

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.2630, 8.2548, 6.5950)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.2630, 8.2548, 6.5950)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.2097, 8.2287,
6.5283)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A30046
RGB	163, 0, 70
RGB Percent	64%, 0%, 27%
CMY	0.3608, 0.9999, 0.7255
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.57, 0.36
HSL	334°, 100%, 32%
HSV	334°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	16.2097, 8.2287, 6.5283
YIQ	56.7170, 74.6780, 56.3260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

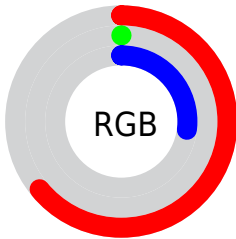
Format	Color
RYB	163, 0, 70
Decimal	10682438
CIELab	34.45, 59.80, 8.71
CIELCh	34, 60.432, 8.289
Yxy	8.2287, 0.5235, 0.2657
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288872518 (0xFFA30046)
YUV	56.7170, 6.5485, 93.2102
Hunter-Lab	28.6857, 50.6667, 6.5868

Details

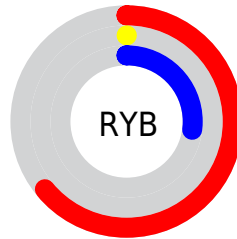
The XYZ color **16.2097, 8.2287, 6.5283** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **15.0742, 26.9851, 14.7756**, and the grayscale version is **3.8385, 4.0384, 4.3978**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.3553, 22.3037, 19.5285**, and **5.9185, 3.0269, 1.3709** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.2092, 8.2285, 6.5260**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.7166, 8.7356, 8.2599**.

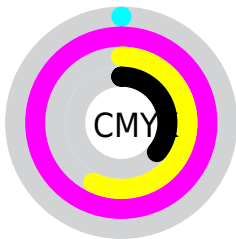
Distribution



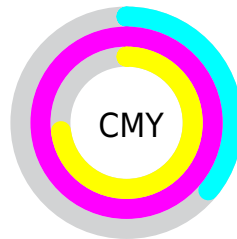
- Red (64%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Black (36%)




- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.2097, 8.2287, 6.5283 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.2097, 8.2287, 6.5283 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 16.2097, 8.2287,
6.5283


 16.2097, 8.2287,
6.5283


223.8221,
177.5150, 173.1640


 9.7645, 4.2416,
3.0950


 36.5164, 22.4056,
19.5142


 5.3041, 1.8096,
1.1433

 51.1085, 33.3642,
29.9039


 2.4634, 0.4932,
0.0000

 69.1470, 47.4154,
43.4495

 0.8768, 0.0000,
0.0000

 90.9972, 64.9437,
60.5694

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 117.0245, 86.3334,
81.6823

 147.5941,

111.9689, 107.2067

183.0715,
142.2346, 137.5611

16.2097, 8.2287,
6.5283

16.2097, 8.2287,
6.5283

16.2092, 8.2285,
6.5260

16.7166, 8.7356,
8.2599

17.4242, 9.5681,
10.2924

18.3994, 10.8568,
12.6574

19.6720, 12.6587,
15.3732

21.2676, 15.0223,
18.4567

■ 23.2089, 17.9904,
21.9231

■ 25.5163, 21.6015,
25.7867

■ 28.2088, 25.8910,
30.0611

■ 31.3038, 30.8917,
34.7591

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.5770, 8.2287, 17.7944



16.2097, 8.2287, 6.5283



14.1359, 8.2287, 1.6553

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.2097, 8.2287, 6.5283



4.4369, 8.2287, 0.8370



5.6487, 8.2287, 39.9133

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.2097, 8.2287, 6.5283



15.0742, 26.9851, 14.7756

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.7386, 8.2287, 26.2248



16.2097, 8.2287, 6.5283



3.1929, 8.2287, 3.6752

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.2097, 8.2287, 6.5283



6.9183, 8.2287, 0.0000



2.9808, 8.2287, 11.9302



8.7992, 8.2287, 43.0502

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.2097, 8.2287, 6.5283



11.7732, 8.2287, 0.5589



2.9808, 8.2287, 11.9302



4.8702, 8.2287, 36.0819

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.2099, 8.2292, 6.5284



45.4438, 38.2851, 45.7674



11.0625, 4.9396, 35.0205



9.8192, 7.9898, 9.6395



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.2099, 8.2292, 6.5284



28.9335, 14.6983, 11.1814



15.2227, 8.0233, 0.7470



7.1941, 7.1341, 8.0086



12.6196, 6.4039, 5.1873



0.2886, 0.1440, 0.2327

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.2099, 8.2292, 6.5284



28.9335, 14.6983, 11.1814



17.8612, 25.1446, 38.5621



7.1941, 7.1341, 8.0086



12.6196, 6.4039, 5.1873



0.2886, 0.1440, 0.2327

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.2097, 8.2287, 6.5283 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

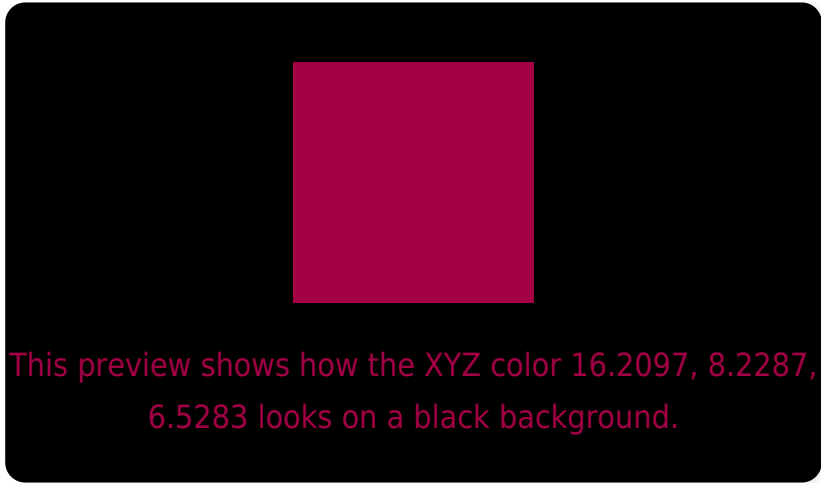
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.2097, 8.2287, 6.5283

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.2097, 8.2287, 6.5283.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.2097, 8.2287,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.2097, 8.2287, 6.5283

Protanopia

8.7998, 8.8513, 13.8150

Deuteranopia

8.9852, 8.8964, 5.9462



Tritanopia

15.3110, 8.4867, 1.8680

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.2097, 8.2287, 6.5283

Protanomaly

9.5490, 6.5994, 10.4434

Deuteranomaly

10.2374, 6.9869, 5.9633

Tritanomaly

15.5526, 8.2884, 3.0656

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.2097, 8.2287, 6.5283

Achromatopsia

3.8890, 4.0915, 4.4557

Achromatomaly

6.3242, 4.0963, 5.0148

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.2097, 8.2287, 6.5283 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 0, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(163, 0, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 0, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 0, 70) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.2097, 8.2287, 6.5283 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 0, 70) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 0, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 0, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 0, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 0, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 0, 70)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.2097, 8.2287, 6.5283 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 0, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163, 0,  
70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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