

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4865)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4865)
contains.

XYZ(16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4865)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(16.2952, 6.9471,
84.4865)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0015F2
RGB	0, 21, 242
RGB Percent	0%, 8%, 95%
CMY	0.9997, 0.9177, 0.0510
CMYK	1.00, 0.91, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	235°, 100%, 47%
HSV	235°, 100%, 95%
XYZ	16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4865
YIQ	39.9150, -83.4570, 64.2790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

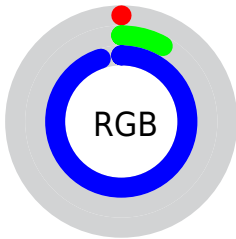
Format	Color
RYB	0, 19, 242
Decimal	5618
CIELab	31.69, 72.22, -101.57
CIELCh	32, 124.625, 305.416
Yxy	6.9471, 0.1513, 0.0645
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278195698 (0xFF0015F2)
YUV	39.9150, 99.6279, -35.0055
Hunter-Lab	26.3574, 64.2307, -171.5995

Details

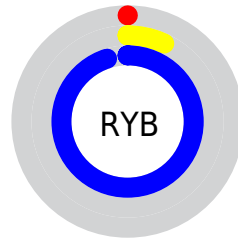
The XYZ color **16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4865** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3300FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated blue. A complement of this color would be **62.4979, 70.6363, 10.3422**, and the grayscale version is **1.9304, 2.0309, 2.2117**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.1105, 16.4507, 96.3015**, and **8.6517, 3.4607, 45.5594** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.2938, 6.9442, 84.4863**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.2775, 8.3429, 84.7045**.

Distribution



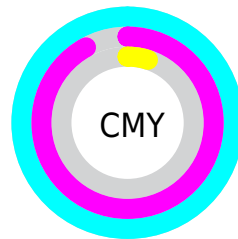
- Red (0%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4865 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4865 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.2952, 6.9471,
84.4865

■ 16.2952, 6.9471,
84.4865

224.3137,
167.2234, 530.0276

■ 9.8255, 3.4290,
62.8695

■ 36.6633, 19.8667,
141.5233

■ 5.3448, 1.3596,
45.2953

■ 51.2923, 30.0371,
177.7801

■ 2.4878, 0.1867,
31.3454

■ 69.3718, 43.1936,
219.7540

■ 0.8891, 0.0000,
20.6014

■ 91.2671, 59.7208,
267.8634

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
12.6445

■ 117.3436, 80.0029,
322.5270


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
7.0564


■ 147.9666,


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,


104.4245, 384.1632

3.4184


 183.5015,
133.3699, 453.1905


 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.3120


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0716


 16.2952, 6.9471,
84.4865


 16.2952, 6.9471,
84.4865

 16.2938, 6.9442,
84.4863

 17.2775, 8.3429,
84.7045

 19.1702, 10.8545,
85.0895

 22.1832, 14.6811,
85.6693

 26.4565, 19.9717,
86.4653

■ 32.1094, 26.8551,
87.4959

■ 39.2473, 35.4457,
88.7779

■ 47.9654, 45.8476,
90.3262

■ 58.3509, 58.1563,
92.1546

■ 70.4844, 72.4608,
94.2761

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.8027, 6.9471, 119.4763



16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4865



24.6534, 6.9471, 32.7960

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4865



12.9662, 6.9471, 0.0000



0.3054, 6.9471, 11.2973

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4865



62.4979, 70.6363, 10.3422

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.5676, 6.9471, 0.1946



16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4865



5.5331, 6.9471, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4865



22.0246, 6.9471, 0.0000



1.8020, 6.9471, 0.0000



0.8548, 6.9471, 50.1344

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4865



27.2686, 6.9471, 10.6600



1.8020, 6.9471, 0.0000



0.3015, 6.9471, 5.1346

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.2959, 6.9471, 84.4868



53.8977, 51.4895, 101.7055



44.3829, 68.5569, 77.0913



10.6018, 9.9081, 21.6036



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.2959, 6.9471, 84.4868



18.3377, 7.7955, 95.1459



20.9409, 8.9452, 84.6276



15.0071, 15.4483, 19.9125



8.7932, 3.8107, 45.4000



0.7689, 0.3918, 3.7893

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.7541, 18.9330, 2.4260



41.3852, 21.3181, 2.6948



43.4701, 69.5452, 11.1345



15.8283, 15.7810, 16.6519



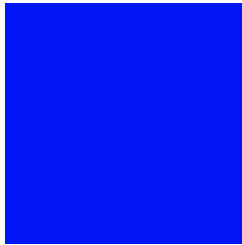
19.7640, 10.1780, 1.4081



1.6631, 0.8543, 0.2165

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4865 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

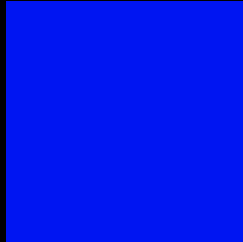
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4865 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

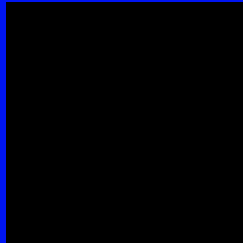
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4865

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4865.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.2952, 6.9471,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4865

Protanopia

7.9033, 6.8691, 30.1875

Deuteranopia

6.5502, 6.8663, 21.4022



Tritanopia

4.8136, 6.8746, 10.0901

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4865

Protanomaly

9.9248, 6.0069, 45.9838

Deuteranomaly

8.6246, 5.7908, 38.1993

Tritanomaly

6.5738, 5.2149, 26.6467

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4865

Achromatopsia

2.0169, 2.1219, 2.3108

Achromatomaly

3.9254, 2.4866, 15.8959

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4865 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 21, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 21, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 21, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 21, 242) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4865 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 21, 242) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 21, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 21, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 21, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 21, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 21, 242)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4865 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 21, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 21,  
242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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