

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.2488, 17.7091, 7.7164)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.2488, 17.7091, 7.7164)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.2467, 17.7051,
7.7154)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	807542
RGB	128, 117, 66
RGB Percent	50%, 46%, 26%
CMY	0.4980, 0.5412, 0.7412
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.48, 0.50
HSL	49°, 32%, 38%
HSV	49°, 48%, 50%
XYZ	16.2467, 17.7051, 7.7154
YIQ	114.4750, 22.9270, -13.5290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

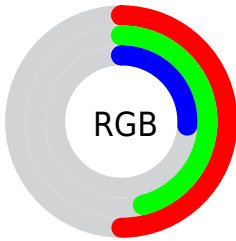
Format	Color
R_{YB}	79, 128, 66
Decimal	8418626
CIE _{Lab}	49.14, -3.27, 29.54
CIE _{LCh}	49, 29.723, 96.319
Yxy	17.7051, 0.3899, 0.4249
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286608706 (0xFF807542)
YUV	114.4750, -23.8982, 11.8614
Hunter-Lab	42.0774, -4.7141, 18.5827

Details

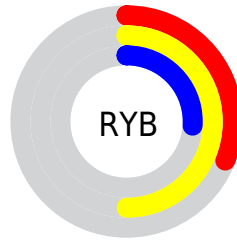
The XYZ color **16.2467, 17.7051, 7.7154** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **8.7968, 8.0242, 21.5071**, and the grayscale version is **16.2023, 17.0461, 18.5632**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.5739, 39.5588, 21.9276**, and **5.3150, 5.8845, 1.5175** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.6496, 17.0488, 5.8584**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.9355, 18.4097, 10.0201**.

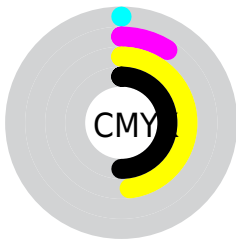
Distribution



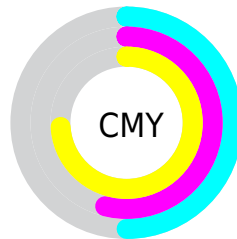
- Red (50%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.2467, 17.7051, 7.7154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.2467, 17.7051, 7.7154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.2467, 17.7051,
7.7154

■ 16.2467, 17.7051,
7.7154

■ 224.0350,
239.2035, 183.3328

■ 9.7908, 10.7385,
3.8282

■ 36.5800, 39.5342,
21.9355

■ 5.3217, 5.8913,
1.5316

■ 51.1881, 55.1654,
33.1055

■ 2.4739, 2.7791,
0.2413

■ 69.2443, 74.4537,
47.5402

■ 0.8821, 1.0175,
0.0000

■ 91.1140, 97.7833,
65.6581

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 117.1626,
125.5387, 87.8778

147.7554,

158.1043, 114.6178

183.2577,
195.8644, 146.2966

■ 16.2467, 17.7051,
7.7154

■ 16.2467, 17.7051,
7.7154

■ 15.6496, 17.0488,
5.8584

■ 16.9355, 18.4097,
10.0201

■ 15.1373, 16.4359,
4.4181

■ 17.7201, 19.1622,
12.7988

■ 14.7036, 15.8646,
3.3610

■ 18.6055, 19.9656,
16.0770

■ 14.3412, 15.3319,
2.6481

■ 19.5964, 20.8215,
19.8779

■ 14.0313, 14.8301,
2.1805

■ 20.6969, 21.7319,
24.2234

■ 13.9839, 14.7530,
2.1106

■ 21.9109, 22.6983,
29.1341

■ 23.2422, 23.7223,
34.6296

■ 24.6944, 24.8054,
40.7284

■ 26.2708, 25.9490,
47.4484

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.0673, 17.7051, 8.3832



16.2467, 17.7051, 7.7154



13.8570, 17.7051, 9.3880

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.2467, 17.7051, 7.7154



12.8787, 17.7051, 29.8392



22.2126, 17.7051, 26.1022

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.2467, 17.7051, 7.7154



8.7968, 8.0242, 21.5071

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.1964, 17.7051, 34.4277



16.2467, 17.7051, 7.7154



14.7716, 17.7051, 36.9677

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.2467, 17.7051, 7.7154



12.0554, 17.7051, 21.0122



17.4233, 17.7051, 38.8444



22.7189, 17.7051, 17.6416

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.2467, 17.7051, 7.7154



12.7610, 17.7051, 11.9743



17.4233, 17.7051, 38.8444



21.6790, 17.7051, 29.0731

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.2471, 17.7059, 7.7158



33.2773, 35.6086, 30.2747



12.2029, 9.0268, 8.1886



7.7209, 8.2754, 6.8211



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.2471, 17.7059, 7.7158



27.4668, 29.9172, 10.0578



14.9316, 19.0428, 8.0431



4.6025, 4.8938, 4.6221



13.8671, 14.6306, 2.0931



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.7968, 8.0242, 21.5071



12.7393, 10.7942, 37.3683



9.6487, 7.4162, 21.3448



4.1658, 4.3256, 5.4286



4.1622, 2.1429, 20.4442



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.2467, 17.7051, 7.7154 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.2467, 17.7051, 7.7154 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

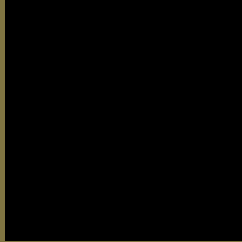
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.2467, 17.7051, 7.7154

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.2467, 17.7051, 7.7154.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.2467, 17.7051,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.2467, 17.7051, 7.7154

Protanopia

16.2467, 17.7051, 7.7154

Deuteranopia

17.8529, 17.5249, 7.7519



Tritanopia

18.6871, 17.6873, 19.8818

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.2467, 17.7051, 7.7154

Protanomaly

16.2467, 17.7051, 7.7154

Deuteranomaly

17.2348, 17.5339, 7.7862

Tritanomaly

17.5655, 17.5556, 14.5194

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.2467, 17.7051, 7.7154

Achromatopsia

15.9940, 16.8269, 18.3245

Achromatomaly

15.8962, 17.0465, 13.7617

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.2467, 17.7051, 7.7154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 117, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 117, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 117, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 117, 66) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.2467, 17.7051, 7.7154 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 117, 66) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 117, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 117, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 117, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 117, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 117,  
66) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.2467, 17.7051, 7.7154 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 117, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
117, 66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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