4001,  
0.0000

 148.1698,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

214.5561, 107.2900

0.0000

183.7360,  
260.5177, 137.6594

■ 16.3419, 32.3289,  
6.5412

■ 16.3419, 32.3289,  
6.5412

■ 16.3426, 32.3302,  
6.5417

■ 16.8232, 32.5511,  
7.7800

■ 17.6311, 32.9289,  
9.5654

■ 18.8626, 33.5121,  
11.9542

■ 20.5674, 34.3255,  
14.9943

■ 22.7883, 35.3901,  
18.7286

■ 25.5633, 36.7246,  
23.1963

■ 28.9266, 38.3460,  
28.4338

■ 32.9097, 40.2697,  
34.4750

■ 37.5418, 42.5103,  
41.3519

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.0442, 32.3289, 2.1029



16.3419, 32.3289, 6.5412



12.9506, 32.3289, 22.8159

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.3419, 32.3289, 6.5412



26.0277, 32.3289, 151.2167



59.1025, 32.3289, 18.2768

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.3419, 32.3289, 6.5412



24.0962, 11.7862, 29.8589

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.0501, 32.3289, 51.4106



16.3419, 32.3289, 6.5412



38.5473, 32.3289, 146.6511

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.3419, 32.3289, 6.5412



17.4594, 32.3289, 112.8470



51.7552, 32.3289, 102.7941



49.4338, 32.3289, 5.1081



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.3419, 32.3289, 6.5412



12.7793, 32.3289, 45.2743



51.7552, 32.3289, 102.7941



60.5297, 32.3289, 26.7445

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.3427, 32.3302, 6.5419



51.4717, 68.5133, 50.4104



29.0984, 38.9317, 5.9810



10.8233, 14.8993, 10.2710



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.3427, 32.3302, 6.5419



29.2141, 57.8787, 11.4320



19.2938, 33.5107, 22.0824



8.4433, 9.5118, 9.3280



11.5645, 22.8518, 4.7092



0.3811, 0.7259, 0.2387



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.0962, 11.7862, 29.8589



43.0832, 21.0795, 53.1026



19.4787, 9.9392, 5.5439



8.7897, 8.6226, 10.3910



17.0469, 8.3363, 21.2049

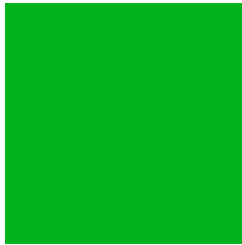


0.5521, 0.2686, 0.7502



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.3419, 32.3289, 6.5412 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.3419, 32.3289, 6.5412 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

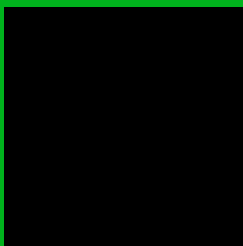
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

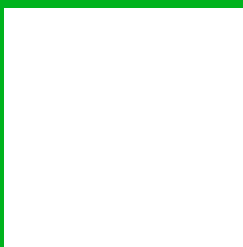
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 16.3419, 32.3289, 6.5412**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.3419, 32.3289, 6.5412.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.3419, 32.3289,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

16.3419, 32.3289, 6.5412

### Protanopia

28.5493, 31.6110, 5.3559

### Deuteranopia

32.3767, 31.6625, 7.0944



## Tritanopia

24.9586, 32.4286, 48.1239

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

16.3419, 32.3289, 6.5412



## Protanomaly

19.4025, 29.1621, 5.5259



## Deuteranomaly

20.4660, 28.4047, 6.4115



## Tritanomaly

19.4835, 31.2349, 24.4041

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

16.3419, 32.3289, 6.5412



## Achromatopsia

14.2537, 14.9960, 16.3306



## Achromatomaly

12.3906, 18.8799, 10.3883

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.3419, 32.3289, 6.5412 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 179, 29)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 179, 29)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 179, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 179, 29) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.3419, 32.3289, 6.5412 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 179, 29) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 179, 29) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 179, 29)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 179, 29); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 179, 29);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 179, 29)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.3419, 32.3289, 6.5412 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 179, 29) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 179,  
29) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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