

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.2487, 16.2400, 8.8023)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.2487, 16.2400, 8.8023)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.2715, 16.2061,
8.7491)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	856C4A
RGB	133, 108, 74
RGB Percent	52%, 42%, 29%
CMY	0.4784, 0.5765, 0.7098
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.44, 0.48
HSL	35°, 29%, 41%
HSV	35°, 44%, 52%
XYZ	16.2715, 16.2061, 8.7491
YIQ	111.5990, 25.8140, -5.2740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

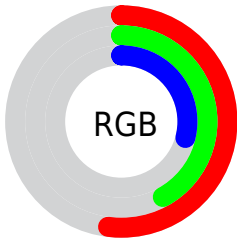
Format	Color
RYB	117, 133, 74
Decimal	8744010
CIELab	47.24, 5.03, 22.74
CIElCh	47, 23.286, 77.531
Yxy	16.2061, 0.3947, 0.3931
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286934090 (0xFF856C4A)
YUV	111.5990, -18.5363, 18.7687
Hunter-Lab	40.2568, 1.6990, 15.2941

Details

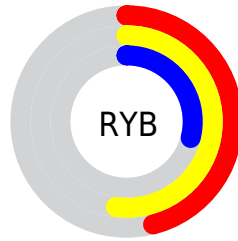
The XYZ color **16.2715, 16.2061, 8.7491** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **11.5194, 12.0726, 23.9135**, and the grayscale version is **15.3313, 16.1297, 17.5652**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.4668, 36.7911, 23.9183**, and **5.3702, 5.2200, 1.8869** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.2948, 14.8956, 6.4418**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.3821, 17.6328, 11.5689**.

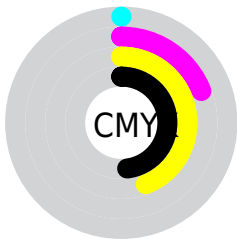
Distribution



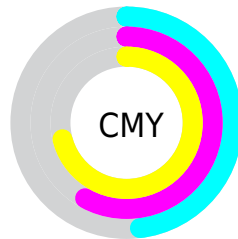
- Red (52%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.2715, 16.2061, 8.7491 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.2715, 16.2061, 8.7491 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.2715, 16.2061,
8.7491

■ 16.2715, 16.2061,
8.7491

224.1775,
230.5548, 191.6436

■ 9.8085, 9.6701,
4.4833

■ 36.6226, 36.9556,
23.9844

■ 5.3335, 5.1808,
1.8941

■ 51.2414, 51.9380,
35.7910

■ 2.4810, 2.3537,
0.4890

■ 69.3095, 70.5045,
50.9482

■ 0.8857, 0.8019,
0.0000

■ 91.1923, 93.0398,
69.8747

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 117.2552,
119.9280, 92.9889

147.8634,

151.5537, 120.7095

183.3824,
188.3011, 153.4549

■ 16.2715, 16.2061,
8.7491

■ 16.2715, 16.2061,
8.7491

■ 15.2948, 14.8956,
6.4418

■ 17.3821, 17.6328,
11.5689

■ 14.4442, 13.6953,
4.6141

■ 18.6318, 19.1772,
14.9293

■ 13.7126, 12.6017,
3.2307

■ 20.0266, 20.8433,
18.8578

■ 13.0915, 11.6102,
2.2508

■ 21.5719, 22.6343,
23.3795

■ 12.5701, 10.7153,
1.6211

■ 23.2729, 24.5534,
28.5179

■ 12.3024, 10.2456,
1.3292

■ 25.1343, 26.6035,
34.2955

■ 27.1609, 28.7874,
40.7334

■ 29.3569, 31.1079,
47.8519

■ 31.7267, 33.5676,
55.6704

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.2253, 16.2061, 10.5513



16.2715, 16.2061, 8.7491



14.2447, 16.2061, 8.9120

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.2715, 16.2061, 8.7491



11.9377, 16.2061, 21.2747



18.5025, 16.2061, 26.4322

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.2715, 16.2061, 8.7491



11.5194, 12.0726, 23.9135

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.6233, 16.2061, 30.7697



16.2715, 16.2061, 8.7491



12.8890, 16.2061, 27.3673

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.2715, 16.2061, 8.7491



11.8617, 16.2061, 15.3157



14.5668, 16.2061, 31.1456



19.5881, 16.2061, 20.2008

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.2715, 16.2061, 8.7491



13.1217, 16.2061, 10.1132



14.5668, 16.2061, 31.1456



17.9354, 16.2061, 28.2147

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.2719, 16.2069, 8.7494



36.1451, 37.6567, 34.5812



14.4011, 10.7960, 13.2720



8.0287, 8.3491, 7.4619



64.0503, 67.3860, 73.3833



8.9945, 9.4630, 10.3052

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.2719, 16.2069, 8.7494



27.4154, 26.7100, 11.5934



18.6870, 21.9419, 9.7291



4.8788, 5.1011, 4.9568



11.7263, 9.7752, 1.2688



0.0479, 0.0484, 0.0068

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.5194, 12.0726, 23.9135



17.7867, 18.3419, 42.3413



9.8191, 8.2081, 23.2572



4.5846, 4.8449, 5.8943



5.4035, 4.3549, 21.6925



0.0257, 0.0290, 0.0775

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.2715, 16.2061, 8.7491 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.2715, 16.2061, 8.7491 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

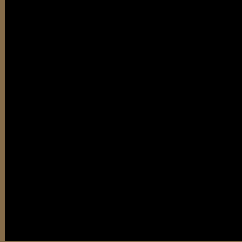
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.2715, 16.2061, 8.7491

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.2715, 16.2061, 8.7491.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.2715, 16.2061,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.2715, 16.2061, 8.7491

Protanopia

15.1247, 16.2477, 9.1764

Deuteranopia

16.4854, 16.1607, 8.7290



Tritanopia

18.0360, 16.1666, 17.2088

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.2715, 16.2061, 8.7491

Protanomaly

15.5586, 16.3125, 8.9852

Deuteranomaly

16.3252, 16.0781, 8.7215

Tritanomaly

17.4095, 16.2192, 13.7683

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.2715, 16.2061, 8.7491

Achromatopsia

15.4009, 16.2029, 17.6450

Achromatomaly

15.6348, 16.2438, 13.8666

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.2715, 16.2061, 8.7491 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 108, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 108, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 108, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 108, 74) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.2715, 16.2061, 8.7491 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 108, 74) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 108, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 108, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 108, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 108, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 108,  
74) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.2715, 16.2061, 8.7491 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 108, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
108, 74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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