

# Converting Colors

XYZ(16.2832, 23.9375, 21.4671)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(16.2832, 23.9375, 21.4671)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(16.3176, 23.9748,  
21.5369)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	419578
RGB	65, 149, 120
RGB Percent	25%, 58%, 47%
CMY	0.7451, 0.4157, 0.5294
CMYK	0.56, 0.00, 0.19, 0.42
HSL	159°, 39%, 42%
HSV	159°, 56%, 58%
XYZ	16.3176, 23.9748, 21.5369
YIQ	120.5780, -40.7550, -26.8270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

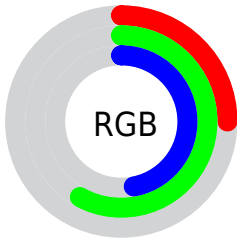
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	65, 116, 149
Decimal	4298104
CIELab	56.06, -32.72, 7.72
CIElCh	56, 33.620, 166.732
Yxy	23.9748, 0.2639, 0.3878
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282488184 (0xFF419578)
YUV	120.5780, -0.2850, -48.7419
Hunter-Lab	48.9641, -26.2008, 8.1961

# Details

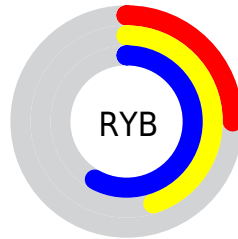
The XYZ color **16.3176, 23.9748, 21.5369** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **16.3059, 10.9789, 11.8503**, and the grayscale version is **18.0488, 18.9887, 20.6787**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.7850, 50.1574, 46.7723**, and **5.4444, 9.0173, 7.5844** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.1546, 23.4110, 19.8966**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.7589, 24.6814, 23.2789**.

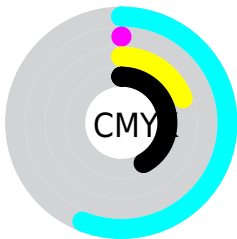
# Distribution



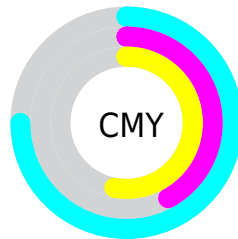
- Red (25%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.3176, 23.9748, 21.5369 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.3176, 23.9748, 21.5369 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 16.3176, 23.9748,  
21.5369

■ 16.3176, 23.9748,  
21.5369

224.4423,  
272.6931, 272.9924

■ 9.8414, 15.3149,  
13.3220

■ 36.7017, 49.9891,  
46.8717

■ 5.3554, 9.0407,  
7.5173

■ 51.3404, 68.1123,  
64.8287

■ 2.4942, 4.7677,  
3.7044

■ 69.4306, 90.1587,  
86.8701

■ 0.8923, 2.1116,  
1.4646

■ 91.3377, 116.5127,  
113.4145

■ 0.0000, 0.6712,  
0.1913

■ 117.4271,  
147.5588, 144.8803

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

148.0641,

183.6813, 181.6862

183.6140,  
225.2646, 224.2507

■ 16.3176, 23.9748,  
21.5369

■ 16.3176, 23.9748,  
21.5369

■ 15.1546, 23.4110,  
19.8966

■ 17.7589, 24.6814,  
23.2789

■ 14.2467, 22.9762,  
18.3539

■ 19.4955, 25.5376,  
25.1231

■ 13.5702, 22.6587,  
16.9069

■ 21.5453, 26.5533,  
27.0721

■ 13.0879, 22.4396,  
15.5524

■ 23.9240, 27.7365,  
29.1281

■ 12.9317, 22.3693,  
15.0826

■ 26.6465, 29.0949,  
31.2928

■ 29.7265, 30.6356,  
33.5683

■ 33.1772, 32.3652,  
35.9563

■ 37.0109, 34.2901,  
38.4585

■ 41.2395, 36.4164,  
41.0767

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.8130, 23.9748, 14.1073



16.3176, 23.9748, 21.5369



16.4104, 23.9748, 32.6930

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.3176, 23.9748, 21.5369



24.9847, 23.9748, 52.1113



28.2444, 23.9748, 13.5147

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.3176, 23.9748, 21.5369



16.3059, 10.9789, 11.8503

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.6332, 23.9748, 20.4665



16.3176, 23.9748, 21.5369



28.6110, 23.9748, 43.4893

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.3176, 23.9748, 21.5369



21.1310, 23.9748, 52.6388



30.7744, 23.9748, 31.2761



24.5280, 23.9748, 10.4343



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.3176, 23.9748, 21.5369



17.3568, 23.9748, 40.9400



30.7744, 23.9748, 31.2761



29.2467, 23.9748, 15.3711

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.3183, 23.9758, 21.5375



42.4034, 49.4515, 51.7970



16.3596, 24.2785, 8.8254



9.2225, 10.8722, 11.3320



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.3183, 23.9758, 21.5375



26.6041, 41.6669, 34.7825



16.4661, 21.0159, 31.6235



5.8799, 6.5286, 6.9785



10.8977, 18.8319, 12.7688



0.1473, 0.2361, 0.2296



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.3059, 10.9789, 11.8503



26.6013, 15.9623, 15.7313



16.0454, 12.1640, 6.5036



5.8785, 5.8465, 6.4665



10.9557, 5.5874, 3.2480

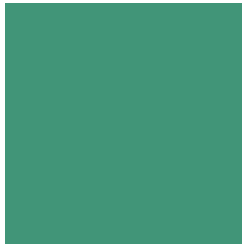


0.1470, 0.0735, 0.1076



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.3176, 23.9748, 21.5369 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.3176, 23.9748, 21.5369 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

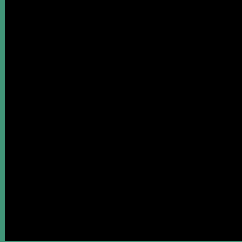
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 16.3176, 23.9748, 21.5369**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.3176, 23.9748, 21.5369.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.3176, 23.9748,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

16.3176, 23.9748, 21.5369

### Protanopia

22.2967, 23.6076, 18.7108

### Deuteranopia

24.0660, 23.6398, 22.3633



## Tritanopia

19.0346, 23.9246, 35.0672

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

16.3176, 23.9748, 21.5369

## Protanomaly

19.1372, 23.2138, 19.6917

## Deuteranomaly

19.9871, 22.9603, 22.1172

## Tritanomaly

17.9845, 23.9574, 29.6630

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

16.3176, 23.9748, 21.5369

## Achromatopsia

18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219

## Achromatomaly

16.9343, 20.3798, 21.1303

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.3176, 23.9748, 21.5369 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(65, 149, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(65, 149, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 149, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(65, 149, 120) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.3176, 23.9748, 21.5369 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(65, 149, 120) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(65, 149, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(65, 149, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(65, 149, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 149, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 149,  
120) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.3176, 23.9748, 21.5369 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(65, 149, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(65, 149,  
120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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